

Vividhatīrthakalpa also uses the names Raivataka and the Ujjayant (Ūrjayat) as synonyms for Girinara which was sanctified by Śrīnemi and is situated in Surāṣṭra (South Kathiawad).¹⁰⁸ In another inscription at Girnār (about 15th century) verses 5-8 refer to the mountain Girnār by both the names Ujjayanata and Raivata.¹⁰⁹ The Abhidhānacintāmaṇi of Hemacandra also mentions Ujjayanta and Raivataka as synonyms.¹¹⁰ The Kap copper-plate of Keṭadi Sadāśiva-Nāyaka also refers to Ujjantagiri (Ūrjayat).¹¹¹ The mountain Ūrjayat is identified with Girnār hill near Junāgaṛh.¹¹² The literal meaning of Ūrjayat is strong, powerful, eminent.¹¹³

5. *Viṣṇupada* (No. 20, L. 6) :

We know from the inscription that a lofty standard of the divine Viṣṇu was set up on the hill called Viṣṇupada.¹¹⁴ Literally meaning 'the hill marked with footprints of Viṣṇu', Viṣṇupada hill has been identified with that part of the Delhi Ridge on which the column stands.¹¹⁵ But there is no mountain in Delhi and the inscription appears to have been brought there from the mount Viṣṇupada.¹¹⁶ On the evidence from the Epics, this Viṣṇupada hill is not far from Kurukshetra and the Beas.¹¹⁷

REFERENCES

1. L.L. 30-31, V.9 : प्रदान-भुज-विक्रम-प्रणम-शास्त्रवाक्योदयैरुपर्युपरि-सञ्चयोल्लित-मनेक-मार्गं यशः । पुनाति भुवन-त्रयं पशुपतेर्जटान्तर्गुहा-निरोध-परिमोक्ष-शीघ्रमिव पाण्डु गाङ्गा (पयः) (ii)
2. (Dx)¹, p. 152, LL. 1-3, p. 16, f.n. 3.
3. No. 13, L. 16, V. 8. The text of the words in between is damaged : हृगैर्यस्य समागतस्य समरे दोभ्यां धरा कपिता भीमावर्त्तकरस्य.....लक्ष्यत इव श्रोत्रेषु गाङ्गध्वनिः ॥
4. 'Prakrit and Non-Aryan Strata in the Vocabulary of Sanskrit' vide Kz. p. 71.
5. S.C. Basu, Og. 123 गन्गम्यद्योः । १।१२३
Thus Gaṅgā, 'The river Ganges (is formed)'.
6. X. 75. 5, VI. 45, 31.
7. XIII, 5, 4, 11.
8. ii, 20.
9. Kielhorn, 1,1,9, p. 436 : 1.4.2, p. 670.
10. रघुवंश IV. 73 : VII. 36 : VI. 48 ; VIII, 95 ; XIII. 57 ; XIV, 3.
11. Sircar, Oz. pp. 38-39.
12. Ibid., pp. 179-83 : Kane, (Zx)¹ Vol. IV, pp. 585-96.