

*vaiśvānara* (IE 7-1-2), 'three'.

Cf. *vaiśvadeva*.

*Vaiśvāsika* (IE 8-3; EI 9, 28, 29), probably the same as *Rahasyādihikṛta*, etc.; cf. *Paramaviśvāsin*, *Viśvāsa*, *Viśvāsika*; the privy councillor or private secretary.

(EI 3), mentioned along with *Antaraṅga*.

*vaiśy-āgrahāra* (IE 8-5; EI 30, 33), a privileged holding created in favour of members of the mercantile community; see *agrahāra*.

*vaiśya-vāṇija-nagarattār* (SITI), ASLV), Sanskrit *vaiśya-vāṇija-nagarastha*; a corporation of the merchants; the guild of a class of merchants.

*vājapeya* (EI 22; CII 4; BL), name of a Vedic sacrifice.

*vājīn* (IE 7-1-2), 'seven'.

*Vāji-vaidyā* (BL), explained as 'a veterinary physician'; literally, 'a physician for horses'.

*vajra* (HA), thunderbolt.

Cf. *vaccira-ppadai* (SITI), the lower or foundation tier of the wall of a temple.

*vajrāsana* (LL), name of the seat on which the Buddha sat for meditation for the attainment of supreme knowledge (*bodhi*).

*vāk-pāruṣya* (EI 30), use of abusive language.

*vākṣa* (Chamba), tax in cash; same as *bācha*.

*valadī* (*Ind. Ant.*, Vol. XVIII, p. 17, text line 21), correctly *baladī* derived from *balivārda*; same as *vara-balivārda*, etc.

*vāḷa-giri* (SITI), abbreviation of the name of the mythical mountain called *cakravāla-giri*.

*vāḷanāḍu* (IE 8-4; EI 25), Tamil; a province; a district consisting of sub-divisions called *kurram* or *nāḍu*.

*valakṣa* (IA 17), used to indicate the bright fortnight.

*vālāṇiya* (LP), see *valiṣyati*.

*Valatkaṣan* (CII 3), official designation of uncertain import; probably, a mistake for *Bala-kaṣṭhika*, officer-in-charge of the treasury of the military department. Cf. *Mahavalākoṣṭhika*.

*Valākoṣṭhika*, probably, a mistake for *Balakoṣṭhika*; cf. *Valatkaṣan*, *Mahāvalākoṣṭhika*.

*valaya* (CITD), a ring; a bracelet; in Telugu-Kannāḍa, also an enclosure, a boundary.

*vala-yaṣṭi* (CII 4), mistake for *bala-yaṣṭi*, memorial pillar.