Ni-gadana, am, n. putting in irons or fetters, binding, fettering.

Nigadaya, Nom. P. nigadayati, &c., to put in irons or fetters, to bind, fetter.

Nigadayitvā, ind. having fettered.

Ni-gadita, as, ā, am, chained, bound, tied, &c.

निगण ni-gana, as, m. the smoke of a burnt offering or sarificial fire; [cf. ni-garana.]

निगत, ni-gad, cl. 1. P. -gadati, &c., to

recite, proclaim, declare, communicate, tell, speak, say, shout out; to speak to, address any one (with acc.), to tell anything to any one (with two acc.); to enumerate; to call: Pass.-gadyate, &c., to be recited, to be named or called: Caus.-gādayati, &c., to cause to recite, tell, &c.

Ni-gada or ni-gāda, as, m. reciting, audible recitation of prayers or charms; a prayer or sacrificial formula recited aloud; mention, mentioning; speech, speaking, discourse; N. of a teacher with the epithet Pămavalki.

Ni-gadat, an, anti, at, reciting, addressing, speaking, saying, speaking to.

Ni-gadita, as, ā, am, recited, told, said, spoken; (am), n. speech. - Nigadita-vat, ān, atī, at, one who has spoken, having spoken.

Ni-gadya, ind. having told, having declared.

Ni-gāda, as, m. speech, discourse, recitation, &c. Ni-gādin, ī, inī, i, reciting, telling, speaking, &c.

निगम् ni-gam, cl. 1. P. -gaćchati, -gantum,

to settle down upon (Ved.); to enter (acc. or loc.); inire feminam (Ved.); to go to any place or state, to undergo, become (e.g. säntim ni-gam, to become pacified); to be inserted: Caus. -gamayati, to cause to go in, to insert.

Ni-gama, as, m. insertion, especially of the name of a deity into a liturgical formula; the place or passage in a book where a word occurs, especially a passage of the Vedas or the actual word quoted from such a passage; the Veda or the Vedic text; the root (as the source from which a word comes); a sacred precept, the words of a god or holy man; certainty, assurance; a town, a city; a market, a fair; a road, a market road; trade, traffic; a camp or caravan of itinerant merchants, a merchant;= lundt; (am), n. a particular number.

Ni-gamana, am, n. insertion, quotation of words (from the Veda &cc.) or the word &c. quoted; the conclusion in a syllogism, the deduction; going in or into.

Nigamin, *i*, *ini*, *i*, familiar with or versed in the Vedas or in holy writ.

निगर ni-gara, ni-garana, &c. See ni-gri.

निगहे ni-garh, cl. 10. P. -garhayati, -yitum, to disdain, despise.

निगल ni-gal, cl. 1. P. -galati, &c., to fall down (?).

Ni-gala, as, am, m. n. = ni-gada, q.v.

निगा ni-gā, cl. 3. P. -jigāti, &c., to go into, enter, attach one's self to; to come or get into any state &c.; to nestle.

fag ni-gu, us, m. = manas, the mind, the faculty of feeling and reasoning; (according to others) dirt, excrement [cf. rt. 4. gu]; a root; painting; (us, us, u), pleasing, charming.

निगुत, ni-gut, t, m. (probably fr. rt. 3. gu with ni), Ved. (according to Say.) an enemy; [cf. naiguta.]

निगुह ni-guh, cl. 1. P. A. -gühati, -te, -gühitlum, to cover, conceal, hide: Caus. -gühayati, -yitum, to cause to cover or hide.

Ni-gūdha, as, ā, am, hidden, concealed; profound, recondite, mysterious, obscure; (am), ind. privately, secretly. – Nigūdha-kārya, as, ā, am, secret in operation. – Nigūdha-tara, as, ā, am, well concealed or hidden. – $Nig\ddot{u}dha$ -nisćaya, as, \ddot{a} , am, whose resolve or determination is concealed. – Ni $g\ddot{u}dha$ -roman, \ddot{a} , \ddot{a} , a, having concealed hair. – $Nig\ddot{u}dh\ddot{a}$ tha (°dha-ar°), as, \ddot{a} , am, having a hidden sense or purpose, difficult to be understood, abstruse, occult.

