

Mu. 2. 5. -3 Grown up, increased, developed; जनस्य रुढप्रणयस्य चेतसः Ki. 8. 54. -4 Risen, ascended. -5 Large, great, grown, strong. -6 Diffused, spread about. -7 Commonly known, become current or widely known; क्षतात् किल त्रायत इत्युदग्रः क्षत्रस्य शब्दो भुवनेषु रुढः R. 2. 53; (here क्षत्र has a sense which is योगरूढ q. v.). -8 Popularly accepted, traditional, conventional, popular (as the meaning of a word, or the word itself; as opposed to यौगिक or etymological sense); व्युत्पत्तिरहिताः शब्दा रुढा आखण्डलादयः; नाम रुढमपि च व्युत्पादि Śi. 10. 23. -9 Certain, ascertained. -10 Obscure. -11 Mounted; laden; व्रजान् स्वान् स्वान् समायुज्य ययू रुढपरिच्छदाः Bhāg. 10. 11. 30. -12 Famous, widely known; आसक्ता धूरियं रुढा Ki. 11. 77. -Comp. -ग्रन्थि a. having formed a knot; व्रणो रुढग्रन्थिः स्फुटित इव हृन्मर्मणि पुनः U. 2. 26. -यौवन a. one who has attained to youth. -वंश a. of a high family. -व्रण a. one whose wounds are healed. -सौहृद् a. firm in friendship, of deep-rooted friendship; सखीजनस्ते किमु रुढसौहृद्ः V. 1. 10 (v. 1.).

रुढिः f. [रुढ-क्तिन्] 1 Growth, germination. -2 Birth, production. -3 Increase, development, growth, spread. -4 Rise, ascent. -5 Fame, celebrity, notoriety; चक्रधर इति रथाङ्गमदः सततं विभर्षि भुवनेषु रुढये Śi. 15. 26. -6 A tradition, custom, customary or traditional usage; शास्त्राद् रुढिर्बलीयसी 'custom prevails over precept'. -7 General prevalence, common currency. -8 Popular meaning, conventional acceptance of a word; मुख्यार्थबाधे तयोर्गै रुढितोऽथ प्रयोजनात् K. P. 2; समुदायशक्तिः रुढिः. -9 Decision. -Comp. -शब्दः a word which conveys its sense by रुढि (usage) as opposed to योग (etymology); बहुषु कुशानां लातुः गुणेषु सत्सु निपुणतायामेव कुशलशब्दो रोहाद् रुढिशब्द एव भवति ŚB. on MS. 6. 7. 22. -शब्दता the state of being used in a conventional sense.

रुहरुहिका, रुहरुहिका Longing, anxiety.

रुक्ष् 10 U. (रुक्षयति-ते) 1 To be rough or harsh. -2 To be unkind. -3 Ved. To make dry.

रुक्ष a. (written as रुक्ष also) 1 Rough, harsh, not smooth or soft (as touch, sound &c.); पुस्कोकिलगिरं श्रुत्वा रुक्षा ध्वाङ्गस्य वागिव Mb. 1. 2. 384; रुक्षस्वरं वासति वायसोऽयम् Mk. 9. 10; Ku. 7. 17. -2 Astringent (taste). -3 Rough, uneven, difficult, austere. -4 Sullied, soiled, dirtied; रथतुरगरजोभिस्तस्य रुक्षालकाप्रा R. 7. 70; Mu. 4. 5. -5 Cruel, unkind, harsh; नितान्तरुक्षाभिनिवेशमीशम् R. 14. 43; संरम्भरुक्षमिव सुन्दरि यद् यदासीत् V. 3. 20; Ś. 7. 32; Pt. 4. 91. -6 Arid, parched up, dry, dreary; स्निग्धस्यामाः कचिदपरतो भीषणाभोगरुक्षाः U. 2. 14. -7 Not oily (as food); Bg. 17. 9. (रुक्षीकृ means 'to make rough', 'soil', 'besmear'). -क्षः 1 A tree. -2 Harshness, hardness. -क्षा 1 Croton Polyandrum (Mar. दन्ती). -2 Honey sugar. -क्षम् 1 The thick part of curds. -2 A good kind of iron. -3 Black pepper. -Comp. -गन्धः, -गन्धकः bdellium. -पत्रः the Śākhoṭa tree. -पेषम् ind.

