Śūra (III)—Devamīdha.

Bhā. IX. 24. 26-27.

Śūra (IV)—a son of Madirā and Vasudeva.

Bhā. IX. 24. 48.

 $\hat{Sura}$  (v)—a son of Kṛṣṇa and Bhadrā: His picture drawn by Citralekha.

Bhā. X. 61. 17; 62. 20.

 $S\bar{u}ra$  (vI)—a kingdom: Dvijas of this became vrātyas after Puramjaya's days.

Bhā, XII. 1, 38.

Śūra (VII)—one of Kārtavīryārjuna's five sons who escaped;¹ a mahāratha;² in the course of a hunt he entered the hermitage of Jamadagni with sword in hand and killed him;³ killed by Paraśurāma.⁴

<sup>1</sup> Br. III. 41. 13; M. 43. 46; Vā. 94. 79; Vi. IV. 11. 21. <sup>2</sup> Br. III. 69. 50. <sup>3</sup> Ib. III. 45. 1. <sup>4</sup> Ib. III. 46. 17, 23.

Śūra (VIII)—a son of Aśmaki? (Devagarbha-Vi. P.): wife Mahiṣā or Bhojā (Mārīṣā-Vi. P.); Father of ten sons, the eldest being Vasudeva: also of 5 daughters; had a friend Kuntī who was childless; to him he gave his daughter Pṛthā in adoption; Pāṇḍu married her.²

<sup>1</sup> Br. III. 71. 144, 151; Vi. IV. 14. 25-7. <sup>2</sup> Ib. IV. 14. 32-4.

Śūra (IX)—a son of Agāvaha.

Br. III. 71. 257.

Śūra (x)—a name of Vigneśvara.

Br. IV. 44. 68.