

*Krama-vitta* (SITTI), a Brāhmaṇa well-versed in the method of reciting the Vedas according to the *krama* order. Cf. *Kramaka*, etc.

*Kramayuta* (EI 5), epithet of Brāhmaṇas; same as *Kramaka*, *Kramavid*. Cf. *Krama-vitta*.

*kṛaya-cīrikā* (EI 26), a deed of purchase or sale-deed.

*kṛdara* (CII 4), a granary.

*kṛīḍāyita* (EI 12), sporting.

*kṛś-ānna*, 'minor food'; cf. *kṛśānna-mūlya* which is the money to meet expenses of light food (*Select Inscriptions*, p. 159). See *mukh-āhāra*.

*kriyā* (CII 4), Śaiva ceremonies.

*kriyaṅakā* (LP), cf. Gujarāṭī *kariyāṅum*.

*kroḍa*, same as *suvarṇa* (q.v.).

*krośa* (CII 1), a distance of about two miles and a quarter.

*kṛpaṇa* (CII 1), poor.

*kṛśānu* (IE 7-1-2), 'three'.

*kṛṣṇala* (IA 26), same as *rati* or *guñjā*. One *kṛṣṇala* is regarded by the *Kṛtyakalpataru* (Vyavahāra-kāṇḍa, ed. K. V. Ranga-swami Aiyangar, p. 125) as equal to three *guñjās* or *raktikās* apparently through confusion.

*kṛṣṇarāja-rūpaka* (EI 30), name of a silver coin issues by the Kalacuri king Kṛṣṇarāja.

*kṛta* (EI 12, 14, 23; BL; CII 3), literally 'accomplished'. i.e. 'completed'; used in earlier records in connection with the era later associated with Vikramāditya. Often spelt *kṛita*, possibly standing for *kṛita* meaning 'purchased', which was a name sometimes applied to certain foreign rulers of North-Western Bhāratavarṣa (*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXXIII, p. 152).

(IE 7-1-2), 'four'.

(CII 1), 'arranged for', 'made arrangements for'.

(EI 23), fruit, booty, reward.

(*Sel. Ins.*, p. 202), 'engraved'.

(*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXXIV, p. 41, verse 13), written, drafted or composed.

*kṛtānta* (EI 3), same as *siddhānta*.

*kṛta-prānta*, cf. *sa-kṛta-prānta* (IE 8-5), Prakrit *sa-kuta-ppanta*; probably, demarcated boundaries.

*kṛti* (IE 7-1-2), 'twenty'; cf. *kṛtin*, 'twentytwo'.

(*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XIV, p. 98), a composition or performance.