

a family. -वर्गः the body of servants, household; यथावद् भृत्यवर्गस्य चिकीर्षत् कर्म आदितः Mb. 12. 292. 11. -वात्सल्यम् kindness to servants. -वृत्तिः f. maintenance of servants; यस्य त्रैवार्षिकं भक्तं पर्याप्तं भृत्यवृत्तये Ms. 11. 7.

भृत्यता, -त्वम्, -भृत्यभावः Service, dependence.

भृत्यायते Den. Ā. To behave like a servant.

भृत्यीभू 1 P. To become a servant, accept service.

भृन्निम a. Supported, nourished.

भृकुंशः (सः) A male actor in female attire.

भृकुटिः, -टी See भ्रु (भ्रू) कुटि.

भृग् ind. An onomatopoeic word expressive of the crackling sound of fire. -f. A flame; भृगित्येव भृग्ः पूर्वमङ्गारेभ्योऽङ्गिराऽभवत् Mb. 13. 85. 5.

भृगुः 1 N. of a sage, regarded as the ancestor of the family of the Bhrigus, and described in Ms. 1. 35 as one of the ten patriarchs created by the first Manu; (said to be so called because he was produced along with flames; सह ज्वालाभिरुत्पन्नो भृगुस्तरमाद् भृग्ः स्मृतः।). [On one occasion when the sages could not agree as to which of the three gods, Brahman, Viṣṇu and Śiva, was best entitled to the worship of Brāhmaṇas, the sage Bhrigu was sent to test the character of the three gods. He first went to the abode of Brahman, and, on approaching him, purposely omitted an obeisance. Upon this the god reprehended him severely, but was pacified by apologies. Next he entered the abode of Śiva in Kailāsa, and omitted, as before, all tokens of adoration. The vindictive deity was enraged and would have destroyed him, had he not conciliated him by mild words. (According to another account, Bhrigu was coldly received by Brahman, and he, therefore, cursed him that he would receive no worship or adoration; and condemned Śiva to take the form of a *Linga*, as he got no access to the deity who was engaged in private with his wife). Lastly he went to Viṣṇu, and finding him asleep, he boldly gave the god a kick on his breast which at once awoke him. Instead of showing anger, however, the God arose, and on seeing Bhrigu, inquired tenderly whether his foot was hurt, and then began to rub it gently. 'This', said Bhrigu, 'is the mightiest god. He overtops all by the most potent of all weapons—kindness and generosity'. Viṣṇu was therefore, declared to be the god who was best entitled to the worship of all.] -2 N. of the sage Jamadagni. -3 An epithet of Śukra. -4 The planet Venus. -5 A cliff, precipice; कृत्वा पुंवत्पातमुच्चैर्भृग्भ्यः Śi. 4. 23; भृगुपतनकारणमपृच्छम् Dk. -6 Table-land, the level summit of a mountain. -7 N. of Kṛiṣṇa. -8 An epithet of Śiva. -9 Friday. -Comp.

सं. इ. को.... १५२

-उद्रहः an epithet of Paraśurāma. -कच्छः, -च्छम् N. of a place on the north bank of the Narmadā (modern Broach). -जः, -तनयः 1 an epithet of Śukra. -2 the planet Venus. -नन्दनः 1 an epithet of Paraśurāma; वीरो न यस्य भगवान् भृगुनन्दनोऽपि U. 5. 34. -2 of Śukra. -3 of Śaunaka; एवं निशम्य भृगुनन्दनसाधुवादम् Bhāg. 10. 1. 14. -पतनम् a fall from a precipice. -पतिः an epithet of Paraśurāma; भृगुपतियशोवर्त्म यत् कौञ्चरन्ध्रम् Me. 59; so भृगुणांपतिः. -पातः Throwing oneself down from a cliff or a precipice; thus committing suicide; तत्र तत्यजुरात्मानं भृगुपातेन केचन Śiva B. 20. 39. -वंशः N. of a family descended from Paraśurāma. -वारः, -वासरः Friday. -शार्दूलः, -श्रेष्ठः, -सत्तमः epithets of Paraśurāma. -सुतः, -सूनुः 1 an epithet of Paraśurāma. -2 of Venus or Śukra; भृगुसूनुधरापुत्रौ शशिजेन समन्वितौ Mb. 9. 11. 17.

भृगुकः N. of a country.

भृङ्गः [भृ-गन् क्ति उद् च Un. 1. 122.] 1 A large black bee; मञ्जु गुञ्जन्तु भृङ्गाः Bv. 1. 5; R. 8. 53. -2 A kind of wasp. -3 A kind of bird. -4 A libertine, dissolute or lecherous man; cf. भ्रमर. -5 A golden vase or jar. -6 The fork-tailed shrike. -7 A kind of measure (in music). -ङ्गम् Talc. -ङ्गी 1 The female of the large black bee; भृङ्गीव पुष्पं पुष्पं व्री वाञ्छति नवं नवम्. -2 A poisonous plant (अतिविष). -Comp. -अधिपः the queen of bees. -अमीष्टः the mango tree. -आनन्दा the Yūthikā creeper. -आवली a flight of bees. -जम् 1 aloe-wood. -2 talc. (-जा) the plant भार्गी. -पर्णिका small cardamoms. -प्रिया the Mādhavī creeper. -राज् m. 1 a kind of large bee. -2 N. of a shrub. -राजः 1 see भृङ्गराज्. -2 N. of a bird; शुक्रशारिका भृङ्गराजो वा सर्पविषशङ्कायां क्रोशति Kau. A. 1. 20. 17; Mb. 12. 327. 4. -रिटिः, -रीटिः N. of one of the attendants of Śiva (said to be very deformed). -रोलः a kind of wasp. -वल्लभः a species of Kadamba.

भृङ्गकः 1 (At the end of comp.) A bee. -2 The fork-tailed shrike.

भृङ्गारः, -रम् 1 A golden vase or pitcher; प्रहृष्ट राजा भृङ्गारं पाद्यमस्मै न्यवेदयत् Mb. 13. 52. 14. -2 A pitcher of a particular shape (Mar. झारी); also भृङ्गारः; काञ्चनैश्चैव भृङ्गारैर्जहुः सलिलमग्रतः Rām. 5. 18. 12; शिशिरसुरभिसलिलपूर्णोऽयं भृङ्गारः Ve. 6. -3 A vase used at the coronation of a king; गुणेषु न तु मे द्वेषो भृङ्गारः प्रतिशुद्धताम् Pratijñā Y. 4. 21; स्थालानां चषकाणां च भृङ्गाराणां च भूरिशाः Śiva B. 29. 58; तेषां बाह्यं चारं छत्रभृङ्गारव्यजनपादुकोपग्राहिणस्तीक्ष्णा विद्युः Kau. A. 1. 12. -रम् 1 Gold. -2 Cloves.

भृङ्गालिका, भृङ्गारी A cricket.

भृङ्गिन् m. 1 The fig-tree. -2 N. of an attendant of Śiva; तयोः कारणयोः सद्यः संभूतौ शंकरात्मजौ। एको भृङ्गसमः कृष्णो भिन्नाङ्गनसमोऽपरः। भृङ्गी तस्य तदा ब्रह्मा नाम भृङ्गीति चाकरोत्॥ Vamana. P.; also भृङ्गिः -Comp. -ईशः N. of Śiva.

भृङ्गिरी (री) टिः See भृङ्गरिटि.