pariksa-parividdha

kritised from Odiyā Parichā; superintendent of a department or a governor; cf. Dvāra-parīksā.

pariksā (IA 10), same as divya, an ordeal.

(CII 1), self-examination.

Parikşaka (IE 8-3), see Parikşā=Odiyā Parichā.

pāriksika (HRS), testing-charge for private minting of coins, according to the Arthasāstra. See Ghoshal, H. Rev. Syst., p. 43. Cf. pārikhāya.

pariksi-pațța (IE I), meaning doubtful.

parimotana (EI 12), cracking.

parinirvāņa (EI 8), the death of the Buddha.

paripanth, cf. paripanthayati (IE 8-2), same as vyavaharati; cf. samasta-mudrā-vyāpārān paripanthayati.

paripanthanā, 'creation of obstacles'; same as vidhāraņā (EI). See vādhā or bādhā.

paripara (EI 3), a fight.

Pāripārśvika (IA 11), a servant.

pariprcchā (CII 1), questioning.

paripūrna (LP), probably, 'in full youth'.

parisad (LL), four classes of the Buddhist order.

(EI 32), used in the sense of pārisada, 'a councillor'.

Cf. Tamil paradai, etc. (SII 3), an assembly.

(CII 1), cf. Prakrit parisā (EI 8), a council; the council [of ministers]; cf. mantri-parisad, 'council of ministers.'

parisara (EI 11), an area.

parişadā (HD), same as sabhā; an assembly or audience. parisrava (CII 1), sin.

parisu (SII 1), probably, a contract.

parisūtra (Hyderabad Archaeological Series, No. 18, p. 34), explained as 'an establishment.'

parityāga (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXIV, p. 10, text line 2), donation; cf. deyadharma-parityāga.

Parivāra (SII 3), a servant.

Cf. horaka-parivāra (ML), explained as 'the following of horakas.'

parivār-ālaya (SII 3), surrounding verandah of a temple.

parivastra, cf. Tamil parivattam, parisattam, pariyattam (SITI), literally, garment; honour done to a nobleman in a temple by tying a piece of cloth (generally, silk cloth) round his head. Parivrddha (EI 12), same as Prabhu.

240