

-रुहः a species of antelope. -रूप *a.* mighty in form. (-पः) 1 an epithet of Śiva. -2 resin. -रूपकम् a kind of drama. -रैतस् *m.* an epithet of Śiva. -रोगः a dangerous illness, grievous malady; (these are eight:—उन्मादो राजयक्ष्मा च श्वासस्त्वग्दोष एव च । मधुमेहश्चाश्मरी च तथोदरभगन्दरौ ॥). -रौद्र *a.* very dreadful. (-द्री) an epithet of Durgā. -रौरवः *N.* of one of the 21 hells; Ms. 4. 88-90. -लक्ष्मी 1 the great Lakṣmī, or Śakti of Nārāyaṇa; सेवे सैरिभमार्दिनीमिह महालक्ष्मीं सरोजस्थिताम्. -2 a young girl who represents the goddess Durgā at the Durgā festival. -लयः 1 a great world destruction. -2 the Supreme Being (महदादीनां लयो यस्मिन्). -लिङ्गाम् the great Liṅga or Phallus. (-ङ्गः) an epithet of Śiva. -लोलः a crow. -लोहम् a magnet. -वंशः *N.* of a wellknown work in Pali (of the 5th century). -वक्षस् *m.* epithet of Śiva. -वनम् a large forest in Vrindāvana. -वरा Dūrvā grass. -वराहः 'the great boar', an epithet of Viṣṇu in his third or boar incarnation. -वर्तनम् high wages. -वल्ली 1 the Mādhavī creeper. -2 a large creeping plant. -वसः the porpoise. -वसुः silver; Girvāna. -वाक्यम् 1 a long sentence. -2 any continuous composition or literary work. -3 a great proposition, principal sentence; such as तत्त्वमसि, ब्रह्मैवेदं सर्वम् &c. -4 a complete sentence (opp. अवान्तरवाक्यं q. v.); न च महावाक्ये सति अवान्तरवाक्यं प्रमाणं भवति ŚB. on MS. 6. 4. 25. -वातः a stormy wind, violent wind; महावाताः तैर्महिषकुलनलैर्जलधरैः Mk. 5 22. -वादिन् *m.* a great or powerful disputant. -वायुः 1 air (as an element). -2 stormy wind, hurricane, tempest. -वार्तिकम् *N.* of the Vārtikas of Katyāyana on Pāṇini's Sūtras. -विडम् a kind of factitious salt. -विदेहा *N.* of a certain वृत्ति or condition of the mind in the Yoga system of philosophy. -विद्या the great lores; काली तारा महाविद्या षोडशी भुवनेश्वरी । भैरवी छिन्नमस्ता च विद्या धूमवती तथा । बगला सिद्धविद्या च मातङ्गी कमलात्मिका । एता दश महाविद्याः ... ॥ -विपुला a kind of metre. -विभाषा a rule giving a general option or alternative; इति महाविभाषया साधुः. -विभूतिः an epithet of Śiva. -विषः a serpent having two mouths. -विषुवम् the vernal equinox. -संक्रान्तिः *f.* the vernal equinox (the sun's entering the sign Aries). -विस्तर *a.* very extensive or copious. -वीचिः *N.* of a hell. -वीरः 1 a great hero or warrior. -2 a lion. -3 the thunderbolt of Indra. -4 an epithet of Viṣṇu. -5 of Garuḍa. -6 of Hanumat. -7 a cuckoo. -8 a white horse. -9 a sacrificial fire. -10 a sacrificial vessel. -11 a kind of hawk. -चरितम् *N.* of a celebrated drama by Bhavabhūti. -वीर्य *a.* of great valour, very powerful. (-र्यः) 1 *N.* of Brahman. -2 the Supreme Being. (-र्यो) the wild cotton shrub. -2 an epithet of सञ्ज्ञा, the wife of the sun. -वृषः a great bull. -वेग *a.* 1 very swift or fleet. (-गः) 1 great speed, excessive velocity. -2 an ape. -3 the bird Garuḍa. -वेधः a particular position of hands or feet (in the practice of Yoga). -वेल *a.* billowy. -व्याधिः *f.*

