

**लघीयस्** a. 1 Lighter, lower, very light &c.; (compar. of लघु q. v.). -2 Involving less labour, less laborious; अदृष्टार्थच्छन्दश्चिर्लघीयसी ŚB. on MS. 11. 1. 48.

**लघुता**, -त्वम् 1 Lightness, levity. -2 Smallness, littleness. -3 (a) Insignificance, unimportance, contempt, absence of dignity; इन्द्रोऽपि लघुतां याति स्वयं प्रख्यापिते-गुणैः. (b) Obscurity of birth, humbleness of origin. -4 Dishonour, disrespect; लघुत्वं याति सर्वतः Pt. 1. 140; येन स्याल्लघुता.....तत्कर्म न कुर्यात् कुलसेवकः 353. -5 Activity, quickness. -6 Shortness, brevity. -7 Ease, facility. -8 Thoughtlessness, frivolity. -9 Wantonness.

**लघूक** 8 U. 1 To despise, think meanly of, slight. -2 To make light, reduce in weight. -3 To lessen, shorten (days).

**लघूकृत** p. p. 1 Despised, condemned, slighted. -2 Lessened, abbreviated, shortened. -3 Reduced in weight or importance.

**लघ्वी** 1 A delicate woman, -2 A light carriage; 'लघ्वी लाघवयुक्तानां प्रभेदे स्यन्दनस्य च' इति हेमः; लघ्वी करभौ बभञ्जतुः. -a. short; लघ्वी पुरा वृद्धिमती च पश्चात् Bh.; Śi. 12. 24.

**लङ्** A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Imperfect tense or its terminations.

**लङ्का** [ लङ्-अच् सुम् च ] 1 N. of the capital and residence of Rāvaṇa and identified with the island of Ceylon or the chief town in it; according to some Lankā was much larger than the present island of Ceylon. It was originally built for Mālyavat q. v.; विजितव्या लङ्का चरणतरणीयो जलनिधिः Udb. -2 An unchaste woman, a prostitute, harlot. -3 A branch. -4 A kind of grain. (Mar. लंक). -Comp. -अधिपः, -अधिपतिः, -ईशः, ईश्वरः, -नाथः, -पतिः 'lord of Lankā; i. e. Rāvaṇa or Bibhiṣana लङ्कानाथं पवनतनयं चोभयं स्थापयित्वा कीर्तिस्तम्भद्वयमिव गिरौ दक्षिणे चोत्तरे च R. 15. 103; लङ्केशसंपूजितपादपद्मः पायादः नादिः परमेश्वरो नः. -अरिः an epithet of Rāma. -उदयः the equivalents of the signs in right ascension. -दाहिन m. an epithet of Hanumat.

