

**स्कन्धः** [ स्कन्धते आरुह्यतेऽसौ सुखेन शाखया वा कर्मणि घञ् पृष्ठोऽ; cf. Un. 4. 206 ] 1 The shoulder; महर्षभस्कन्ध-मननकन्धरम् Ki. 14. 40. -2 The body; सूक्ष्मग्रोनीनि भूतानि तर्कंगम्यानि कानिचित्। पश्मणोऽपि निपातेन येषां स्थात् स्कन्धपर्ययः ॥ Mb. 12. 15. 26. -3 The trunk or stem of a tree; तीव्राचातप्रतिहततरुस्कन्धलमैकदन्तः S. 1. 32; R. 4. 57; Me. 55. -4 A branch or large bough; स्कन्धाधिरुदोज्जवलीलकाटान् Si. 4. 7. -5 A department or branch of human knowledge; Si. 2. 28. -6 A chapter, section, division (of a book). -7 A division or detachment of an army; द्वितीयं प्रेषयामास बलस्कन्धं युधिष्ठिरः Mb. 5. 196. 9; R. 4. 30. -8 A troop, multitude, group; 'स्कन्धः स्थान्तृपतौ वेशो साम्परायसमूहयोः' इति भेदिनी; Mb. 14. 45. 1. -9 The five objects of sense. -10 The five forms of mundane consciousness (in Buddhistic phil.); सर्वकार्यशरीरेषु मुक्त्वावग्स्कन्धपञ्चकम् Si. 2. 28. -11 War, battle. -12 A king. -13 An agreement. -14 A road, way; Mb. 3. -15 A wise or learned man. -16 A heron. -17 Articles used at the coronation of a king. -18 A part (अंशः); तदव्यानविस्तृपुण्यस्कन्धस्य भूरिदः Bhāg. 11. 23. 10. -न्धा 1 A branch. -2 A creeper. -Comp. -अग्निः; -अनलः the trunk of a tree set on fire, fire made with thick logs. -आचारः 1 an army or a division of it; स्कन्धाचारमयौ निवेश्य विषमे सौवेलमूर्धिं स्वयम् Mv. 6. 17; Dūtavākyam 1. -2 a royal capital or residence; ततु दृष्ट्वा पुरं तच्च स्कन्धाचारं च पाण्डवाः Mb. 1. 185. 6. -3 a camp; स्कन्धाचारानिवेशः Kau. A. 10; उपालब्धं संगत्वा तु स्कन्धाचारं प्रविश्य च Mb. 5. 8. 25. -उपानेय a. to be carried on the shoulders. (-यः) a form of peace-offering in which fruit or grain is presented, as a mark of submission. -घनः cognition; अन्यसिन् स्कन्धघने-ऽन्येन स्कन्धघनेन यज्ञानं तत् तस्ततिजेनान्येनोपलभयते नातास्ततिजेनान्येन। तस्मात् शून्याः स्कन्धघना इति SB. on MS. 1. 1. 5. -चापः a sort of pole or yoke for carrying burdens; cf. शिक्षय (Mar. कावड). -जः a tree growing from a principal stem. -तरुः the cocoa-nut tree. -देशः 1 the shoulder; इदमुपहितस्कन्धग्रन्थिना स्कन्धदेशो S. 1. 19. -2 that part of the elephant's body, where the driver sits. -3 the stem of a tree. -परिनिर्वाणम् the annihilation of the elements of being (with Buddhists). -पीठम् the shoulder-blade. -फलः 1 the cocoa-nut tree. -2 the Bilva tree. -3 the glomerous fig-tree. -बन्धना a sort of fennel. -मल्लकः a heron. -रुहः the (Indian) fig-tree. -वाहः, -वाहकः an ox trained to carry burdens, pack-bullock. -शाखा a principal branch, the forked branch issuing from the upper stem of a tree. -शूद्रः a buffalo. -स्कन्धः every shoulder.

