Samgīta yoginī—(also Gīta yoginī); a name of Lalitā.

Br. IV. 17. 33: 19. 62.

Samgītī—in the Gayāśilā.

Vā. 108, 48,

Samgraha—a muhurta of the night.

Br. III. 3. 43: Vā. 66. 44.

Samgrāma—the most horrible war and Tārakāmaya in the fifth avatār.

Vā. 97. 74.

Samgrāmajit (1)—a son of Bhadrā; fought with Subhadra at Prabhāsa.

Bhā. X. 61. 17: XI. 30. 16.

Samgrāmajit (11)—a son of Kṛṣṇa and Sudevi, a daughter of king Śaibya.

Br. III. 71. 251: Vi. V. 32. 3.

Samgrāmajit (III)—one of the sons of Sudevī and Vişvaksena.

Vā. 96. 242.

Sacivas—ministers, consulted by Tāraka before his war with the devas;¹ of a State.²

¹ M. 148. 31. ² Ib. 216. 25.

Sacī—Indrānī, took Satyabhāmā as a human being and did not accord her due treatment; did not wish to part with pārijāta which Satya wanted; induced Indra to fight Kṛṣṇa who was taking the pārijāta.

Vi. V. 30. 29 and 52.

Sacīpati—see Indra; got Kṛṣṇa's promise of protection to Arjuna.

Vi. V. 12, 15: 12, 16-20, 24