**लङ्घनी** The bit of a bridle.

**लङ्ग** 1 P. ( लङ्गति ) 1 To go. -2 To go lame, limp.

**लङ्गः** 1 Lameness. -2 Union, association. -3 A lover, paramour.

**लङ्गकः** A lover, paramour.

**लङ्गनी** A stick or rope on which to hang clothes.

**लङ्गलम्** A plough.

**लङ्गिमन्** m. [ लोः इमनिच् ] 1 Beauty; कियदवयवैरेषा-मालिङ्गिताङ्गुलिलङ्गिमा N. 19. 53. -2 Union.

**लङ्गूलम्** The tail of an animal; cf. लङ्गूल.

**लङ्घ** 1 U. ( लङ्घति-ते, लङ्घित; desid. लिलङ्घिषति-ते ) 1 To spring, leap, go by leaps. -2 To mount upon, ascend; अन्ये चालङ्घिषुः शैलान् Bk. 15. 32. -3 To go beyond, transgress; लङ्घते स्म मुनिरेष विमानान् N. 5. 4. -4 To fast, abstain from food. -5 To dry, dry up ( P. ). -6 To diminish, lessen. -7 To seize upon, attack, eat up, injure; पल्लवान् हरिणो लङ्घितुमागच्छति M. 4. -Caus. or 10 U. ( लङ्घयति-ते ) 1 To leap or spring over, go beyond; सागरः प्लवगेन्द्रेण क्रमेणैकेन लङ्घितः Mb.; Ms. 4. 38. -2 To pass over, traverse ( as distance ); अपि लङ्घितमध्वानं बुधुषे न बुधोपमः R. 1. 47. -3 To mount upon, ascend; नितम्ब-मिव मेदिन्याः सस्तांशुकमलङ्घयत् R. 4. 52. -4 To violate, transgress, disobey; स हि निदेशमलङ्घयतामभूत् सुहृदयोहृदयः प्रतिगर्जताम् R. 9. 9; Y. 2. 187. -5 To offend, insult, disrespect, disregard; हस्त इव भूमिमलिनो यथा यथा लङ्घयति खलः सुजनम्। दर्पणमिव तं कुरुते तथा तथा निर्मलच्छायम् ॥ Vās. -6 To prevent, oppose, stop, avoid, avert; भाग्यं न लङ्घयति कोऽपि विधिप्रणीतम् Subhāṣ; Mk. 6. 2. -7 To attack, seize upon, injure, hurt; एषा खलु केसरिणी त्वां लङ्घयति Ś. 7; नास्ति खलु विधेरलङ्घनीयम् V. 4; R. 11. 92. -8 To eat, browse. -9 To excel, surpass, outshine, eclipse; ( यशः ) जगत्प्रकाशं तदशेषमिज्यया भवद्गुणैर्लङ्घयितुं ममोशतः R. 3. 48. -10 To cause to fast. -11 To shine. -12 To speak.

**लङ्घक** a. Ved. A transgressor, violator, offender &c.

**लङ्घनम्** [ लङ्घ-ल्युट् ] 1 Leaping, jumping. -2 Going by leaps, traversing, passing over, going, motion in general; यूयमेव पथि शीघ्रलङ्घनाः Ghat. 8. -3 Mounting, ascending, rising up to ( fig. also ); नभोलङ्घन R. 16. 33; जनोऽयमुच्चैःपदलङ्घनोत्सुकः Ku. 5. 64 'wishing to attain or aspire to a high position'. -4 Assaulting, storming, capturing; as in दुर्गलङ्घनम्. -5 Exceeding, going beyond, overstepping, violating, transgression; आज्ञा-लङ्घनम्, नियमलङ्घनम् &c. -6 Disregarding, despising, treating with contempt, slighting; प्रणिपातलङ्घनं प्रमायुक्ताम् V. 3; M. 3. 22. -7 An offence, affront, insult. -8 A harm, an injury; as in आतपलङ्घनम् q. v. -9 Fasting, abstinence; प्रचक्रमे लङ्घनपूर्वकं क्रमः Śi. 12. 25 ( where it means 'leaping' also ). -10 One of the paces of a horse. -11 Sexual union, impregnating.

**लङ्घनीय**, **लङ्घ्य** a. 1 To be traversed or passed over, passable. -2 To be violated. -3 To be overtaken; आत्मोद्धतेरपि रजोभिरलङ्घनीयाः Ś. 1. 8. -4 To be neglected, or disregarded; मृदुहि राजा सततं लङ्घ्यो भवति सर्वशः Mb. 12. 56. 21. -5 To be fasted; see लङ्घ्.

**लङ्घित** p. p. [ लङ्घ-क्त ] 1 Lept over, passed over. -2 Traversed. -3 Transgressed, violated. -4 Disregarded, insulted, disrespected. -5 Attacked, seized, afflicted; लङ्घित एष भूयोऽपि शकुन्तलाव्याधिना Ś. 6.

**लङ्** 1 P. ( लङ्गति ) To mark, see; cf. लङ्.

**लज्** 1 6 Ā. ( लजते ) To be ashamed. -II. 1 P. ( लजति ) To blame &c.; see लञ् -I. -III. 10 P. ( लजयति )