

व्यावृत्त *p. p.* 1 Turned away from, withdrawn from; व्यावृत्ता यत्परस्वेभ्यः ध्रुतो तस्करता स्थिता R. 1. 27; V. 1. 8. -2 Separated from, singled out. -3 (a) Excluded, set aside; different from; अयमर्थोऽस्माद् व्यावृत्तः Tarka K. (b) Not being found or existing in, absent from (frequently used in phil. in this sense); धूमो जलहृदादेर्व्यावृत्तः Tarka K.; Mu. 5. 10. -4 Revolved, turned round. -5 Encompassed, surrounded. -6 Desisting, ceased from; व्यावृत्तगतिरुद्यानि कुसुमस्तेयसाध्वसात् Ku. 2. 35. -7 Split asunder. -8 Changed; जगाम दक्षिणं मार्गं सोमो व्यावृत्तलक्षणः Mb. 12. 141. 15. -**Comp.** -**गति** *a.* desisting from any course of action.

व्यावृत्तिः *f.* 1 Covering, screening. -2 Exclusion, separation. -3 Not being found in, absence from; विपक्षाद् व्यावृत्तिः Tarka K. -4 Surrounding. -5 Rolling backwards. -6 Praise, eulogium. -7 Recurrence, repetition; मन्त्रस्य व्यावृत्तिर्न्याय्या ŚB. on MS. 12. 1. 42. -**Comp.** -**बुद्धिः** *f.* the notion of exclusion.

व्यासः 1 Distribution, separation into parts. -2 Dissolution or analysis of a compound. -3 Severalty, distinction. -4 Diffusion, extension; तस्यैव व्यासमिच्छामि ज्ञातुं ते भगवन् यथा Bhāg. 6. 4. 2. -5 Width, breadth. -6 The diameter of a circle. -7 A fault in pronunciation. -8 Arrangement, compilation. -9 An arranger, a compiler; द्वैपायनोऽस्मि व्यासानां कवीनां काव्य आत्मवान् Bhāg. 11. 16. 28. -10 N. of a celebrated sage. [He was the son of the sage Parāśara by Satyavati (born before her marriage with Santanu q. v.); but he retired to the wilderness as soon as he was born, and there led the life of a hermit, practising the most rigid austerities until he was called by his mother Satyavati to beget sons on the widows of her son Vichitravīrya. He was thus the father of Pāṇḍu and Dhṛitarāṣṭra and also of Vidura; q. q. v. v. He was at first called 'Kṛiṣṇadvaipāyana' from his dark complexion and from his having been brought forth by Satyavati on a Dvīpa or island; but he afterwards came to be called Vyāsa or 'the arranger', as he was supposed to have arranged the Vedas in their present form; विव्यास वेदान् यस्मात् स तस्माद् व्यास इति स्मृतः; cf. also जातः स यमुनाद्वीपे द्वैपायन इति स्मृतः। व्यस्य वेदान् समस्तांश्च व्यासतामगमद्विभुः॥ Bm. 1. 214. He is believed to be the author of the great epic, the Mahābhārata, which he is said to have composed with Gaṇapati for his scribe. The eighteen Purāṇas, as also the Brahma-sūtras and several other works are also ascribed to him. He is one of the seven *chirajeevins* or deathless persons; cf. चिरजीविन्.]. -11 A Brāhmaṇa who recites or expounds the Purāṇas in public. -**Comp.** -**पीठम्** the seat of the an expounder of the Purāṇas. -**पूजा** N. of the observance of honouring one's preceptor, performed on the 15th of the bright half of Aṣāḍha. -**समास** (dual) details and the aggregate; आयव्ययौ च व्याससमासाभ्यामाचक्षीत Kau. A. 2. 9.

व्यासञ्ज् 1 P. To attach firmly to, fasten on.

व्यासक्त *p. p.* 1 Closely adhering to; व्यासक्तः सहसा द्विजोपहसितः नमो हरः पातु वः Udb. -2 Attached or devoted to, intent on, occupied or busy with (with loc.). -3 Separated, detached, disjoined. -4 Confused, bewildered. -5 Clasped, embraced.

व्यासङ्गः 1 Close adherence, intent attachment or application. -2 Intentness, devotion; परार्थव्यासङ्गादुपजहदथ स्वार्थपरताम् Bv. 1. 79. -3 Diligent study. -4 Attention; दानज्यानिविषादमूकमधुपव्यासङ्गदीनाननः Mā. 9. 33. -5 Detachment, separation. -6 Perplexity, confusion. -7 Addition.

व्यासिद्ध *p. p.* 1 Prohibited, forbidden. -2 Contraband (said of goods &c.).

व्यासेधः Restraint, prohibition.

व्याहन 2 P. 1 To obstruct, thwart, oppose, impede. -2 To repel, drive back. -3 To strike excessively. -4 To violate, transgress, disobey; राज्ञी राज्यं विधिवदशिष्यदुर्व्याहताज्ञा R. 19. 57. -5 To foil, frustrate, disappoint. -6 To trouble, vex, annoy.

व्याहत *p. p.* 1 Obstructed, impeded. -2 Repelled, repulsed. -3 Foiled, disappointed; Śi. 3. 40. -4 Confused, bewildered, alarmed. -**Comp.** -**अर्थता** one of the faults of composition; see K. P. 7.

व्याहतिः (In logic) Contradiction.

व्याहावः A distinct call.

व्याहित *a.* Diseased (व्याधिग्रस्त); एतद्वै परमं तपो तद् व्याहितस्तप्यते Bri. Up. 5. 11. 1.

व्याह 1 P. 1 To speak, say, utter, tell, narrate, declare; व्याजहार हरसूनुसंनिभः R. 11. 83; Ku. 2. 62; 6. 2. -2 To explain. -3 To cry, scream, shout. -4 To answer. -5 To sport; enjoy. -6 To cut off, sever; Mb. 6.

व्याहरणम् 1 Utterance, pronunciation; भविष्यति महातेजाः पुत्रस्तव यशस्विनि। प्रभावाद्वासुदेवस्य मम व्याहरणादपि॥ Mb. 14. 62. 12. -2 Speech, narration.

व्याहारः 1 Speech, utterance, words; आविर्भूतज्योतिषां ब्राह्मणानां ये व्याहारास्तेषु मा संशयोऽभूत् U. 4. 18; 5. 29. -2 Voice, note, sound; परमृतकलव्याहारेषु त्वमात्तरतिर्मधुम् M. 5. 1. -3 Jest, joke, humorous speech. -4 Song (of birds).

व्याहृत *p. p.* Said, spoken, uttered. -**तम्** 1 Speaking, talking. -2 Inarticulate speech or song; रसज्ञाने तु जिह्वेयं व्याहृते वाक् तथोच्यते Mb. 12. 210. 32. -3 Information, instruction.

व्याहृतिः *f.* 1 Utterance, speech, words; न हीश्वर-व्याहृतयः कदाचित् पुष्पान्ति लोके विपरीतमर्थम् Ku. 3. 63. -2 Statement, expression; भूतार्थव्याहृतिः सा हि न स्तुतिः परमेष्ठिनः R. 10. 33. -3 A mystic word uttered by every Brāhmaṇa.