Gunakeçi; on account of his being destined to be eaten by Garuda, Indra bestowed on him length of days); 105, 3704

(Vishnu threw S. upon the breast of Garuda).

Sumukha<sup>2</sup>, one or more Suparnas, sons (grandsons) of Garuda. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 101α, 3587; (β), 3597.— § 574b (Jambūkh.): The bird S., the son of Suparna (i.e. Garuda) beholding that all the birds on Meru were of golden plumage, resolved to leave that mountain as there was no difference there between good, middling, and bad birds: VI, 6, 208 (Suparnasyātmajaķ).

Sumukha', a ṛshi. § 265 (Lokapālasabhākhyānap.): II,

5, 145 (accompanied Nārada).

Sumukha', son of Dhṛtarāshṭra. § 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, '127 νν, 5177.

Sumukha 5 = Çiva (1000 names 1-2).—Do.6 = Vishņu (1000 names).

Sumukhī, an Apsaras. § 731b (Ashṭāvakra-Diksaṃvāda): XIII, 19 \( \text{, } 1425 \) (danced in the abode of Kubera).

Sunābha<sup>1</sup>, a son of Dhṛtarāshṭra. § 182 (Dhṛtarāshṭra-putranāmak.): I, 117, 4544.—§ 585 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 88, 3899 (slain by Bhīmasena).

Sunābha<sup>2</sup>, a counsellor of Varuna. § 268 (Varunasabhāv.): II, 9, 380 (Varunaç ca tathā mantrī, in the palace of

Varuņa).

Sunābha<sup>3</sup>, a mountain. § 269 (Vaiçravanasabhāv.): II, 10, 413 (*Indrakīlah S°ç ca tathā divyau ca parvatau*, in the palace of Kubera).

Sunakshatrā, a mātr. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 460, 2627. Sunāman¹, son of Suketu. § 232 (Svayamvarap.): I, 186, 6989 (Suketuh saha putrena Sonā, present at the svayamvara of Draupadī).

Sunāman<sup>2</sup>, brother of Kamsa. § 273 (Jarūsandhavadhap.): II, 14, 598 (hatau Kamsa-S<sup>o</sup>au mayā, i.e. by Kṛshṇa, Rāmena cāpy uta).—§ 589 (Dronābhishekap.): VII, 11, 388 (°ā . . . Bhojarājasya madhyastho bhrāṭā Kaṃsasya . . . Baladevadvitīyena Kṛshṇena . . . dagdhaḥ . . . Cūrasenarāt).

Sunāman<sup>3</sup>, a Suparņa, son of Garuda. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V. 101a, 3587

Sunāman<sup>4</sup>, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45  $\eta$ , 2561.

Sunandā<sup>1</sup>, wife of Sarvabhauma. § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3769 (Kaikeyīm).

Sunandā<sup>2</sup>, daughter of Sarvasena, wife of Bharata. § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3785 (Kāçeyīm . . . Sārvasenīm).

Sunandā<sup>3</sup>, wife of Pratīpa. § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3797 (*Çaibyām*). Cf. Çaibyā.

Sunandā<sup>4</sup>, sister of the Cedi king Subāhu. § 347 (Nalopā-khyānap.): III, 65, 2604, 2606.—§ 350 (do.): III, 68, 2661, 2686; 69, 2705.

Sunasā, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 338.

Sunaya, pl. (°āħ), a people. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9ν, 371 (in the south).

Sunda¹, an Asura, brother of Upasunda. § 11 (Parvasangr.):
I, 2, 395 (°opasundayoh... akhyānam, i.e. Sundopasundopā-khyāna).—§ 245 (Rājyalābhap.): I, 208, 7613 (°opasundau bhrātarau), 7616 (°opasundāv Asurau).—§ 246 (Sundopasundop.): I, 209, 7621 (°opasundau Daityendrau, sons of Nikumbha), 7636 (°opasundau bhrātarau), (7642) (°opasundau); 210, 7677 (°opasundayoh); 211, 7684 (do.), 7698 (°opasundābhyām Asurābhyām); 212, 7723, 7726 (the story of S. and Upasunda).—§ 612 (Hradapraveçap.): IX, 31 \( \xi\), 1755 (°opasundāv Asurau kriyayaiva nisūditau, cf. § 246).—§ 615 (Gadāyuddhap.): IX, 55, 3107 (sadrçakarmāṇau tathā

Sopasundayok, sc. Bhimasena and Duryodhana). Cf. Asura, Daitya (dual), Daityendra (dual).

