

Kāñcanaprabha—a son of Bhīma the king and father of Subdha.

Br. III. 66. 24; Vā. 91. 53.

Kāñcī (i)—a R. in the Ketumāla continent.

M. 44. 18.

Kāñcī (ii)—a R. of the Bhadrā.

Vā. 43. 25.

Kāñcī (iii)—visited by Balarāma;¹ visited by Agastya; also *Vāraṇaśailendra* and *Ekāmranilaya*. Viṣṇu Hayagrīva appeared before Agastya.² A Vaiṣṇava *kṣetra* with Śiva *Sānnidhyam*. Prayers of Brahmā, to Lakṣmī and Viṣṇu requested to reside here. Here were celebrated. Śiva's marriage, Brahma's with Vāṇī, and Viṣṇu with Kamalā. But Brahmā subsequently left this.³

¹ Bhā. X. 79. 14. ² Br. IV. 5. 6-10; 7-10. ³ Ib. IV. 39
(whole): 40. 16, 59, 82-91.

Kāmjanakā—city and capital of Pravīra.

Vā. 99. 371.

Kātya—a sage.

M. 196. 27.

Kāndaśaya—of the Parāśara family (*Śukla*).

201. 33.

Kānṭhāyanadvijas—the class of Brāhmaṇas from Me-dhātithi, son of Kantha.

Vā. 99. 131.

Kāṇva—a disciple of Yājñavalkya.

Vi. III. 5. 30.