

5178 (among several sons of Dhṛtarāshṭra who attacked Bhīmasena), (55), 5204 (*Kurānāṇī kīrtivardhanāṇī*, slain by Bhīmasena).

Vṛsha<sup>1</sup> = Karṇa, q.v.

Vṛsha<sup>2</sup>, a Kuru warrior. § 592 (Samçaptakavadvhap.): VII, 20γ, 804 (in Drona's gāruḍavyūha; B. has Vṛshakrātha, cf. Krātha<sup>2</sup>).

Vṛsha<sup>3</sup>, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45η, 2566.

Vṛsha<sup>4</sup>, an Asura(?). § 673b (Bali-Vāsavasamv.): XII, 227a, 8263 (among the ancient rulers of the earth).

Vṛsha<sup>5</sup> = Čiva: II, 1642; XII, 10372 (1000 names<sup>1</sup>); XIV, 199.

Vṛsha<sup>6</sup> = Dharma: VII, 9627; XII, 3378.

Vṛsha<sup>7</sup> = Kṛṣṇa (Vishṇu): XIII, 1507, 13247 (etymology); XIII, 6983 (1000 names), 7030 (do.).

Vṛshabha<sup>1</sup>, a mountain near Girivraja. § 277 (Jarāsandhavdhap.): II, 21, 799.

Vṛshabha<sup>2</sup>, a Gāndhāra prince, brother of Čakuni. § 585 (Bhishmavadhap.): VI, 90v, 3997 (six brothers of Čakuni fought with Irāvat), 4017 (the only one of the brothers who was saved).

Vṛshabha<sup>3</sup> = Čiva: VII, 9531.—Do.<sup>4</sup> = Kṛṣṇa (Vishṇu): XII, 1506; XIII, 6977 (1000 names).

Vṛshabhbā, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 339.

Vṛshabhadhvaja = Čiva, q.v.

Vṛshabhbāksha = Vishnu (1000 names).

Vṛshabhbāka, Vṛshabhbāhāna = Čiva, q.v.

Vṛshabhekshana, Vṛshabhodāra = Čiva: VII, 9531.

Vṛshabhūta, Vṛshacara = Čiva: VII, 9532.

Vṛshačrñga = Čiva: VII, 9531.

Vṛshadamça, a mountain. § 596 (Pratiñāp.): VII, 80, 2852 (*caileñdrām*, in the north, near Mahā-Mandara).

Vṛshadarbha<sup>1</sup>, name of a king. § 267 (Yamasabhāv.): II, 8, 337 (in the palace of Yama).—§ 465 (Mārkanḍeyas.): III, 196, †13262, †13263, †13267, †13268.—§ 738b (Cyenakapotākhyāna): XIII, 32, 2047 (*nareñdrāṇi*), 2074, 2082 (king of the Kācīs, named Uçinara (i.e. king of the Uçinaras?; descendant of Uçinara?) (v. 2065), the story of the hawk and the pigeon, otherwise referred to Čibi and Uçinara, is here referred to V.).

Vṛshadarbha<sup>2</sup> = Kṛṣṇa: XII, 1508.

Vṛshādarbhi, name of a king. § 655 (Āpaddh.): XII, 159a, 5924.—§ 677 (Mokshadh.): XII, 235, 8598 (gave gems).—§ 750b (Bisastainyop.): XIII, 93, 4415 (‘*eg ca sañvādāṇi Saptarśiṇām ca*’), 4424 (*Caibyāḥ*), (4425), 4451, 4454 (*narapatip*), (4455), 4474, 4538 (the story of V. (the son of Čibi, v. 4420) and the seven rshis).—§ 767 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 137a, 6254 (*rājarshih*, ascended to heaven, having given gems, etc., to the brahmans). Cf. Čaibya, Čibisūnu.

Vṛshadarpa = Čiva: VII, 9531.

Vṛshadgu, an ancient king. § 267 (Yamasabhāv.): II, 8, 324 (in the palace of Yama; B. Rushadgu).

Vṛshadhvaja<sup>1</sup>, a king. § 562 (Bhagavadyānap.): V, 74γ, 2732 (*Pravirānām*, among the wicked kings who annihilated their kinsmen and relatives).

Vṛshadhvaja<sup>2</sup> = Čiva, q.v.

Vṛshāhin = Vishṇu (1000 names).

Vṛshaka<sup>1</sup>, a Gāndhāra prince, son of Subala, brother of Acala and Čakuni, and brother-in-law of Dhṛtarāshṭra. § 232 (Svayamvarap.): I, 186, 6985 (present at the svayamvara of Draupadi).—§ 287 (Rājasūyikap.): II, 34, 1266

