servants; also adi-kkāśu, tax collected from stall-keepers in the markets.

Cf. uppu-kkāśu (SITI), salt-tax.

Cf. vagainda-kāśu (SITI), tax payable in cash for marking details of land, etc.; fees for the division of land; also the fee for settlement of a dispute, etc.

Cf. veli-kkāśu, veli-ppayaru (SITI), Tamil; tax payable in cash, the exact nature of which is not clear. Cf veli-kku li-ppanam.

Cf. inavari-kkāśu (SITI), communal tax payable in coin; cf. jāti-siddh-āya of Telugu inscriptions.

(SITI), Tamil; a measure of weight equal to ¹/₄ palam. kataka (EI 8, 17), the camp or capital.

(SITI), a fortified place; a cantonment; a military camp.

Cf. kaṭakam kartavyam (LP), 'an army should be sent [against one]'.

Kaṭak-ādhirāja (EI 4), same as Kaṭakarāja, etc.; a military officer in charge of the royal camp.

Kaṭakādhīśa (HD), same as Kaṭakarāja, etc.

Kaṭaka-nāyaka (EI 23), same as Kaṭakarāja, etc.

Kaṭakarāja (EI 9; HD), officer in charge of the royal camp; same as Kaṭakādhīśa, etc. Cf. Ep. Ind., Vol. IV, p. 309, note 1.

Kaṭaka-vārika (EI 30), probably, officials serving under the superintendent of the royal camp (Kaṭakarāja, etc.).

Kaṭakeśa (EI 29; HD), superintendent of the royal camp; same as Kaṭakarāja, etc. Cf. Ep. Ind., Vol. VII, p. 185.

ka-ṭa-pa-y-ādi (IE 7-1-3; EI 33; IA 19, 24), a system of recording numbers.

kathāri (ASLV), same as Sanskrit kartarī, a sword.

kaṭha (LP), cf. Gujarātī kāṭmāl.

kathita, drawn up or dictated (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXIV, p. 179). Cf. cintita, 'composed' (ibid., Vol. XXXV, p. 58). katī-sūtra (EI 16), an ornament.

kattana (SITI), periodical presents made to superiors by their subordinates.

kattu-guttagai (ASLV), Tamil; a contract.

Katuka (EI 13; HD), an official designation of uncertain import; cf. Mahākaṭuka. See Ep. Ind., Vol XIII, p. 117.

kaṭumukha (EI 5), name given to a musical instrument.

kauberacchanda (CII 3), a particular kind of pearl-necklace.