यजनम् [यज्-ल्युद्] 1 The act of sacrificing. -2 A sacrifice; देवयजनसंभवे देवि सीते U. 4. -3 A place of sacrifice; उत्पत्तिदेवयजनाद् ब्रह्मवादी नृपः पिता।

यजमान a. [यज्-शानच्] Sacrificing, worshipping. —नः
1 A person who performs a regular sacrifice and pays
its expenses; जगाम यज्ञ्या यजमानलोकम् R. 18. 12; ततः प्रविशति
कुशानादाय यजमानशिष्यः S. —2 A person who employs a
priest or priests to sacrifice for him. —3 (Hence) A
host, patron, rich man. —4 The head of a family.
—5 The head of a tribe. —Comp. —शिष्यः the pupil
of a sacrificing Brāhmaņa (of one who himself performs a sacrifice); S. 4.

यजमानकः = यजमान.

यजस् n. Ved. 1 Worship; इन्द्रामी यजसा गिरा Rv. 8. 40. 4. -2 A sacrifice.

यजाक a. 1 Liberal. -2 Worshipping.

यजि: [यज्-इन्] 1 A sacrificer. -2 The act of sacrificing. -3 A sacrifice; दानमध्ययनं यजिः Ms. 10. 79.

यजिन a. 1 A worshipper, sacrificer. -2 Honouring, adoring.

यजुस् n. [यज्-जिस] 1 A sacrificial prayer or formula; तां कामयानां भगवानुवाह यज्ञ्यां पतिः Bhag. 4. 1. 6. -2 A text of the Yajurveda, or the body of sacred mantras in prose muttered at sacrifices; वत्तगीतिवजितलेन प्रशिष्टपठिता मन्त्रा यज्ञ्यि Sāyaṇa; cf. मन्त्र. -3 N. of the Yajurveda. -4 Ved. Worship, oblation. -Comp. -उद्रः Ved. an epithet of Brahman. -पतिः N. of Viṣṇu. -विद् a. knowing the sacrificial formulæ. -वेदः the second of the three (or four, including the Atharvaveda) principal Vedas, which is a collection of sacred texts in prose relating to sacrifices; it has two chief branches or recensions:—the तैतिरीय or कृष्ण- यज्ञेदंद and वाजसनेयी or गुक्रयजुवेद.

यञ्चः [यज्-भावे न] 1 A sacrifice, sacrificial rite; any offering or oblation; यज्ञेन यज्ञमयजन्त देवाः; तस्माद्यज्ञात् सर्वहृतः &c.; यज्ञाद् भवति पर्जन्यो यज्ञः कर्मसमुद्भवः Bg. 3. 14. -2 An act of worship, any pious or devotional act. (Every householder, but particularly a Brahmana, has to perform five such devotional acts every day; their names are :- भूतयज्ञ, मनुष्ययज्ञ, पितृयज्ञ, देवयज्ञ, and ब्रह्मयज्ञ, which are collectively called the five 'great sacrifices'; see महायज्ञ, and the five words separately.) -3 N. of Agni. -4 Of Visnu; ऋषया यैः पराभाव्य यज्ञध्नान् यज्ञमीजिरे Bhag. 3. 22. 30. -Comp. अंदा: a share of sacrifice. ⁰मुज् m. a deity, god; निबोध यज्ञांशमुजामिदानीम् Ku. 3. 14. -अ (आ) गारः, -रम् a sacrificial hall. -अङ्गम् 1 a part of a sacrifice. -2 any sacrificial requisite, a means of a sacrifice; यज्ञाङ्गयोनित्वमवेक्य यस्य Ku. 1. 17. (-गः) 1 the glomerous figtree (उदुम्बर). -2 the Khadira tree. -8 N. of Visnu. -4 the black-spotted antelope. -अन्तः 1 the completion of a sacrifice. -2 an ablution at the end