(*Acalo Vṛṣe caiva*, came to the rājasūya of Yudhisṭhira).—

§ 572 (Rathātirathasañkhyānap.): V, 168, 5808 (*Acalo Vṛshakaṣ caiva . . . bhrātarau*, among the rathas in the army of Duryodhana).—§ 584 (Bhishmavadhap.): VI, 82, 3637 (‘*sya rathā*’).—§ 592 (Samçaptakavadvhap.): VII, 30, 1303 (*Gāndhārarājasya sutau . . . bhrātarau Vṛṣeālau*), 1305, 1309 (*bhrātarau Vṛṣeālau*), 1310 (*çyālau tara* (i.e. Dhṛtarāshṭra’s) . . . *rājānau Vṛṣeālau*), 1312 (*rājānau Vṛṣeālau*, slain by Arjuna).—§ 604 (Karnap.): VIII, 5ξ, 130 (*çyālau tara . . . rājānau Vṛṣeālau*, had been slain by Arjuna).—§ 620 (Çraddhap.): XI, 26β, 790 (*Acalāṇi Vṛṣeālau*, their bodies are burnt).—§ 789 (Putradarçanap.): XV, 32θ, 879 (*Acalo Vṛṣe caiva*, among those who, summoned by Vyāsa, arose from the Gaṅgā). Cf. Gāndhāra, dual, Gāndhāramukhya, dual.

Vṛshaka<sup>2</sup>, a prince, brother of Kaliṅga<sup>2</sup>. § 604 (Karnap.): VIII, 5ξ, 123 (*Kaliṅga- Vṛṣeālau*, had been slain).

Vṛshakāhvayā, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 343.

Vṛshākapi<sup>1</sup>, a rishi. § 746 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 65ξ, 3332.

Vṛshākapi<sup>2</sup>, one of the eleven Rudras. § 770 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 151β, 7091.

Vṛshākapi<sup>3</sup> = Čiva: VII, 9627 (etymology).—Do.<sup>4</sup> = Indra: XII, †8331.—Do.<sup>5</sup> = Kṛṣṇa (Vishṇu): XII, 1508, 13248 (etymology), (13416), 13421 (*Devadevah*), 13423; XIII, 6960 (1000 names).—Do.<sup>6</sup> = Sūrya: III, 191.

Vṛshakarman = Vishṇu (1000 names).

Vṛshaketana = Čiva, q.v.

Vṛshakrātha, v. Vṛsha<sup>2</sup>.

Vṛshākṛti = Vishṇu (1000 names).

Vṛshāmitra, a brahman. § 324 (Dvaitavanapr.): III, 26a, 987 (waited upon Yudhisṭhira).

Vṛshāna = Čiva (1000 names<sup>1</sup>).

Vṛshānābha = Čiva: VII, 9530.

Vṛshānda, an Asura(?). § 673b (Bali-Vāsavasamv.): XII, 227a, 8265 (among the ancient rulers of the earth).

Vṛshānka = Čiva, q.v.

Vṛshaparvan<sup>1</sup>, a rājarshi. § 11 (Parrasāng.): I, 2, 455.—§ 434 (Saugandhikāharāṇa): III, 156, 11444 (*āgramāṇi Vṛṣeālā*; o: the hermitage of V. is inhabited by Siddhas and Cāraṇas).—§ 436 (Yakshayuddhap.): III, 158, 11543 (*āgramāṇi Vṛṣeālā*), 11544 (*rājarshim*), 11546, 11547, 11549 (*āgramāṇi Vṛṣeālā*), 11551, 11552 (the Pāñdavas, etc., came to the hermitage of V. on the Himavat; V. showed them the way [to the mountain Cveta]), 11556 (*yathoktam Vṛṣeālā*), 11620 (do).—§ 449 (Ājagarap.): III, 177, †12344 (*āgramāṇyāṇi Vṛṣeālā*, the Pāñdavas, etc., returned to the hermitage of V.), †12345 (the hermitage of V. is frequented by gods and maharshis).—§ 450 (do.): III, 178, 12366 (*āgramāṇi . . . rājarsher Vṛṣeālā*).

Vṛshaparvan<sup>2</sup>, an Asura chief. § 92 (Āmpāvāt.): I, 65, 2532 (among the sons of Danu).—§ 130 (do.): I, 67, 2651 (*māhāsurāḥ*, incarnate as king Dīrghaprajīna), 2652 (elder brother of Ajaka).—§ 145 (Kaca): I, 78, 3185 (*Cukra- Vṛṣeālā*), 3195 (had Cukra as his purohita).—§ 146 (Devayāṇī): I, 78, 3282 (*Carmishthā . . . duhitā Vṛṣeālā*), 3303 (*nagarāṇi Vṛṣeālā*), 3305 (*Carmishthā . . . duhitā Vṛṣeālā*), 3309 (do.), 3312 (*Carmishthā . . . duhitā Vṛṣeālā*), 3315; 79, 3330 (*duhitur Vṛṣeālā*, i.e. Carmishthā), 80, 3332, 3336, (3338), (3342), 3344 (*māhākaviḥ*), (3346), (3348), 3356 (*duhitā Vṛṣeālā*, i.e. Carmishthā); 81, 3368 (*duhitā Dānavendraśaya Carmishthā Vṛṣeālā*) (when Carmishthā, the daughter of V., had ill-used Devayāṇī, the daughter of Cukra, V. appeased her and Cukra by giving her Carmishthā as a maid-servant).—§ 147 (do.): I, 82, 3398 (*sutūṇi . . . Vṛṣeālā*, i.e.