

शाकल्यः N. of an ancient grammarian mentioned by Pāṇini; (he is supposed to have arranged the *Pada* text of the *Rigveda*).

शाकारी One of the lowest forms of Prākṛita, the dialect spoken by the Śakas or Śakāra, as in the *Mṛichchhakatika*.

शाकिनम् A field; as in शाकशाकिनम्.

शाकिनी [शाकमस्त्यस्या इनि] 1 A field of vegetables. -2 A kind of female being attendant on Durgā (supposed to be a demon or fairy).

शाकुण a. (-णी f.) 1 Repentent. -2 Afflicting others (परतापक).

शाकुन (-नी f.) [शाकुन-अण्] 1 Relating to birds; शाकुनेनाथ पञ्च वै (पितरः प्रीयन्ते) Ms. 3. 268. -2 Relating to omens. -3 Ominous.

शाकुनिकः [शाकुनेन पक्षिवधादिना जीवति ठञ्] A fowler, bird-catcher; Mk. 6; Ms. 8. 260. -कम् The interpretation of omens.

शाकुनेयः A small owl.

शाकुनिन् m. A fisherman.

शाकुन्तलः, -शाकुन्तलेयः A metronymic of Bharata (son of Śakuntalā). -लम् The drama called अभिज्ञान-शाकुन्तल of Kālidāsa.

शाकुन्तिकः A fowler, bird-catcher.

शाकुल, **शाकुलिक** a. Belonging to fish; सप्त वै शाकुलेन तु (मासान् पितरः प्रीयन्ते) Mb. 13. 88. 6.

शाकुलिकः A fisherman.

शाकरः An ox.

शाक्री N. of one of the five विभाषाs or corrupt dialects.

शाक्त a. (-क्ती f.) [शक्तिर्देवतास्य अण्] 1 Relating to power. -2 Relating to Śakti or the female personification of divine energy. -क्तः A worshipper of Śakti; (the Śaktas are generally worshippers of Durgā representing the female personification of divine energy, and the ritual enjoined to them is of two kinds, the pure or right hand ritual दक्षिणाचार, and impure or left-hand ritual वामाचार q. q. v. v.).

शाक्तिकः 1 A worshipper of Śakti. -2 A spearman, lancer.

शाक्तीकः A spearman, lancer.

शाक्तेयः, **शाक्त्यः** 1 A worshipper of Śakti. -2 N. of Parāśara.

शाक्यः [शक्-घञ् तत्र साधुः यत्] 1 N. of the family of Buddha. -2 N. of Buddha. -Comp. -पुत्रीयः a Bud-

dhist monk. -भिक्षुः, -भिक्षुकः a Buddhist religious mendicant. -मुनिः, -सिंहः epithets of Buddha. -शासनम् the doctrine of Buddha.

शाक a. Relating or belonging to Indra; प्रादुश्चके ततः पार्थः शाकमखं महारथः Mb. 7. 93. 21. -कम् The ज्येष्ठा Nakṣatra (presided over by Indra). -Comp. -दिश् the east.

शाक्री 1 N. of Śachī, wife of Indra. -2 Of Durgā.

शाकवरः An ox; cf. शाकर; Hch. 7.

शाख् 1 P. (शाखति) To pervade, fill completely.

शाखः N. of Kārtikeya.

शाखा 1 A branch (as of a tree); आवर्ज्य शाखाः R. 16. 19. -2 An arm. -3 A party, section, faction. -4 A part or subdivision of a work. -5 A school, branch, sect. -6 A part or division of an animal. -7 A school or traditional recension of the Veda, the traditional text followed by a school; as in शाकलशाखा, आश्वलायनशाखा, बाष्कलशाखा &c. -8 A branch of any science. -Comp. -अध्येत् a follower of any particular text of the Veda. -अन्तग a. one who has finished one शाखा; Ms. 3. 145. -चङ्क्रमणम् 'leaping from branch to branch', irregular study. -चन्द्रन्यायः see under न्याय. -नगरम्, -पुरम् a suburb; प्रवेशयेच्च तान् सर्वान् शाखानगरकेष्वपि. -पित्तम् inflammation of the extremities of the body, e. g. hands, shoulders &c. -बाहुः a branch-like arm. -भृत् m. a tree. -भेदः difference of (Vedic) school. -मृगः 1 a monkey; an ape; एतां दृष्ट्वा स्त्रियो मेऽन्या यथा शाखामृगस्त्रियः Mb. 3. 267. 3. -2 a squirrel. -रण्डः 'a traitor to his Śakhā', a Brāhmaṇa who has changed his own school of the Vedas. -रथ्या a branch-road. -वातः pain in the limbs. -विलीन a. sitting on branches (as a bird). -शिफा a root growing from a branch (as of the fig-tree).

शाखालः A sort of cane (वानरी).

शाखिन् a. [शाखा अस्त्यस्य इनि] 1 Having branches (fig. also). -2 Branching, ramifying. -3 Belonging to any branch or school (as of the Veda). -m. 1 A tree; कुल्याम्भोभिः पवनचपलेः शाखिनो धौतमूलाः Ś. 1. 15. -2 A Veda. -3 A follower of any Vedic school or recension.

शाखीय a. Belonging to a school of the Veda.

शाखोटः, **शाखोटकः** N. of a tree; Trophis Aspera (Mar. हेदी); कस्त्वं भो कथयामि देवहतकं मां विद्धि शाखोटकम् K. P. 10.

शाङ्करः 1 A bull. -2 A Śaivaite, a devotee of Śaṅkara; प्रतोषिताश्च शाङ्कराः Cholachampu p. 24, verse 59. -3 A follower of Śaṅkarāchārya.

शाङ्करिः 1 N. of Kārtikeya. -2 Of Gaṇeśā. -3. Fire.