vādya—vahitra

vādya (SITI), a musical instrument.

Vādya-mahārāja, cf. Tamil Vācciya-mārāyaņ (SITI), the head musician or the chief Meļakāraņ of a temple or palace; title conferred by the king on an expert in instrumental music.

vagaira (IA 20), Persian; 'and so forth'.

Vāgulī (EI 28), Odiyā ; also written Bāgulī; the king's betel-bearer; same as Vārgulika, etc.

 $V\bar{a}gulika$, $V\bar{a}g\bar{u}lika$ (CII 4; BL), explained by some as 'a seller of betel-leaves'; the bearer of the betel-box of an Orissan ruler; same as $V\bar{a}rgulika$, etc.

Vāguņi (EI 24), mistake for Vāguli.

vaha, cf. a-vaha (IE 8-5); [free] carrying of loads [which the villagers had to provide for the touring officers of the king or land-lord]; may also be a horse for the use of the officers.

(EI 31; IA 18; CII 4), a streamlet; a water-channel.

(Ep. Ind., Vol. XIV, p. 177), a common highway.

vāha, cf. Vāha-nāyaka.

 $V\bar{a}haka$ (EI 3), probably, a driver or attendant of cattle. $v\bar{a}hal\bar{a}$ (EI 3), a water course.

 $V\bar{a}hali$ (BL), official designation explained as 'the lord of horses'.

vahamāna (LP), cf. vahamāna-hala-balīvarda, 'bullocks used in ploughing land'; vahamāna-samakara-bhūmi in which vahamāna means '[the land that is] being ploughed'.

(*LP*), travelling.

vāhana (LP), a load-carrier; a cart, ship, etc. See vahitra.

 $V\bar{a}ha$ -nāyaka (EI 23), official designation; probably, 'the officer in charge of the king's $Kh\bar{a}s$ $Mah\bar{a}ls$ ' (from $v\bar{a}ha$, a plough); may also be the superintendent of transport. See $v\bar{a}ho_{\bar{i}}aka$.

vahikā (LP), an account book.

Vāhinīpati (EI 28; IA 10), leader of forces; a general; cf. Senāpati, etc.

vahani (IA 18), meaning uncertain.

vahitra (IE 8-5, 8-8; EI 30), boat or any large carrier like a cart; see vāhana. Cf. sārtha-vahitresu praveše nirgame ca pratyekam rūpakah devasya yātr-otsave dātavyah (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXV, p. 232).

(IE 8-8), cf. bhānda-bhrta-vahitra, 'a wagon full of pots or jars'.