as, ā. am, fallen from or deprived of a kingdom. - Rājya-pāla, as, m. 'kingdom-protector,' N. of a king. - Rājya-prada, as, ā, am, giving or conferring a kingdom. - Rājya-bhanga, as, m. subversion of sovereignty. - Rājya-bhāj, k, m. the possessor of a kingdom, a king. - Rājya-bhāra, as, m. the weight of (the duties of) government.-Rājyabheda-kara, as, ī, am, causing division or discord in a government. - Rājya-bhoga, as, m. the possession of sovereignty, government of a kingdom. - Rājya-bhransa, as, m. 'falling from sovereignty,' deposition from a kingdom. - Rajya-bhrashta, as, m. one fallen from royalty, a deposed sovereign. - Rājya-rakshā, f. protection or defence of a kingdom. - Rājya-lukshmi, is, f. the good fortune of a kingdom, glory of sovereignty. - Rājya-līlā, f. 'king-play,' pretending to be a king. - Rājyalīlāya, Nom. A. rājyalīlāyate, &c., to play the king, pretend to be a king. - Rājyalīlāyita, am, n. the playing at kings. - Rājyu-lobha, as, m. desire for royalty, lust of dominion, ambition. - Rājya-vardhana, as, m., N. of a king (son of Dama); of another (son of Pratāpa-śīla or Prabhākara-vardhana). - Rājya-vyavahāra, as, m. government business. - Rājya-śrī, īs, f., N. of a daughter of Pratāpaśīla. - Rājya-sukha, am, n. the pleasure or sweets of royalty, enjoyment of a kingdom. - Rājya-sena, as, m., N. of a king of Nandī-pura. - Rājya-stha, as, ā, am, or rājya-sthāyin, ī, inī, i, being in a kingly office, bearing sway, ruling, governing. - Rājya-sthiti, is, f. the being in a royal office, being a king, bearing rule. - Rojya-hara, as, a, am, spoiling a kingdom, the spoiler of an empire. - Rājyānga (°ya-an°), am, n. 'limb of royalty,' a requisite of regal administration (variously enumerated as seven, eight, or nine, viz. the monarch, the prime minister, a friend or ally, treasure, territory, a stronghold, an army, the companies of citizens, and the Puro-hita or spiritual adviser). - Rājyādhikāra ('ya-adh'), as, m. authority over a kingdom; right or title to a sovereignty. - Rājyāpaharana (°ya-ap°), am, n. the taking away or deprivation of a kingdom, usurpation. — Rājyāpahāraka ('ya-ap'), as, m. a usurper. — Rājyābhishikta ('ya-abh'), as, ā, am, inaugurated to an empire, crowned. - Rājyābhisheka ('ya-abh'), as, m. inauguration to a kingdom, coronation. - Rājyāśrama-muni (°ya-āś°), is, m. 'the monk of a royal hermitage,' - Rājyaikasesheņa ('ya-ek'), ind. with the single exception of the kingdom. - Rājyopakarana ('yaup°), ani, n. pl. the instruments or paraphernalia of government, insignia of sovereignty.

Rāshira. See s. v.

राजिकनेय rājakineya, as, m. (fr. rajakī), a metronymic.

যান  $r\bar{a}jata$ , as,  $\bar{i}$ , am (fr. rajata), silvery, made of silver, silver; (am), n. silver.  $-R\bar{a}jat\bar{a}n$ -vita, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, covered or overlaid with silver.

राजनि rājani, is, m. a patronymic from Rajana.

াসম  $r\bar{a}jasa$ , as,  $\bar{i}$ , am (fr. rajas), belonging or relating to the quality rajas, attendant on the quality of passion, endowed with or influenced by the quality of passion, passionate; ( $\hat{i}$ ), f., N. of Durgā.— $R\bar{a}jasa-tva$ , am, n. the state or predominance of the quality of passion.

Rājasika, as, ī, am, = rājasa above.

राजसाइ rājasāi, N. of a country.

पंजासलख्य rājāsalakhaṇa, as, m. a proper N.

