hall; विवाहमण्डप. -2 A tent, pavilion; दीघें ब्वमी नियमिता: पटमण्डपेषु निद्रां विहाय वनजाक्ष वनायुदेश्याः R. 5. 73. -3 An arbour, a bower, as in लतामण्डप; प्रत्यासनी कुरवक्त्रतेर्माधवी-मण्डपस्य Me. 80. -4 A building consecrated to a deity. -Comp. -प्रतिष्ठा the consecration of a temple.

मण्डपकः, -िपका 1 A small shed, shop. -2 A small pavilion or tent.

मण्डयन्तः 1 An ornament, a decoration. -2 An actor. -3 Food. -4 An assembly of women. -न्ती A woman.

मण्डित p. p. Adorned, decorated; माणिमयमकरमनोहर-कुण्डलमण्डितगण्डमुदारम् Git.; स्वयं च माण्डिता नित्यं परिमृष्टपरिच्छदा Bhag. 7. 11. 26.

मण्डत N. of one of the Ganādhipas of the Jains. मण्डरी A kind of cricket.

मण्डल a. [मण्ड्-कलच्] Round, circular; मण्डलागा बृसीश्चैव गृहान्याः पृष्ठतो ययुः Ram. 5. 18. 12. -लः 1 circular array of troops. -2 A dog. -8 A kind of snake. -रुम् 1 A circular orb, globe, wheel, ring, circumference, anything round or circular; न्यप्रोधं च सुमण्डलम् Mb. 12. 169. 12; करालफणमण्डलम् R.12.98; आदर्शमण्डलनिभानि समुल्लसन्ति Ki. 5.41; स्फ्रत्प्रभामण्डलया चकारो $Ku.\,1.\,24$; so रेणुमण्डल, छाया-मण्डल, चापमण्डल, मुखमण्डल, स्तनमण्डल &c. -2 The charmed circle (drawn by a conjurer); मण्डले पत्रगी रुद्धी मन्त्रीरिव महाविषः Ram. 2. 12. 5; जानन्ति तन्त्रयाक्ति यथास्थितं मण्डलम्भि-लिखन्ति Mu. 2. 1. -3 A disc, especially of the sun or moon; तेनातपत्रामलमण्डलेन R. 16. 27; अपर्वणि प्रह्वकलुषेन्द्रमण्डला (विभावरी) M. 4. 15; दिनमणिमण्डलमण्डन भवखण्डन ए Git. 1. -4 The halo round the sun or moon. -5 The path or orbit of a heavenly body. -6 A multitude, group, collection, assemblage, troop, company; एवं मिलितेन कुमारमण्डलेन Dk.; अखिलं चारिमण्डलम् R. 4. 4. -7 Society, association. -8 A great circle. -9 The visible horizon. -10 A district or province. -11 A surrounding district or territory. -12 (In politics) The circle of a king's near and distant neighbours; मण्डलचरितम् Kau. A. 1. 1. 1; सतत्रुकृती भूयाद् भूपः प्रसादितमण्डलः Vθ. 6. 44; उपगतोऽपि च मण्डलनाभिताम् &c. R. 9. 15. (According to Kamandaka quoted by Malli. the circle of a king's near and distant neighbours consists of twelve kings: विजिगीषु or the central monarch, the five kings whose dominions are in the front, and the four kings whose dominions are in the rear of his kingdom, the मध्यम or intermediate, and उदासीन or indifferent king. The kings in the front as well as in the rear are designated by particular names; see Malli. ad loc; cf. also Si. 2.81. and Malli. thereon. According to some the number of such kings is four, six, eight, twelve or even more; see Mit. on Y. 1. 345. According to others, the circle consists of three kings only:—the प्राकृतारि or natural enemy, (the sovereign of an adjacent country),

the प्राकृतिमित्र natural ally, (the sovereign whose dominions are separated by those of another from the country of the central monarch with whom he is allied), and प्राकृतोदासीन or the natural neutral, (the sovereign whose dominions lie beyond those of the natural ally). -13 A particular position of the feet in shooting. -14 A kind of mystical diagram used in invoking a divinity. -15 A division of the Rigveda (the whole collection being divided into 10 Mandalas or eight Astakas). -16 A kind of leprosy with round spots. -17 A kind of perfume. -18 A circular bandage (in surgery). -19 A sugar-ball, sweetmeat. -20 Sexual dalliance; नानाविचित्र-कृतमण्डलमाबहन्तीम् Bil. Ch. (उत्तरपीठिका) 38. –21 A circular ${
m gait}$; हय इव मण्डलमाग्रु यः करोति ${
m Ram.}$ 6.33.35; ${
m Mb.}$ 3. 19. 8. -22 A play-board (यूते शारीस्थापनपट्टम्); Mb. 8. 74. 15. -ली 1 A circle, orb &c. -2 A group, assemblage; तन्मोचनाय तेनाशु प्रेरिता शिष्यमण्डली Bm. 1. 648. -3 Walking round, circular motion. - 4 Bent grass (द्र्ली). -Comp. -अग्र a. round-pointed. (-न्न:) a bent or crooked sword, scimitar. (-স্ন্ৰ্ম) a surgeon's circular knife. -अधिपः, -अधीशः, -ईशः, -ईश्वरः 1 the ruler or governor of a district or province. -2 a king, sovereign. -आवातिः f. circular movement; भ्रमिषु कृतपुटान्तर्मण्डला-गृतिचक्षुः U. 3. 19. -आसन a. sitting in a circle. -उत्तमम् a principal kingdom or district. -कवि: a bad poet. -कार्मुक a. having a circular bow. -नाभिः the centre of a circle. -नृत्यम् a circular dance, dance in a ring. -न्यासः describing a circle. -पुच्छकः a kind of insect. -बन्धः the formation of a circle or roundness. -भागः an arc. -माड: a pavilion. -वट: the fig-tree forming a circle. -वर्तनम् drawing figures with some powder (Mar. रांगोळी घालणें); संमार्जनोपलेपाभ्यां गृहमण्डलवर्तनैः Bhāg. 7.11.26. -वर्तिन m. a ruler of a small province; स तुल्यातिशयभ्वंसं यथा मण्डलवर्तिनाम् Bhāg. 11. 3. 20. -वर्षः rain over the whole of a king's territory, general rain-fall. -वाटः a garden.

#USE # 1 A circle. -2 A disc. -3 A district, province. -4 A group, collection. -5 A circular array of troops. -6 White leprosy with round spots. -7 A mirror. -8 A kind of pose of an archer. -9 A circle with lines drawn for magical incantations. -毒: A dog.

मण्डलयाते Den. P. 1 To make round or circular, form into a globe or circle. -2 To turn or whirl round; नानागितर्मण्डलयन् जवेन Ki. 16. 44.

मण्डलायते Den. $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$. To form oneself into a circle, to coil oneself.

मण्डलायित a. Round, circular. -तम् A ball, globe.

मण्डलिका a group, troop, band, crowd.

ਸਾਤਲਿत a. Rounded, made round or circular.

मण्डलिन् a. [मण्डल-इनि] 1 Forming a circle, made up into a coil; नाता मण्डलिनस्तीता व्यपसव्यं प्रचक्रमु: Ram. 6.