

*dharmavijaya-sāsana* (EI 33), same as *dharmā-sāsana*; a royal record relating to one of the king's meritorious acts; cf. *vijaya-sāsana*.

*Dharma-vijayin* (CII 4), a righteous conqueror; epithet of certain rulers.

*dharmā-vṛtti-iṣaiyili* (SITI), Sanskrit-Tamil; tax-free land for the maintenance of some charity.

*dharmā-yātrā*, cf. *dharmā-yātā* (EI 5; CII 1), pilgrimage; a tour of pilgrimage.

*Dharma-yuamahārāja* (IE 8-2; EI 24, 32), designation of a crown-prince engaged in a pious activity; cf. *Dharma-mahārāja* and *Yuamahārāja*.

*dhārmika* (IE 8-8; EI 30), probably, a cess collected in the name of a religious institution or festival.

(IE 8-2), royal title; same as Prakrit *Dhramika*, translated from Greek *Dikaios*.

*Dharmin*, cf. *dharmikal* (SITI), a body or commission managing endowments.

*Dhārtarāṣṭra* (IE 7-1-2), 'one hundred'.

*dhāṭī* (LP), campaign; cf. *para-rāṣṭr-opari datta-dhāṭyām*, 'in the course of an expedition led against a foreign country'.

*dhāṭivāha* (*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. I, p. 277, note 24), meaning doubtful.

*dhātrī* (IE 7-1-2), 'one'.

*dhātu* (ML), Buddhist; corporeal relics [of the Buddha].

(IE 7-1-2; EI 25), 'seven'.

Cf. *Dhātu-parigṛhīta*, an epithet of the Buddha; probably, salvation (*Select Inscriptions*, p. 228).

*dhātu-garbha*, 'containing the corporeal relics of the Buddha' (*Journ. Mad. Univ.*, Vol. XXXII, p. 136).

*dhātu-vara* (*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXVII, p. 16, text line 13), a Buddhist *stūpa* containing the Buddha's relics.

*Dhātuvara-parigṛhīta* (EI 20), 'one who has attained *nirvāṇa*'; epithet of the Buddha. Cf. *dhātu*.

*dhaukaṇa-patra* (LP), permission of divorce; cf. Gujarātī *chuṭāchedā melvavā*.

*dhaura* (LP), cattle.

*Dhāvaka* (EI 18), the fore-runner.

*dhavala-cchatra* (SII 2), a white parasol which was one of the royal insignia.