Sunda! = Vishnu (1000 names).

Sundara = Vishnu (1000 names).

Sundaravamça, pl. (°āh), a people. § 562 (Bhagavadyānap.): V, 74 7, 2731 (Bāhuh S°ānām).

Sundarikāhrada, a tīrtha. § 773i (Devikā): XIII, 25, 1707. Cf. next.

Sundarikātīrtha, name of a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.):

III, 84, 8035.

[Sundopasundapākhyāna(m)] ("the episode relating to Sunda and Upasunda"). § 246 (Rājyalābhap.). Nārada related: In days of yore the Daitya Nikumbha of the race of Hiranyakaçipu had two sons, Sunda and Upasunda, who always shared with each other happiness as well as woe, and never went anywhere unless together. Desirous of subjugating the three worlds, they practised terrible penances on the mountain Vindhya, which, by the power of their austerities at last began to emit vapour. In vain the gods repeatedly tempted them by means of every precious possession and beautiful girls, and by illusion, causing their sisters, mothers, wives, etc., to appear pursued by a rakshasa and imploring their help. When Brahman granted them a boon, they asked to become immortal, which he refused, granting them instead that they should not need to be afraid of anything except each other, etc. They now desisted from their asceticism and returned to their abode, where they lived happy, causing even the moon to rise over their city every night, even out of season (I, 209). They set out to conquer the three worlds in the night under the constellation of Maghah, with a large Daitya force cased in mail, etc. The gods sought refuge in Brahmaloka, and the Daityas subjugated Indraloka, and vanquished the tribes of the Yakshas and Rakshases, and the Khecaras, and the Nagas in the earth, and the tribes of the Mleochas dwelling in the ocean. In order to extinguish the sacrifices that strengthened the gods, they slew those that were performing sacrifices and the assistant brahmans, etc. Then they took up their abode in Kurukshetra (I, 210). The Devarshis and Siddhas and rshis were affected with great grief, and went to the abode of Pitamaha, sented with the gods, the Siddhas, and the Brahmarshis, Mahadeva, Agni. Vāyu, the sun and moon, Çakra, the Parameshthya rehis, the Vaikhānasas, the Vālakhilyas, the Vānaprasthas, the Marīcipas, the Ajas, the Avimūdhas, etc. Brahmán sent Tilottamā (b) to them (I, 211). She came to Sunda and Upasunda as they were sporting in the Vindhya mountains, and from jealousy they struck each other to death with their maces. And Pitamaha then came there with the gods and the great rshis, and granted to Tilottamā that she should roam in the region of the Adityas. Then, bestowing the three worlds on Indra as before, he returned to his own region.

Sunetra, a prince. § 155 (Pūruvaṃç.): I, 94, 3749 (son of the elder Dhṛtarāshṭra (so B.) or of Dhṛtarāshṭra's son [Kundika] (so C.)).

Sunetra<sup>2</sup>, a Suparna, son of Garuda. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): VI, 101a, 3587.

Suniccala = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Sunītha<sup>1</sup>, name of a mantra (according to Nil.). § 68 (Āstīkap.): I, 58, 2188 (Asitam cārttimantañ ca Sunītham cāpi yah smaret / divā vā yadi [vā] rātrau nāsya sarpabhayam bhavet).

Sunītha<sup>2</sup> = Çiçupāla. I, †7019, †7051; II, 1410, 1418 (°pramukhā ganāh), 1913 (?)...