Ni-gūdhaka, as, m. a species of wild bean; [cf. vana-mudga.]

Ni-gūhaka, as, ā, am, hiding, concealing.

Ni-yühana, am, n. hiding, concealing.

Ni-gühaniya, as, ä, am, to be hidden or concealed; to be covered or protected or defended.

निगृहीत ni-grihita. See ni-grah below.

tनग् ni-grī, cl. 6. P. -girati and -gilati, &c., to swallow, swallow up, swallow down, ingurgitate, devour: Caus. Pass. -gāryate and -gālyate: Intens., Ved. -jegilyate, -galgalīti, to swallow with a gurgling sound.

Ni-gara, as, m. swallowing, devouring.

Ni-garana, am, n. swallowing, devouring, deglutition; (as), m. the throat, the gullet, esophagus; the smoke of a burnt offering; [cf. ni-gana.]

Ni-galana = ni-garana.

Ni-gara, as, m. swallowing, swallowing down, devouring.

Ni-gāraka, as, ikā, am, = ni-gālaka, swallowing. Ni-gāla, as, m. the throat or neck of a horse; [cf.gala, ni-garana.] - Nigāla-vat, ān, m. a horse.

Ni-gālaka, as, ā, am, swallowing, devouring.

Ni-gīrna, , , ā, am, swallowed; (metaphorically) left out, omitted, not expressed; (a-nigīrna, expressed.)

Ni-gīryamāņa, as, ā, am, being swallowed down; (with act. sense?), swallowing, devouring.

fनगे ni-gai, cl. 1. P. -gāyati, -gātum, to accompany with song; to sing, chant; to proclaim, announce.

Ni-gīta, as, ā, am, sung, chanted; said.

fनग्रन्थ ni-granth, cl. 9. P. -grathnäti, &c., to intertwine, interweave.

Ni-granthana, am, n. (probably a corruption of ni-kranthana; cf. krath, krathana), killing, destroying, slaughter; [cf. nir-granthana.]

fage ni-grah, in the older language nigrabh, cl. 9. P. A. -gríbhņāti, -nīte, -grihņāti, -nīte, -grahitum, to hold down, keep down, depress, keep under, keep in check; to keep back, hold back, stop, obstruct, restrain, suppress, confine; to seize, catch, apprehend, hold, hold fast; to oppress, overpower, subdue, conquer; to chastise, punish, tame; to draw together, contract, close (as the eyes): Caus. -grāhayati, to cause to be apprehended or seized: Caus. of the Desid. -jighrikshayati, to cause any one to desire to keep under or suppress.

Ni-grihīta, as, \bar{a} , am, seized, arrested; held back, restrained, confined, subdued, checked; harassed, assailed, attacked.

Ni-grihiti, is, f. restraint, check; overpowering.

Ni-grihītri, wrong form for ni-grahītri, q.v. Ni-grihņat, an, atī, at, seizing, taking; keeping,

suppressing, restraining. 1. ni-grihya, as, ū, am, to be held back; to

I. ni-gringa, as, u, am, to be field back; to be punished, punishable; deserving chastisement or reproof.

2. ni-grthya, ind. having taken; having arrested or confined; having restrained or suppressed.

Ni-graha, as, m. keeping down, holding down, keeping under, keeping back, keeping in check, coercion, restraining, binding, restraint, subjugation, subduing, restraint of the appetite &cc., abstinence; obstruction, suppression, putting down; seizing, catching, confinement, capture, arrest; the arresting or suppressing of disease, cure; taking down, humbling, punishing, punishment, chastisement, rebuke, rebuff, reprimand, blame; aversion, dislike, disgust; (in the Nyāya phil.) putting down in argument, fault in a syllogism, flaw in an argument, failure in proof;

any place for catching hold of, a handle; a boundary, a limit; N. of Siva and of Vishnu or Krishna. - Nigraha-sthāna, am, n. the predicament of rebuke for failure in argument.

