of a teacher who appears to have been needlessly invented to explain the Gausükta Sāman (chant), which is really the Sāman of Goşüktin.

Graha ('seizing') is a term applied to the sun in the Satapatha Brāhmana,1 most probably not in the later sense of 'planet,' but to denote a power exercising magical influence.2 The sense of 'planet' seems first to occur in the later literature, as in the Maitrāyanī Upaniṣad.3 The question whether the planets were known to the Vedic Indians is involved in obscurity. Oldenberg4 recognizes them in the Adityas, whose number is, he believes, seven: sun, moon, and the five planets. But this view, though it cannot be said to be impossible or even unlikely, is not susceptible of proof, and has been rejected by Hillebrandt,⁵ Pischel,⁶ von Schroeder,⁷ Macdonell,⁸ and Bloomfield,9 among others. Hillebrandt10 sees the planets in the five Adhvaryus mentioned in the Rigveda, 11 but this is a mere con-The five bulls (ukṣāṇaḥ) in another passage of the Rigveda¹² have received a similar interpretation with equal uncertainty,13 and Durga, in his commentary on the Nirukta,14 even explains the term bhūmija, 'earth-born,' which is only mentioned by Yāska, as meaning the planet Mars. 15 Thibaut, 16 who is generally sceptical as to the mention of planets in the Veda, thinks that Brhaspati there refers to Jupiter; but this is extremely improbable, though in the Taittiriya Samhitā 17 Brhaspati is made the regent of Tisya. A reference to the

¹ iv. 6, 5, 1.

² St. Petersburg Dictionary, s.v.; Eggeling, Sacred Books of the East, 26, 432, n. 2.

³ vi. 16. See Weber, Indian Literature, 98, n.

⁴ Religion des Veda, 185 et seq.; Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 50, 56 et seq.

⁵ Vedische Mythologie, 3, 102 et seq.

⁶ Göttingische Gelehrte Anzeigen, 1895,

⁷ Vienna Oriental Journal, 9, 109.

⁸ Vedic Mythology, p. 44.

Peligion of the Veda, 133 et seq.

¹⁰ Vedische Mythologie, 3, 423.

¹¹ iii. 7, 7.

¹² i. 105, 10. Cf. also i. 105, 16, with Oldenberg's note.

¹³ Hopkins, Journal of the American Oriental Somety, 24, 36.

¹⁴ i. 14.

¹⁵ See Weber, Jyotişa, 10, n. 2.

¹⁶ Astronomie, Astrologie, und Mathematik, 6.

¹⁷ iv. 4 10, 1. Cf. Macdonell, Vedic Mythology, pp. 102-104.