

to ruin. -5 N. of a demon killed by Kṛiṣṇa. -Comp. -ईश्वरः N. of Garuḍa. -प्रपा a trough for watering birds. -वादः 1 the cry or sound of a bird. -2 the crowing of a cock.

शकुनी 1 A hen-sparrow. -2 A kind of bird.

शकुन्तः [शक्-उन्त] 1 A bird in general; अंसन्यापि-शकुन्तनीडनिचितं बिभ्रज्जटामण्डलम् S. 7. 11. -2 The blue jay. -3 A kind of bird. -4 A sort of insect.

शकुन्तकः A bird.

शकुन्तला [शकुन्तैः लायते ला घञर्थे क] N. of the daughter of Viśvāmitra by the nymph Menakā who was sent down by Indra to disturb the sage's austerities. [When Menakā went up to the heaven she left the child in a solitary forest where she was taken care of by 'Śakuntas' or birds, whence she was called "Śakuntalā". She was afterwards found by the sage Kaṇva and brought up as his own daughter. When Duśyanta in the course of his hunting came to the sage's hermitage, he was fascinated by her charms and prevailed on her to become his wife by the Gandharva form of marriage; (see Duśyanta). She bore to him a son named Bharata, who became a universal monarch, and gave his name to India which came to be called Bharatavarṣa.]

शकुन्तिः A bird; कलमविरलं रत्युत्कण्ठाः क्वणन्तु शकुन्तयः U. 3. 24.

शकुन्तिका 1 A bird; छन्ना परिदामि मृत्यवे सौनिको गृह-शकुन्तिकामिव U. 1. 45. -2 A kind of bird. -3 A locust, cricket.

शकुर a. Tame, quiet (as an animal); Hch. 6.

शकुलः, -ली [शक्-उलच् Un. 1. 93] A kind of fish. -Comp. -अक्षका, -अक्षी white bent grass, Panicum Dactylon (Mar. शुक्लदूर्वा). -अदनी 1 a kind of medicinal plant (called Kaṭki). -2 an earthworm. -अर्भकः, -गण्डः a kind of fish.

शकृत् n. [शक्-श्रतन् Un. 4. 58] Ordure, excrement, especially of animals. -Comp. -करिः m., f., -करी a calf; शकृत्करिर्वत्सः Sk. -कीटः a dung-beetle. -द्वारम् the anus. -पिण्डः, -पिण्डकः a ball or lump of dung; शष्पाण्याति प्रकिरति शकृत्पिण्डकानाम्नात्रात् U. 4. 26. -भेदः diarrhoea.

शकरः, -शकरिः A bull; Hch. 6.

शकरी 1 A river. -2 A girdle, zone. -3 A woman of impure caste. -4 A finger. -5 N. of a metre; L. D. B.

शक्त p. p. [शक्-क्त] 1 Able, capable, competent (with gen. or loc. or inf.); बहुवोऽस्य कर्मणः शक्ताः Ve. 3; तस्योप-कारे शक्तस्त्वं किं जीवन् किमुतान्यथा *ibid*; शक्तस्य शक्यकारणात् Sān. K. 9. -2 Strong, mighty, powerful. -3 Rich,

opulent; शक्तः परजने दाता स्वजने दुःखजीविनि Ms. 11. 9. -4 Significant, expressive, conveying a meaning by denotation (अभिधा or शक्ति) and not by indication (लक्षणा) (as a word). -5 Clever, intelligent. -6 Speaking kindly or agreeably.

शक्तिः f. [शक्-क्तिन्] 1 (a) Power, ability, capacity, strength, energy, prowess; देवं निहत्य कुरु पौरुषमात्मशक्त्या Pt. 1. 361; ज्ञाने मौनं क्षमा शक्तौ R. 1. 22; so यथाशक्ति, स्वशक्ति &c. (b) Faculty, capacity; स्मरण-शक्ति 'retentive faculty or memory'. -2 Regal power; (it has three parts or elements; 1 प्रभुशक्ति or प्रभावशक्ति 'the majesty or pre-eminent position of the king himself'; 2 मंत्रशक्ति 'the power of good counsel'; and 3 उत्साहशक्ति 'the power of energy'); राज्यं नाम शक्तित्रयायत्तम् Dk.; त्रिसाधना शक्तिरिवार्थसंचयम् R. 3. 13; 6. 33; 17. 63; Śi. 2. 26. -3 The power of composition, poetic power or genius; शक्तिर्निपुणता लोकशास्त्रकाव्याद्यवेक्षणान् K. P. 1; see explanation *ad loc*. -4 The active power of a deity, regarded as his wife, female divinity; (these are variously enumerated, 8, 9 or even 50 being mentioned); स जयति परिणद्धः शक्तिभिः शक्तिनाथः Mā. 5. 1; Ś. 7. 35. -5 A kind of missile; शक्तिखण्डामर्षितेन गाण्डीविनोक्तम् Ve. 3; ततो बिभेद पौलस्त्यः शक्त्या वक्षसि लक्ष्मणम् R. 12. 77. -6 A spear, dart, pike, lance. -7 (In phil.) The relation of a term to the thing designated. -8 The power inherent in cause to produce its necessary effect. -9 (In Rhet.) The power or signification of a word; (these are three अभिधा, लक्षणा and व्यञ्जना); तिस्रः शब्दस्य शक्तयः S. D. 11. -10 The expressive power or denotation of a word (opp. लक्षणा and व्यञ्जना); it is thus defined:— अस्माच्छब्दादयमर्थो बोद्धव्य इत्याकारकोऽनादिसंकेतः शक्तिः Tarka. K. -11 The female organ, the counterpart of the Phallus of Śiva worshipped by a sect of people called Śaktas. -12 A sword. -13 An implement in gambling. -Comp. -अर्थः perspiring and panting through fatigue or exertion. -अपेक्ष, -अपेक्षिन् a. having regard to strength; षाड्गुण्यमुपयुञ्जीत शक्त्यपेक्षो रसायनम् Śi. 2. 93. -कुण्ठनम् the deadening of a power. -ग्रह a. 1 apprehending the force or meaning. -2 armed with a spear. (-हः) 1 apprehension of the force, meaning, or acceptation of a word. -2 a spearman, lancer. -3 an epithet of Śiva. -4 of Kārtikeya. -ग्राहक a. determining or establishing the meaning of a word. (-कः) epithet of Kārtikeya. -त्रयम् the three constituent elements of regal power; see शक्ति (2) above. -धर a. strong, powerful. (-रः) 1 a spearman. -2 an epithet of Kārtikeya; ततस्तामेव चोक्तव्य शक्ति शक्तिधरप्रियः Rām. 7. 8. 11. -ध्वजः N. of Kārtikeya; शक्तिध्वजशिखरशूलोत्सेधं सौधमागतम् Dk. 2. 5. -नाथः N. of Śiva; स जयति परिणद्धः शक्तिभिः शक्तिनाथः Mā. 5. 1. -पर्णः Alstonia Scholaris (Mar. सातवीण). -पाणिः, -भृत् m. 1 a spearman. -2 an epithet of Kārtikeya. -पातः 1 prostration of strength. -2 In Yoga philosophy, a spiritual procedure.