1 a great disease. -2 a very bad kind of leprosy (black leprosy). -व्याहृतिः *f.* a great mystical word. *i. e.* भूर, भुवस् and स्वर. -व्रत *a.* very devotional, rigidly observing vows. (-तम्) 1 a great vow, a great religious observance; a vow for not taking even water for a month; महाव्रतं चरेद्यस्तु Mb. 12. 35. 22 (com. महाव्रतं मासमात्रं जलस्यापि त्यागः). -2 any great or fundamental duty; प्राणैरपि हिता वृत्तिरद्रोहो व्याजवर्जनम् । आत्मनीव प्रियाधानमेतन्मैत्रीमहाव्रतम् Mv. 5. 59; कृतौ महाव्रते पर्यन् ब्रह्मचारी-त्वरितम् *N.* 17. 203. -व्रतिन् *m.* 1 a devotee, an ascetic. -2 an epithet of Śiva. -शक्तिः 1 an epithet of Śiva. -2 of Kārtikeya. -शङ्कुः the sine of the sun's elevation. -शङ्खः 1 a great conch-shell; पौण्ड्रं दध्मौ महाशङ्खं Bg. 1. 15; महाशङ्खमयी माला ताराविद्याजपे प्रिया Tantra. -2 the temporal bone, forehead. -3 a human bone. -4 a particular high number. -5 one of Kubera's treasures. -शठः a kind of thorn-apple. -शब्द *a.* making a loud sound, very noisy, boisterous. -शलकः a kind of sea-crab or prawn; Ms. 3. 272. -शालः a great householder. -शालिः a kind of large and sweet-smelling rice. -शाल्वणम् ('great fomentation') *N.* of a remedy; Susr. -शासन *a.* 1 exercising great power. -2 whose commands are great; त्रैलोक्याधिपतित्वमेव विरसं यस्मिन् महाशासने Bh. 3. 80. (-नम्) 1 the knowledge of Brahma as expounded in the Upaniṣadas. -2 great order of government. -शिरस् *m.* a kind of serpent. -शिवरात्रिः *N.* of a festival on the 14th day of the dark half of Māgha. -शुक्तिः *f.* a pearl-shell. -शुक्ला an epithet of Sarasvatī. -शुभ्रम् silver. -शूद्रः (-द्री *f.*) 1 a Sūdra in a high position. -2 a cowherd. -3 an upper servant. (-द्री) a female cow-keeper. (-द्रा) a Sūdra woman in a high position. -शून्यम् a particular mental condition of a Yogin. -शृङ्गः 1 a species of stag. -2 the शरभ animal. -श्मशानम् an epithet of Benares. -श्यामा the Sissoo tree (Mar. शिसवी). -श्रमणः 1 an epithet of Buddha. -2 a Jain monk. -शुद्धणा sand. -श्वसः a kind of asthma. -श्वेता 1 an epithet of Sarasvatī. -2 of Durgā. -3 white sugar. -संहिता great combination. -संक्रान्तिः *f.* the winter solstice. -सती a very chaste woman. -सत्ता absolute existence. -सत्यः an epithet of Yama. -सत्त्व *a.* 1 noble. -2 very strong or powerful. -3 just, righteous. (-त्त्वः) 1 a large animal. -2 *N.* of Sākyamuni. -3 an epithet of Kubera. -संधिविग्रहः the office of the minister of peace and war. -सन्नः an epithet of Kubera. -सन्निः *m.* (in music) a kind of measure. -समुद्रः the great ocean. -सर्गः a great or completely new creation (after a complete destruction of the world). -सर्जः the bread-fruit or jack-tree. -साधनभागः a great executive officer. -सांतपनः a kind of very rigid penance; see Ms. 11. 218. -सांधिविग्रहिकः a minister of peace and war. -सामन्तः a great vassal. -सामान्यम् the widest generality. -सारः a kind of Khadira tree. -सारथिः an epithet