of a sacrifice for purification. -3 a supplementary sacrifice. कृत m. N. of Visnu. -आरि: an epithet of Siva. -आहे a. 1 deserving sacrifice. -2 fit for a sacrifice. (-m. dual) an epithet of the Asvins. -अवयवः N. of Visnu. -अशनः a god. -आत्मन् m. -ईश्वरः N. of Visnu. -आयुधम् an implement of a sacrifice. These are said to be ten in number; रूपयश्च कपालानि च अग्निहोत्रहवणी च शूर्प च कृष्णाजिनं च शम्या चोळ्खलं च मुसलं च दृषच्चोपला एतानि वै दश यज्ञायुधानीति (quoted in SB. on MS. 4. 7.) -ईशः 1 N. of Visnu. -2 of the sun. - इप्रम् a kind of grass (दीर्घरोहिततृण). -उपकरणम् any utensil or implement necessary for a sacrifice. -उपवीतम् the sacred thread worn by members of the first three classes (and now even of other lower castes) over the left shoulder and under the right arm; see Ms. 2.63; वामांसावलम्बिना यज्ञोपबीतेनोद्धासमानः К.; कौशं सूत्रं त्रिश्चिवतं यज्ञापवीतम्..... Baudhāyana; (originally यज्ञोपवीत was the ceremony of investiture with the sacred thread). -उपासक a. performing sacrifices. -कर्मन् a. engaged in a sacrifice. (-n.) a sacrificial rite. - are a. of the nature of a sacrifice or sacrificial offering. -কান্ত: the last lunar day of every fortnight (full-moon and newmoon). -कोलक: a post to which the sacrificial victim is fastened. - 3, vs. a hole in the ground made for receiving the sacrificial fire. - Ed a. performing a sacrifice. (-m.) 1 N. of Visnu. -2 a priest conducting a sacrifice. - 表页: 1 a sacrificial rite; Ait. Br. 7. 15. -2 a complete rite or chief ceremony. -3 an epithet of Visnu; ईजे च भगवन्तं यज्ञकतुरूपम् Bhag. 5. 7. 5. - किया a sacrificial rite. नाम्य a accessible by sacrifice (Visnu). -Ju: N. of Krisna. -a: a demon who interrupts a sacrifice. - त्रात m. N. of Visnu. -दक्षिणा a sacrificial gift, the fee given to the priests who perform a sacrifice. -दीक्षा 1 admission or initiation to a sacrificial rite. -2 performance of a sacrifice; (जननम्) तृतीयं यज्ञदीक्षायां द्विजस्य श्रुतिचोदनात् Ms. 2. 169. -द्रव्यम् anything (e. g. a vessel) used for a sacrifice. - 3 m. an evil spirit, a demon. – খাবে a. conversant with worship or sacrifice. - पति: 1 one who institutes a sacrifice. See यजमान. -2 N. of Visnu. -पत्नी the wife of the institutor of a sacrifice. - 42: 1 an animal for sacrifice, a sacrificial victim. -2 a horse. -पात्रम्, -भाण्डम् a sacrificial vessel. -पुस्, -पुमान m. N. of Visnu. -पुरुष:, -फलदः epithets of Visnu. - ৰাষ্ট্ৰ: N. of Agni. - भागः 1 a portion of a sacrifice, a share in the sacrificial offerings. - 2 a god, deity. ইম্বা: N. of Indra. শুল্ m. a god, deity. -भावतः N. of Visnu. -भावित a. honoured with sacrifice; इष्टान् भोगान् हि वो देवा दास्यन्ते यज्ञभाविताः Bg. 3. 12. - भूज m. a god. - भूमि: f. a place for sacrifice, a sacrificial ground. - भूषण: white darbha grass. -भृत् m. an epithet of Visnu. - भोकृ m. an epithet of Visnu or Krisna. -महोत्सवः a great sacrificial ceremony. -योगः the Udumbara tree. -रसः, -रेतस् n.