

was he impressed with the power inherent in Brāhmanism that he devoted himself to the most rigorous austerities till he successively got the titles *Rajarṣi*, *Riṣi*, *Maharṣi*, and *Brahmarṣi*, but he was not contented till Vasiṣṭha himself called him by the name *Brahmarṣi*, which, however, took place after several thousands of years. Viśvāmitra several times tried to excite Vasiṣṭha—for example by killing his one hundred sons—but the great sage was not in the least perturbed. His power, even before he finally became a Brahmarṣi, was very great, as was seen in his transporting Trisāṅku to the skies, in saving Sunahṣepa from the hands of Indra, in creating things after the style of Brahman &c. &c. He was the companion and counsellor of young Rāma to whom he gave several miraculous missiles.] -Comp. -प्रियः Coconut (tree and fruit); L. D. B. -सृष्टिः the thing created by विश्वामित्र (these are several as Palmyra, buffalo, ass &c.).

विश्वाराज *m.* [विश्वस्य राजा] A king of the universe, universal monarch.

विश्वामसुः N. of a Gandharva; Bhāg. 7. 4. 14.

विश्वेदेवृ The clitoris.

विश्वेभोजस् N. of Indra.

विश्वेवेदस् N. of Agni.

विष् I. 3 U. (वेष्टि, वेष्टि, विष्ट) 1 To surround. -2 To spread through, extend, pervade. -3 To embrace. -4 To accomplish, effect, perform. -5 To eat. -6 To go to, go against, encounter; (not generally used in classical literature). -II. 9 P. (विष्णाति) To separate, disjoin. -III. 1 P. (वेष्टि) To sprinkle, pour out.

विष् *f.* 1 Feces, excrement, ordure; मूत्रविद् प्राणकर्मविद् Ms. 5. 135. -2 Spreading, diffusion. -3 A girl, as in विदपति. -Comp. -कारिका (विदकारिका) a kind of bird. -कृमिः (विदकृमिः) a worm bred in the bowels. -खदिरः *Vschellia Farnesiana* (Mar. शेष्या खैर). -ग्रहः (विदग्रहः) constipation. -घातः (विदघातः) a urinary disease. -चरः, -वराहः (विदचरः, विदवराहः) a tame or village hog (eating ordure). -पतिः a son-in-law; Ms. 3. 148. -बन्धः (विदबन्धः) constipation. -भङ्गाः diarrhoea; also विदभेदः. -भुज् (विदभुज्) *a.* feeding on ordure; कृमिकोटपतङ्गमनां विदभुजां चैव पक्षिणाम् Ms. 12. 56. -*m.* a dung beetle or a similar insect; कष्टान् कामानर्हते विदभुजां ये Bhāg. 5. 5. 1. -लवणम् (विदलवणम्) a kind of medicinal salt. -संगः (विदसंगः) constipation. -सारिका (विदसारिका) a kind of bird (Mar. मैना).

विषम् [विष्-क] 1 Poison, venom (said to be *m.* also in this sense); विषं भवतु मा भूद्वा फटाटोपो भयंकरः Pt. 1. 204. -2 Water; विषं जलधरैः पीतं मूर्च्छिताः पथिकाङ्गनाः Chandr. 5.

82 (where both senses are intended). -3 The fibres of a lotus-stalk. -4 Gum-myrrh. -5 A poisonous weapon; विमोक्षयन्ति विषं कुदाः कौरवेषु भारत Mb. 3. 8. 3. -Comp. -अक्त, -दिग्ध *a.* poisoned, envenomed. -अङ्कुरः 1 a spear. -2 a poisoned arrow. -अन्तक *a.* antidotal. (-कः) an epithet of Śiva. -अपह, -घ्न *a.* repelling poison, antidotic. -आननः, -आयुधः, -आस्यः a snake. -आस्या the marking-nut plant. -आस्वाद *a.* tasting poison; मध्वापातो विषास्वादः स धर्मप्रतिरूपकः Ms. 11. 9. -उदम्, -जलम् poisonous water; आस्फोट्य गाढरशनो न्यपतद्विषोदे Bhāg. 10. 16. 6. -कण्ठः N. of Śiva. -कुम्भः a jar filled with poison. -कृत *a.* poisoned; तत्र भार्या महाबाहो भक्ष्यं विषकृतं यथा Rām 4. 6. 8. -कृमिः a worm bred in poison. °न्याय see under न्याय. -घटिका N. of a solar month. -घातिन् *m.* Śiṛiṣa tree. -घ्न *a.* antidotal, serving as an antidote; इति चिन्ताविषघ्नोऽयमगदः किं न पीयते H. 1. (-घ्नः) 1 an antidote. -2 the शिरीष and चम्पक trees. (-घ्नी) 1 turmeric. -2 colocynth. -जुष्ट *a.* 1 poisonous. -2 poisoned, affected by poison. -ज्वरः a buffalo. -तन्त्रम् toxicology. -दः a cloud; जगदन्तकालसमवेतविषद... Śi. 15. 73. (-दम्) green vitriol. -दन्तकः a snake. -दर्शनमृत्युकः, -मृत्युः a kind of bird (said to be Chakora). -दिग्ध *a.* poisoned. -द्रुमः = दृक्ष, *q. v.* -धरः a snake; वहति विषधरान् पटीरजन्मा Bv. 1. 74. °निलयः the lower regions, the abode of snakes. -पुष्पम् the blue lotus. -नाडी a particular inauspicious period of time. -पुष्पकः a disease caused by eating poisonous flowers. -प्रयोगः use of poison, administering poison. -भिषज् *m.*, -वैद्यः a dealer in antidotes, a curer of snake-bites; संप्रति विषवैद्यानां कर्म M. 4. -मन्त्रः 1 a spell for curing snake-bites. -2 a snake-charmer, conjurer. -मुच *m.* a serpent. -रसः a poisoned potion, poison-liquid; विरद्विगारम्भी प्रसृत इव तीव्रो विषरसः U. 2. 26. -विद्या cure of poison. -विद्यानम् administering poison judicially. -वृक्षः, -द्रुमः a poisonous tree; विषवृक्षोऽपि संवर्धय स्वयं छेतुमसांप्रतम् Ku. 2. 55; श्रितासि चन्दनभ्रान्त्या दुर्विपाकं विषद्रुमम् U. 1. 46. °न्याय see under न्याय. -वेगः the circulation or effect of poison. -व्यवस्था 1 the state of being poisoned. -2 the effect of the poison; मन्त्रबलेन विषव्यवस्थामपनेतुमक्षमः Dk. 1. 1. -शालूकः the root of the lotus. -शूकः, -शृङ्गिन्, -सूकन् *m.* a wasp. -सूचकः the Chakora bird. -हरा, -री An epithet of the goddess Manasā. -हृदय *a.* 'poison-hearted', malicious. -हेतिः a serpent.

विषञ्ज् 1 P. To attach or stick to, to hang or suspend upon, (usually in *p. p.*).

विषक्त *p. p.* 1 Fixed firmly or closely. -2 Adhering or clinging closely to. -3 Hung or suspended on; विटप-विषक्तजलार्द्रबल्केषु Ś. 1. 32. -4 Caused, produced; विषक्त-स्तौत्रेण व्रणितहृदयेन व्यथयता U. 4. 3. -5 Occupied, engaged; विषक्ते त्वयि दुर्धर्षं हतः शूरसुतो बलात् Mb. 3. 21. 13. -6 Spread, extended over.

विषण्डम् The fibres of the lotus-stalk.