Unădi-s. IV. 124. fr. rt. rāj, but probably fr. raj, for rt. rij), a streak, stripe, line, row, rank; a continuous or unbroken lime; a line parting the hair; black mustard (= rājikā; in this sense generally rājī); (tē), m., N. of a son of Ayu, (also read rajī.) = Rājī-citra, as, ā, am, variegated with stripes

(said of a species of snake).  $=R\bar{a}ji\cdot phal\bar{a}$ , f. 'having striped fruit,' a kind of cucumber ( $=\epsilon\bar{i}n\bar{a}karkat$ i).  $=R\bar{a}ji\cdot mat$ ,  $\bar{a}n$ ,  $at\bar{i}$ , at, possessing stripes, striped; epithet of a species of snake.  $=R\bar{a}j\bar{i}\cdot krita$ , as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, formed into lines, striped.  $=R\bar{a}j\bar{i}\cdot krita$ , as, as,

Rājikā, f. (for rājika see p. 840, col. 3), a stripe, streak, line, row, range; a field; black mustard, Sloapis Ramosa; a grain of mustard, mustard-seed (as a weight =  $\frac{1}{3}$  of a Sarshapa); a particular eruptio (enumerated among the Kshudra-rogas). — Rājiikā-phala, as, m. white mustard, Sinapis Glauca.

Rājila, as, ā, am, striped; (as), m. epithet of a

species of snake.

Rājī. See under rāji, col. 1.

2.  $r\bar{a}jiva$ , as,  $\bar{a}$ , am (fr.  $r\bar{a}j\bar{i}$ ; for 1. see p. 840, col. 3), streaked, striped; (as), m. a species of fish (its spawn is said to be poisonous); a kind of deer; the Indian crane; an elephant; N. of the pupil of Višva-nātha; (am), n. a blue lotus-flower.  $=R\bar{a}jiva$ -netra or  $r\bar{a}jiva$ -locana, as,  $\bar{a}$  or  $\bar{i}$ , am, lotus-eyed, blue-eyed.  $=R\bar{a}jiva$ -prišni, is, is, is, is, is, Ved. having lotus-coloured spots or streaks.

Rājīvinī, f. the plant Nelumbium Speciosum.

राजीक rājīka, ās, m. pl., N. of a people.

राजेय rājeya, as, ī, am, coming or derived from Raji.

राजेय rājeyu, us, m. a proper N.

राज्युकि एउन् rājjukanthin, inas, m. pl. (fr. rajju-kantha), the school of Rajju-kantha.

Rājjudāla, as, ī, am (fr. rajju-dāla), coming from the Rajju-dāla tree.

Rājjubhārin, inas, m. pl. (fr. rajju-bhāra), the school of Rajju-bhāra.

पञ्ची rājnī, rājya, &c. See p. 840, col. 3.

Use  $r\bar{a}ti$ , is, f. (fr. rt. rat), war, battle; =  $sar\bar{a}ri$ , (probably a mistake for  $\bar{a}ti$ , see  $r\bar{a}di$  below.)

 $R\bar{a}t\dot{t}lr\bar{a}$ , f. in mriga-r°, q. v., (perhaps) 'causing the deer to scream.'

Rāţu, us, m., N. of a preceptor.

पाँड rāḍi, said to = śarāri, (apparently a mistake for āḍi.)

UCI  $r\bar{a}dh\bar{a}$ , f. (sometimes written  $r\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ ), beauty, splendor, light, lustre; N. of a district in the west of Bengal (=suhma); of the capital of this district. –  $R\bar{a}dh\bar{a}$ -pura, am, n., N. of a town.

 $R\bar{a}dh\bar{i}ya$ , as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, belonging to the district or town  $R\bar{a}dh\bar{a}$ .

Tru rāṇa, am, n. (said to be fr. rt. ran), a leaf; a peacock's tail; (as), m. a proper N.

राणक rānaka, N. of a commentary by Someśvara Bhaṭṭa on the Tantra-vārttika; (as), m., N. of an author; (ikā), f. a bridle.

যোজনু rāṇaḍya, as, m., N. of Dāmodara. যোজন rāṇāka, as, m. a proper N.

राणायन rāṇāyana, as, m. a patronymic from Raṇa. – Rāṇāyanī-putra, am, n., N. of a preceptor.

 $R\bar{\alpha}n\bar{\alpha}yan\bar{\gamma}ya$ , as, m., N. of a preceptor;  $(\bar{a}s)$ , m. pl. the school of R $\bar{a}n\bar{a}yana$ ; (am), n. the S $\bar{u}$ tras of R $\bar{a}n\bar{a}yana$ .

Rāṇāyanīyi, is, m., N. of a preceptor. Rāṇi, is, m. a patronymic from Raṇa.

पारिणम rāṇiga, as, m., N. of the father of Jayāditya and uncle of Keśavārka.

TUSA rāṇḍya or rāndrya (according to Sāy. on Rig-veda VI. 23, 6)=ramaṇīya, agreeable, gratifying.

रात rāta, rāti, &c. See p. 837, cols. 1, 2.

