

(EI 11), certain auspicious days with the Jains. Cf. *kalyāṇaka*.

*Kalyapāla*, *Kalyāpāla* (EI 30), same as *Kalpāla*, etc.; a vintner.

*Kalya-sreṣṭhin* (IA 18), a dealer in liquors, *Kalya* being an abbreviation of *Kalyapāla*, or a word meaning 'distillery'.

*kānta* (IE 7-1-2), 'thirteen'.

*kāma-dhenu* (EI 16), name of a *mahādāna*.

*kāma-koṣṭha*, cf. *kāma-kkoṭṭam* (SITI), a shrine of the goddess Pārvatī as an adjunct of the Śiva temple in the same compound.

*kamala-pūjā* (BL), probably, worship of a deity with lotuses or flowers of gold or silver.

*kāmali* (EI 24), often written as *kambalin*, which means 'a bull'; a levy probably on prize bullocks (cf. *vara-balivarda*). Cf. *yamali-kambali*.

*kāmata* (EI 21; CII 4), name of a tax.

*kām-āvacara* (IA 10), Buddhist; belonging to the domain of sensual pleasure.

*kamba*, *kambha* (IE 8-6), Kannaḍa; name of a land measure; see *kamma* and *stambha*.

*kambala* (IA 23), an agricultural ceremony.

*kambalin* (EI 24), 'a bull'; a levy probably on prize bullocks (cf. *vara-balivarda*); see *kāmali* and *yamali-kambali*.

*kamḍāsaghūṭa* (EI 1), meaning doubtful.

*Kāmgār* (BL), an official designation meaning a servant, a manager, a public officer; a person employed on public works. Cf. Wilson's Glossary.

*kamma* (IE 8-6; EI 12, 19), Kannaḍa; same as *stambha* = *skambha*; a land measure equal to one-hundredth of a *mattaru* or *nivartana*.

*kammāḷar* (SITI), Tamil; the five artisan classes; also called *aṅḷu pañcālattār*.

*kampala* (ASLV), same as *kamṣaṇa*; name of an administrative division.

*kamṣana*, *kamṣanā* (IE 8-3), the army [in ancient Kashmir]; cf. *Kamṣanapati*, etc.

*kamṣaṇa* (IE 8-4), a small territorial unit like a Parganā.

*Kamṣan-ādhipati* (HD), commander-in-chief [in ancient Kashmir]; same as *Kamṣanapati*, etc. See *Rājataranginī*, V. 447; VII. 1362, 1366.