**स्कन्धस्** n. 1 The shoulder. -2 The trunk of a tree.

**स्कन्धिकः** An ox trained to carry burdens; cf. स्कन्धवाह.

**स्कन्धिन्** a. (-नी f.) 1 Having shoulders. -2 Having branches or a branched stem. -m. A tree.

**स्कम्भ** 1 A., 5, 9 P. (स्कम्भते, स्कम्भोति, स्कम्भनाति) 1 To create. -2 To stop, hinder, impede, obstruct, curb, restrain; स्कम्भायत निर्देति सेवतामतिम् Rv. 10. 76. 4. -3 To prop, support; चस्कम्भयः स्वरभसाऽस्खलता त्रिवृष्टम् Bhāg. 2. 7. 40. -Caus. (स्कम्भयति-ते or स्कम्भायति-ते) To stop &c.

**स्कन्ध** p. p. 1 Supported, propped. -2 Stopped.

**स्कम्भः** 1 Support, prop, stay. -2 Fulcrum. -3 The Supreme Being. -4 N. of the Vedic deity.

**स्कम्भनम्** 1 The act of supporting. -2 A support, prop.

**स्कान्द** a. (-न्दी f.) [स्कन्द-अण्] Relating to Skanda. -2 Relating to Siva. -न्दम् The Skanda Purāna.

**स्कु** 5, 9 U. (स्कुनोति, स्कुनुते, स्कुनाति, स्कुनीते) 1 To go up by leaps, jump, bound. -2 To raise, lift. -3 To cover, overspread; अस्कुनाचेषुवृष्टिभिः Bk. 17. 82. -4 To approach. -With प्रति to cover; Bk. 18. 73.

**स्कुन्द** 1 A. (स्कुन्दते) 1 To jump. -2 To raise, lift.

**स्कुम्भ** 5, 9 P. (स्कुम्भा-भ्नो-ति) To stop, hinder.

**स्कोटिका** A kind of wagtail.

**स्खद्** 1 A. (स्खदते) 1 To cut, cut or tear to pieces. -2 To destroy. -3 To hurt, injure, kill. -4 To rout, defeat completely. -5 To fatigue, exhaust, trouble. -6 To make or be firm.

**स्खदनम्** 1 Cutting, tearing to pieces. -2 Hurting, injuring, killing. -3 Troubling, harassing. -4 Firmness.

**स्खल** 1 P. (स्खलति, स्खलित) 1 To stumble, tumble, fall down, slip, trip; स्खलति चरणं भूमौ न्यस्तं न चार्द्रतमा मही Mk. 9. 13; Ku. 5. 24. -2 To totter, waver, shake, fluctuate. -3 To be disobeyed or violated (as an order); देवस्य शासनं पौरेषु कथं स्खलिष्यति Mu. 3; 3. 24; R. 18. 43. -4 To fall or deviate from the right course; मन्मथेन परिलुप्तमतीनां प्रायशः स्खलितमप्युपकारि Ki. 9. 37. -5 To be affected or excited; मातसर्यागोपहतामनां हि स्खलन्ति साधुष्वपि मानसानि Ki. 3. 53; 13. 6. -6 To err, blunder, commit mistakes; स्खलतो हि करालम्; सुहृत्सचिवचेष्टिम् H. 3. 127 (where it has sense 1 also). -7 To stammer, lisp, falter; वदनकमलकं शिशोः स्मरामि स्खलदसमज्जुलिपतं ते U. 4. 4; R. 9. 76; Ku. 5. 56. -8 To fail, have no effect; राघवः स्खलितवीर्यमातमनि R. 11. 83. -9 To drop, drip, trickle; विपद्मकीरस्खलितोर्मिसंहतिः Ki. 8. 27. -10 To go, move. -11 To disappear. -12 To collect, gather. -Caus. (स्खलयति-ते) 1 To cause to stumble or trip. -2 To cause to err or blunder, cause to falter or stammer; वचनानि स्खलयन् पदे Ku. 4. 12; स्खलयति वचनं ते संश्रयलयमज्जम् Ma. 3. 8.

**स्खलनम्** [स्खल-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Stumbling, slipping, tripping, falling down. -2 Tottering. -3 Deviating from the right course. -4 Blundering, error, mistake. -5 Failure, disappointment, unsuccessfulness. -6 Stam-