रातनी rātantī (?), a festival on the fourteenth day of the second half of the month Pausha (when people bathe at the first appearance of dawn.)

ঘারল rātula, as, m., N. of a son of S'ud-dhodana.

पत rātra, rālraka. See p. 842, col. 1.

पांचि rātri, is, or rātrī, f. (in the older language generally ratri; probably fr. rt. rani), night, the darkness or stillness of night [cf. rama]; Night personified, (rātrau, at night, by night; rātrau sayanam, a festival on the eleventh day of the first half of the month Ashadha, regarded as the night of the gods, beginning with the summer solstice, when Vishnu reposes for four months on the serpent Sesha); = ati-rātra; = rātri-paryāya; = rātrisaman; one of the four bodies of Brahma, (in this and the following senses only rātri);=haridrā, turmeric; Rātri bhāradvājī, f., N. of the authoress of the hymn Rig-veda X. 127. - Rātri-kara, as, m. 'night-maker,' the moon. - Rātri-kāla, as, m. night-time. - Rātri-ćara, as, ī, am, night-wandering, prowling or roaming at night; (as), m. a night-rover, night-prowler, thief, robber; a night-watcher, watchman, guard, patrol; a Rākshasa; a goblin, ghost, fiend, evil spirit; (î), f. a Rākshasa female. – Rātri-caryā, f. night-roving, roaming about at night; a nightly act or ceremony. - Rātri-ja, as, ā, am, produced at night, appearing by night, nocturnal; (am), n. a star, constellation. - Rātri-jala, am, n. 'night-water,' dew, mist, fog. - Rātri-jāgara, as, m. night-watching, wakefulness at night; (as, ā, am), watching at night, sitting up at night; (as), m. a dog. - Rātri-jāgaraņa, am, n. the act of sitting up all night. - Rātrijāgara-da, as, ā, am, causing waking or wakefulness at night, keeping awake at night; (as), m. a gnat, musquito. - Rātrin-cara = rātri-cara above. - Rātri-tarā, f. (compar. of rātri), the depth or dead of night. - Rātritithi, is, f. a lunar night. - Rātri-divam = rātrindivam below. - Rātri-nāsana, as, m. 'nightdestroyer,' the sun. - Rātrin-diva, am, n. a night and day, day and night;  $(am, \bar{a})$ , ind. by night and day. - Rātri-pada-vicāra, as, m., N. of a work. - Rātri-parisishta, am, n.=rātri-sūkta. - Rātri-paryāya, as, m., Ved. the three recurring sentences in the recitation of the Ati-ratra. - Ratri pushpa, am, n. 'night-flower,' a lotus-flower which opens during the night. - Rātri-pūjā, f. night-worship, the nocturnal worship of a deity.  $-R\tilde{a}tri$ -bala, as,  $\tilde{a}$ , am, powerful by night, manifesting power at night; (as), m. a Rākshasa. - Rātri-bhojana, am, n. night-eating, the act of taking food at night. - Rātribhojana-nishedha, as, m., N. of a work. - Rātrim-aṭa, as, m. = rātry-aṭa. - Rātri-maṇṣ, is, m. 'night-jewel,' the moon. - Rātri-māraṇa, am, n. night-killing, a murder committed in the night. - Rātrim-manya, as, ā, am, thinking it night; being regarded as night, appearing like night. - Ratri-yoga, as, m. night-fall, the coming on of night. - Rātri-rakshaka, as, m. a night-guard, watchman, night-watcher. - Rātri-rāga, as, m. 'the colour of night,' darkness, obscurity. - Rātrilagna-nirūpaņa, am, n., N. of a treatise ascribed to Kālidāsa. - Rātri-vāsas, as, n. a night-garment, night-dress; the garment of night, i.e. darkness, obscurity. - Rātri-vigama, as, m. departure of night, break of day, dawn, day-light. - Rātri-vislesha-gāmin, ī, inī, i, going apart at night, separating at night; (ī), m. the ruddy goose, Anas Casarca. - Rātri-veda, as, or rātri-vedin, ī, m. 'nightknower,' a cock. - Rātri-shāman or rātri-sāman. a, n. 2 Sāman belonging to the Ati-rātra. - Rātrisattra, am, n., Ved. a night sacrifice, night ceremony. - Rātri-sūkta or rātrī-sūkta, am, n. epithet of certain hymns on Night appended to Rig-veda X. 127. – Rātri-hāsa, as, m. 'laughing, i.e. opening in the night,' the white lotus. - Ratri-hindaka, as, m. 'moving about at night,' a guard of the women's apartments. - Rātrī-daivodāsa or rātrī-hava-dai-10 E