

a celebrated demon, twin brother of Hiraṇyakaśipu; अंशे हिरण्याक्षरिपोः स जाते हिरण्यनाभे तन्वे नयज्ञः R. 18. 25. [On the strength of a boon from Brahman, he became insolent and oppressive, seized upon the earth, and carried it with him into the depths of the ocean. Viṣṇu therefore became incarnate as a boar, killed the demon and lifted up the earth.] -**कक्ष** *a.* wearing a golden girdle. -**कर्तृ** *m.* goldsmith; यथा हिरण्यकर्ता वै रूप्यमग्नौ विशोधयेत् Mb. 12. 280. 11. -**कवच** *a.* having golden armour (said of Śiva). -**कशिपुः** *N.* of a celebrated king of demons. [He was a son of Kaśyapa and Diti, and by virtue of a boon from Brahman, he became so powerful that he usurped the sovereignty of Indra and oppressed the three worlds. He freely blasphemed the great god and subjected his son Prahrāda to untold cruelties for acknowledging Viṣṇu as the Supreme deity. But he was eventually torn to pieces by Viṣṇu in the form of Narasimha; see प्रहाद]. -**कारः** a goldsmith. -**केशी** a branch (शाखा) of Yajurveda. -**कोशः** gold and silver (whether wrought or unwrought). -**गर्भः** 1 *N.* of Brahman (as born from a golden-egg). -2 *N.* of Viṣṇu. -3 the soul invested by the subtle body or सूक्ष्मशरीर *q. v.* -**द** *a.* giving or granting gold; भूमिदो भूमिमाप्नोति दीर्घमायुर्हिरण्यदः Ms. 4. 230. (-**दः**) the ocean. (-**दा**) the earth. -**नाभः** 1 the mountain Maināka. -2 *N.* of Viṣṇu. (-**भम्**) a building having three halls (towards east, west and south). -**बाहुः** 1 an epithet of Śiva. -2 the river Soṇa. -**बिन्दुः** fire. -**रेतस्** *m.* 1 fire; द्विषामसह्यः सुतरां तरुणां हिरण्यरेता इव सानिलोऽभूत् R. 18. 25. -2 the sun. -3 *N.* of Śiva. -4 the *Chitraka* or *Arka* plant. -**वर्चस्** *a.* shining with golden lustre. -**वर्णा** a river. -**वाहः** 1 the river Soṇa. -2 *N.* of Śiva.

हिरण्यकः Eagerness for gold.

हिरण्यय *a.* (-**यी** *f.*) Golden.

हिरण्यवः 1 A divine treasure. -2 Golden ornament.

हिरण्यिनी A gold-mine.

हिरक् *ind. Ved.* 1 Without, except. -2 Amongst, in the midst of. -3 Near. -4 Below.

हिल् 6 P. (हिलति) To sport amorously, wanton, dally, express amorous desire.

हिलिहिल *a.* Sporting, dallying.

हिलमोचिः, -मोचिका, -मोची Enhydra Hingha (Mar. चाकवत).

हिल्लः A kind of aquatic bird.

हिल्लोलः 1 A wave, billow. -2 The musical mode called Hindola. -3 A caprice, whim. -4 A kind of coitus.

हिल्वलाः *f. pl. N.* of five small stars in the head of the lunar mansion called मृगशिरस्.

ही *ind.* An interjection of 1 Surprise (ah!); ही वीर कुरुराजेति ही भीम इति जल्पताम् Mb. 1. 135. 2; हताविधिलसितानां ही विचित्रो विपाकः Śi. 11. 64; or आः, कष्टम्, बत, ही, चित्रम्... Bk. 6. 11 and ही चित्रं लक्ष्मणेनोचे Bk. 14. 39; (often repeated in theatrical language in this sense). -2 Fatigue, despondency or sorrow. -3 Reason (cf. हि).

हीन *p. p.* [ह्य-क्त तस्य नः ईत्वम्] 1 Left, abandoned, forsaken &c.; यो वैश्यः स्याद् बहुपशुहीनकतुरसोमपः। कुटुम्बात् तस्य तद् द्रव्यमाहरेद्यज्ञसिद्धये ॥ Ms. 11. 12. -2 Destitute or deprived of, bereft of, without; (with instr. or in comp.); तथा (संतत्या) हीनं विधातर्मा कथं पश्यन्न दूयसे R. 1. 70; गुणैर्हीना न शोभन्ते निर्गन्धा इव किंशुकाः Subhāṣ.; so द्रव्य°, मति°, उत्साह° &c.; अन्नहीनो दहेद्राष्ट्रं मन्त्रहीनस्तु ऋत्विजः। दीक्षितं दक्षिणाहीनो नास्ति यज्ञसमो रिपुः Ms. 11. 40 (v. l.) -3 Excluded, shut out from (with abl.). -4 Decayed, wasted. -5 Deficient, defective; हीनातिरिक्तगात्रो वा तमप्यपनयेत्ततः Ms. 3. 242. -6 Subtracted. -7 Less, lower; हीनान्नवल्लेखः स्यात् सर्वदा गुरुसंनिधौ Ms. 2. 194; हीना हीनान् प्रसूयन्ते 10. 31. -8 Low, base, mean, vile. -9 Defeated (in a law-suit). -10 Lost, strayed from (a caravan). -**नः** 1 A defective witness. -2 A faulty respondent; (Nārada enumerates five kinds:—अन्यवादी क्रियाद्वेषी नोपस्थायी निरुत्तरः। आहूतप्रपलयी च हीनः पञ्चविधः स्मृतः ॥). -3 Subtraction. -**ना** A female mouse; cf. दीना. -**नम्** Deficiency, want. -**Comp.** -**अङ्ग** *a.* deficient in a limb, crippled, maimed, defective; हीनाङ्गो वाधिकाङ्गो वा या भवेत् कन्यका नृणाम्। भर्तुः स्यात् सा विनाशाय स्वशीलनिधनाय च ॥ Pt. 5. 95; Ms. 4. 141; Y. 1. 222. (-**गी**) a small ant. -**कर्मन्**, **क्रिय** *a.* neglecting the customary religious rites; Ms. 3. 7. -**कुल**, -**ज** *a.* baseborn, of low family. -**कृतु** *a.* one who neglects his sacrifice; Ms. 11. 12. -**जाति** *a.* 1 of a low caste. -2 excommunicated, outcaste, degraded; हीनजातिस्त्रियं मोहादुद्ब्रह्मन्तो द्विजातयः। कुलान्येव नयन्त्याशु संसतानानि शूद्रताम् ॥ Ms. 3. 15. -**पक्ष** *a.* unprotected. -**प्रतिज्ञा** *a.* faithless. -**यानम्** *N.* of the earliest system of Buddhist doctrine. -**योनिः** *f.* low birth or origin. -**रोमन्** *a.* bald. -**वर्ण** *a.* 1 of low caste. -2 of inferior rank. -**वादः** a defective statement, contradictory evidence, prevarication. -**वादिन्** *a.* 1 making a defective statement. -2 prevaricating. -3 dumb, speechless. -4 cast in law, defeated. -**सख्यम्** associating with low persons. -**सामन्तः** a deposed king; Śukra. 1. 189. -**सन्धिः** an agreement made by an inferior king. -**सेवा** attendance on base persons.

हीनक *a.* Deprived of.

हीनित *a.* 1 Deprived of one's own. -2 Separated from. -3 Subtracted.

हीन्तालः The marshy date tree.

हीरः [ह्य-क नि] 1 A snake. -2 A necklace. -3 A lion. -4 *N.* of the father of Sriharṣa, the author of the