Ni-grahana, as, ā, am, holding down, holding back, suppressing; (am), n. subduing, suppression; capture, confinement, prison; defeat, punishmeut.

Ni-grahitarya, as, ā, am, to be chastised or punished, punishable.

Ni-grahītŗi, tā, trī, tri, one who seizes or lays hold of; one who keeps back or prevents; seizing, restraining, binding.

Ni-grabha, as, m., Ved. pressing down; N. of a verse recited when the Soma plants are pressed.

Ni-grābhya, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved., with $\bar{a}pas$, the water with which the Soma plants are sprinkled before they are pressed.

 \dot{Ni} -grāha, as, m. punishment, chastisement, (used in imprecations, e. g. nigrāhas te bhāyāt, confusion seize thee, &c.)

Ni-grāhya, as, ā, am, to be suppressed or punished, punishable.

निय ni-gha, as, ā, am (fr. rt. han with ni), as high as broad; (anything) whose height and circumference are equal; a round or circle, a ball; sin. - Nighānigha (°gha-an°), as, ā, am, of different forms or sizes.

fraue ni-ghanta (said to be fr. rt. gam or han or hri with ni; gender doubtful), a word; a glossary or collection of words or names, (in this sense properly pl.); often the collection of Vedic words explained in the Nirukta, see ni-ghantu below.

Ni-ghanți, probably only a wrong form for nighanța or ni-ghanțu.

Ni-ghanțikă, f. a species of bulbous plant (= gulanca-kanda).

Ni-ghanțu, us, m. (or ni-ghanțuka), any vocabulary or collection of words or names, but especially a N. of the Vedic glossary explained by Yāska in his Nirukta, (in this sense usually pl. nighanțavas as embracing five chapters.) – Nighanțu-bhāshya, am, n. 'commentary on part of the Nighanțus,' N. of a work by Deva-rāja on the three chapters of synonyms incompletely treated by Yāska. – Nighanțu-rāja, as, m. 'king of glossaries,' N. of a medical lexicon commonly called Abhidhāna-éuḍā-maji.

नियम ni-gharsha. See ni-ghrish below.

नियस ni-ghasa, as, m. (fr. rt. ghas with ni), eating; food, victuals.

नियात ni-ghāta, as, m. (fr. the Caus. of rt. han with ni), a blow, stroke; suppression of accent, absence of accent.

Ni-ghātam, ind. having struck.

Ni-ghāti, is, f. an iron club or mace or hammer (?). Ni-ghātin, ī, inī, i, striking down, killing, destroying.

नियुष् ni-ghush (rt. 2. ghush = ghrish with ni), Caus. P. -ghoshayati, -yitum, to tread down, trample under foot, crush, pound, grind.

तियुष्ट ni-ghushta, am, n. (fr. rt. 1. ghush with ni), sound, noise.

तियुप ni-ghrish, cl. 1. P. -gharshati, &c., to rub into, rub down, rub, pound, grind, triturate;

graze, chafe, abrade, wear away by rubbing, excoriate. Ni-gharsha, as, m. rubbing, friction, pounding, crushing

crushing. Ni-gharshana, am, n. rubbing, friction, grinding, trituration; [cf. nir-gharshana.]

Ni-ghrishta, as, a, am, rubbed, ground; chafed, worn, grazed, abraded, excoriated; subdued.

Ni-ghrishva, as, \bar{a} , am, rubbed off, abraded, exconiated; small, insignificant; (as), m. a hoof; wind; an ass or a mule; a boar; a road; (am), n. the mark of a hoof (?).

fan ni-ghna, as, ā, am (fr. ni-han), dependant, subservient, docile; dependant on a substantive