

Vṛndāvanam—sacred to Rādhā.

Br. III. 33. 24; 36. 32. M. 13. 38; Vi. V. 25. 4.

Vṛṣa (I)—a son of Śṛnjaya and Rāstrapāli.

Bhā. IX. 24. 42.

Vṛṣa (II)—a son of Kṛṣṇa and Satyā.

Bhā. X. 61. 13.

Vṛṣa (III)—a son of Kṛṣṇa and Kālindī.

Bhā. X. 61. 14.

Vṛṣa (IV)—one of the ten horses of the moon's chariot.

Br. II. 23. 56; M. 126. 52; Vā. 52. 53.

Vṛṣa (v)—a Vaikunṭha god.

Br. II. 36. 57.

Vṛṣa (*bha*) (VI)—the milk-white humped bull born of Surabhī and the standard of Śiva;¹ taught Godharma to Dīrghatamas;² gift of, in a Śrāddha.³

¹ Br. III. 3. 78-79; 74. 48-51; IV. 14. 2. ² Ib. III. 74. 47;
³ Ib. III. 19. 15.

Vṛṣa (VII)—a son of Anāyuṣā: Father of Śrāddhāda, Yajnahā, Brahmahā and Paśuhā, all cruel minded.

Br. III. 6. 31.

Vṛṣa (VIII)—the sacred well in Devikā. Here is the Jātavedaśilā.

Br. III. 13. 41; Vā. 77. 41-4.

Vṛṣa (IX)—the Vedic lore rooted in Brahmācārya.

Br. III. 14. 36-7.