

Samvarta (II)—a son of Svarūpa and a gotrakāra;¹ attained salvation at Benares.²

¹ M. 196. 4. ² Ib. 180. 63.

Samvarta (III)—a priest of Maruttacakravarti who went bodily to heaven with all his relations and Marutta taking *yajña* with him; hence Brhaspati got angry with him as he anticipated the destruction of the world.

Vā. 86. 9, 11.

Samvartaka (I)—a group of clouds ordered by Indra to inundate Gokula;¹ *Pralaya* clouds.²

¹ Bhā. X. 25. 2-7. ² M. 2. 8; Vā. 77. 7; 100. 156.

Samvartaka (II)—also Aurva and Vaḍavāmukha;¹ the fire that consumes waters; the *pralaya* fire;² son of Manyu-mān Agni.³

¹ Br. II. 7. 9; 12. 35-6; 22. 43; 25. 45, 55. ² Ib. IV. 1. 152; 2. 50. Vā. 6. 29; 54. 57 ³ Ib. 29. 33.

Samvartta—a son of Pathya and Atharvāngiras.

Br. III. 1. 106.

Samvarttakas—massive clouds like elephants and of different colours pouring down rain for 100 years during the period of dissolution.

Vi. V. 11. 1; VI. 3. 31.

Samvaha—the chief of the fourth Vātaskandha.

Br. III. 5. 85; M. 163. 32.

Samvedhas—with Brhaspati in rāśi.

Br. II. 23. 87.