without the addition of any liquid; as in रुक्षपेषं पिनष्टि; P. III. 4. 35. -भावः unfriendly behaviour. -वर्ण a. dark-coloured (as clouds). -वालुकम् honey of a small bee. -स्वरः an ass.

रुक्षणम् 1 Making dry or thin. -2 (In Medic.) A treatment for reducing fat (of the body).

रुक्षणीयः Spirit distilled from molasses.

रुक्षित a. 1 Made rough. -2 Soiled, covered with dirt. -3 Offended.

रूप 10 U. (रूपयति-ते, रूपित) 1 To form, fashion. -2 To represent on the stage, act, gesticulate; रथवेगं निरूप्य Ś. 1. -3 To mark, observe carefully, behold, look at; सर्वेषामपि वस्तूनां भावार्थो भवति स्थितः। तस्यापि भगवान् कृष्णः किमतद्बस्तु रूप्यताम् Bhāg. 10. 14. 57. -4 To find out, seek. -5 To consider, ponder over. -6 To settle, fix upon. -7 To examine, investigate. -8 To feign. -9 To appoint. -10 To describe; सविस्मयं रूपयतो नमश्चरान् Ki. 8. 26.

रूप a. = अनुरूप q. v. (शक्तीश्च...करवालांश्च...स्वदेहरूपाण्या-दाय गदाश्चोप्रदर्शनाः Mb. 1. 30. 49.

रूपम् [रूप क भावे अच् वा Up. 3. 28] 1 Form, figure, appearance; विरूपं रूपवन्तं वा पुमानित्येव भुञ्जते Pt. 1. 143; so सुरूप, कुरूप &c. -2 Form or the quality of colour (one of the 24 guṇas of the Vaiśeṣikas); चक्षुर्मात्रग्राह्यजातिमान् गुणो रूपम् Tarka K; (it is of six kinds:—सुक्लं, कृष्णं, पीतं, रक्तं, हरितं, कपिलं, or of seven, if चित्रं be added). -3 Any visible object or thing. -4 A handsome form or figure, beautiful form, beauty, elegance, grace; मानुषीषु कथं वा स्यादस्य रूपस्य संभवः Ś. 1. 25; विद्या नाम नरस्य रूपमधिकम् Bh. 2. 20; रूपं जरा हन्ति &c. -5 Natural state or condition, nature, property, characteristic, essence; circumstances (opp. to 'time' and 'place'); देशं रूपं च कालं च व्यवहारविधौ स्थितः Ms. 8. 45. -6 Mode, manner. -7 A sign, feature. -8 Kind, sort, species. -9 An image, a reflected image. -10 Similitude, resemblance. -11 Specimen, type, pattern. -12 An inflected form, the form of a noun or a verb derived from inflection (declension or conjugation). -13 The number one, an arithmetical unit. -14 An integer. -15 A drama, play; see रूपक. -16 Acquiring familiarity with any book by learning it by heart or by frequent recitation. -17 Cattle. -18 A sound, a word. -19 A known quantity. -20 A beast. -21 A verse. -22 A name. -23 The white colour. -24 A particular coin (as a rupee); कस्यचिद् गृहे चोरयित्वा रूपाभिग्राहितो बद्धः Dk. 2. 4. -25 Silver; मसारगल्वर्कसुवर्णरूपैः Mb. 7. 16. 54. (रूप is frequently used at the end of comp. in the sense of 'formed or composed of', 'consisting of', 'in the form of', 'namely'; 'having the appearance or colour of', तपो-रूपं धनम्; धर्मरूपः सखा &c.). -m. -पः a deer. -Comp.