Rayi is the common word for 'wealth' in the Rigveda¹ and later.2 Special mention is often made of wealth in 'heroes' (vīra)—i.c., in 'good sons,'3 in horses,4 in cattle,5 etc.

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1 i. 73, 1; 159, 4; ii. 21, 6; iii. 1,
19; iv. 2, 7; 34, 10; 36, 5; vi. 6, 7;
31, 1, etc.
  2 Av. iii. 14, 1; vi. 33, 3; vii. 80, 2;
Taittirīya Samhitā, vii. 1, 72; Vāja- |
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saneyi Samhitā, ix. 22; xiv. 22; xxvii. 6, etc.

- 3 Rv. ii. 11, 13; 30, 11; iv. 51, 10, etc.
- 4 Rv. v. 41, 5; viii. 6, 9, etc.
- 5 Rv. v. 4, 11, etc.

Rasana means generally 'cord' or 'rope.' In the Rigveda the word ofter refers to various fastenings of a horse. In one passage1 the expression śīrsanyā raśanā, 'head rope,' perhaps means not so much 'reins' as 'headstall.' In others2 the sense of 'traces' seems certain, though sometimes 3 'reins' or 'traces' may equally well be intended. Elsewhere the more general sense of 'rope' for stening is meant.4

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1 i. 162, 8. Cf. Rajju.
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xxviii. 33; Taittirīya Samhitā, vi. 6. 4, 3; Satapatha Brahmana, iii. 6, 3. 10, etc. Cf. the use of Rasanā as equivalent to 'finger' in Rv. x. 4, 6. Cf. Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 249.

r. Raśmi is not rarely found in the sense of 'rope' generally; but more usually it denotes either the 'reins' or the 'traces' of a chariot, either sense being equally good in most passages.

etc.; Aitareya Brāhmaņa, iv. 19, 3, etc. 2 Rv. viii. 7, 8; x. 130, 7, etc.; Taittiriya Samhita, i. 6, 4, 3; Vajasaneyi Samhitā, xxiii. 14; Taittirīya

1 Rv. i. 28, 4; iv. 22, 8; viii. 25, 18, | Brāhmaņa, i. 2, 4, 2, etc. In Aitareya Brāhmaņa, ii. 37, 1, the two inner (antarau) reins or traces of the chariot are mentioned.

Cf. Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 249.

2. Raśmi in the Rigveda<sup>1</sup> and later<sup>2</sup> regularly denotes a 'ray' of the sun.

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1 i. 35, 7; iv. 52, 7; vii. 36, 1; 77, 3,
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2 Av. ii. 32, 1; xii. 1, 15; Taittiriya

Brahmaņa, iii. 1, 1, 1; Satapatha Brāhmana, ix. 2, 3, 14, etc.

<sup>2</sup> Rv. i. 163, 2. 5; x. 79, 7.

<sup>3</sup> Rv. iv. 1, 9; ix. 87, 1; x. 18, 14. Cf. Taittirīya Samhitā, i. 6, 4, 3.

<sup>4</sup> Rv. ii. 28, 5; Av. viii. 78, 1; x. 9, 2; Vājasaneyi Samhitā, xxi. 46; xxii. 2;