ture with the sacred thread; ब्रह्मजन्म हि विप्रस्य प्रेत्य चेह च शाश्रतम् Ms. 2. 146, 170. -जारः the paramour of a Brāhmana's wife; Rāmtā. Up. - जिज्ञासा desire to know Brahman; अथातो ब्रह्मजिज्ञासा Brahmasutra. -जीविन a. living by sacred knowledge. (-m.) a mercenary Brāhmana (who converts his sacred knowledge into trade), a Brāhmana who lives by sacred knowledge. -ज्ञानम् knowledge about Brahman; वेदान्तसाङ्ख्यसिद्धान्त-ब्रह्मज्ञानं वदाम्यहम् Garuda. P. -श, -शानिन् a. one who knows Brahma. (-\vec{n}:) 1 an epithet of K\vec{a}rtikeya. -2 of Visnu. - সান্দ true or divine knowledge, knowledge of the identity of the universe with Brahma; সম্মান-प्रभासंध्याकालो गच्छति धीमताम् Pasupata. Up. 7. - ज्येष्ठः the elder brother of Brahman; ब्रह्मज्येष्ठमुपासते T. Up. 2.5. (-a.) having Brahmā as first or chief. -ज्योतिस् n. 1 the light of Brahma or the Supreme Being. -2 an epithet of Siva. -तत्त्वम् the true knowledge of the Supreme Spirit. -तन्त्रम् all that is taught in the Veda. -तालः (in music) a kind of measure. -तेजस् n. 1 the glory of Brahman. -2 Brahmanic lustre, the lustre or glory supposed to surround a Brahmana. - दः a spiritual preceptor; Ms. 4. 232. -दण्डः 1 the curse of a Brāhmana; एकेन ब्रह्मदण्डेन बहवा नाशिता मम Rām. -2 a tribute paid to a Brahmana. -3 an epithet of Siva. -4 N. of a mythical weapon ( ब्रह्मास्त्र ); खरस्य रामो जन्नाह ब्रह्मदण्डमिवापरम् Rām. 3. 30. 24. - 5 magic, spells, incantation (अभिचार); ब्रह्मदण्डमदृष्टेषु दृष्टेषु चतुरङ्गिणीम् Mb. 12. 103. 27. -दर्भो Ptychotis Ajowan (Mar. ओवा). -दानम् 1 the imparting of sacred knowledge. -2 sacred knowledge, received as an inheritance or hereditary gift; सर्वेषामेव दानानां ब्रह्मदानं विशिष्यते Ms. 4. 233. -दायः 1 instruction in the Vedas, the imparting of sacred knowledge. -2 sacred knowledge received as an inheritance; तं प्रतीतं स्वधर्मेण ब्रह्मदायहरं पितुः Ms. 3. 3. -8 the earthly possession of a Brahmana. -दायादः 1 one who receives the Vedas as his hereditary gift, a Brāhmaṇa. -2 the son of a Brāhmaṇa. -दारः the mulberry tree. -दिनम् a day of Brahman. -द्रपक a. falsifying the vedic texts; Hch. -देय a. married according to the Brahma form of marriage; ब्रह्मदेयात्मसंतानो ज्येष्ठसामग एव च Ms. 3. 185. (-य:) the Brāhma form of marriage. (-यम्) 1 land granted to Brahmanas; श्रोत्रियेभ्यो ब्रह्मदेयान्यदण्डकराण्यभिरूपदायकानि प्रयच्छेत् Kau. A. 2. 1. 19. -2 instruction in the sacred knowledge. -देत्यः a Brāmhana changed into a demon; cf. ब्रह्मप्रह. -द्वारम् entrance into Brahmā; ब्रह्मद्वार्मिदमित्येवैतदाह यस्त-पसाहतपाप्मा Maitra. Up. 4. 4. - द्विष्, - द्वेषिन् a. 1 hating Brāhmaņas; Ms. 3. 154 (Kull.). -2 hostile to religious acts or devotion, impious, godless. - द्वेष: hatred of Brāhmaṇas. -धर a. possessing sacred knowledge. -नदी an epithet of the river Sarasyatī. नामः an epithet of Visnu. -निवाणम् absorption into the Supreme Spirit; स्थित्वास्यामन्तकालेऽपि ब्रह्मनिर्वाणमृच्छति Bg. 2. 72. -2

= ब्रह्मानन्द q. v.; तं ब्रह्मनिर्वाणसमाधिमाश्रितम् Bhag. 4. 6. 39. -निष्ठ a. absorbed in or intent on the contemplation of the Supreme Spirit; ब्रह्मनिष्ठस्तथा योगी पृथग्भावं न विन्दति Aman. Up. 1. 31. (-ष्ठः) the mulberry tree. -नीडम् the resting-place of Brahman. -पदम 1 the rank or position of a Brahmana. -2 the place of the Supreme Spirit. -पांचेत्रः the Kusa grass. -परिषद् f. an assembly of Brāhmṇas. -पाद्पः, -पत्रः the Palāśa tree. -पारः the final object of all sacred knowledge. -पारायणम् a complete study of the Vedas, the entire Veda; याज्ञवल्क्यो मुनिर्यस्मै ब्रह्मपारायणं जगौ U. 4.9; Mv. 1.14. -पाराः N. of a missile presided over by Brahman; अबध्नादपरिस्कन्दं ब्रह्मपाशेन विस्फुरन् Bk. 9. 75. -िपत m. an epithet of Vișnu. - 97: 1 a son of Brahman. - 2 N. of a (male) river which rises in the eastern extremity of the Himālaya and falls with the Ganges into the Bay of Bengal. (-त्रा) 1 a kind of vegetable poison. -2 See প্রাপুর: (2). (-র্মা) an epithet of the river Sarasvatī. -पुरम् the heart; दिन्ये ब्रह्मपुरे क्षेष न्योम्न्यात्मा प्रतिष्ठितः Mund. 2. 2. 7. -2 the body; Ch. Up. -प्रम् -ytl 1 the city of Brahman (in heaven). -2 N. of Benares. - Trivit N. of one of the eighteen Puranas. -प्रथा a minister of Brahman (the five vital airs). -प्रलयः the universal destruction at the end of one hundred years of Brahman in which even the Supreme Being is supposed to be swallowed up. -प्राप्तिः f. absorption into the Supreme Spirit. -बल्स the Brahmanical power. - 4-4: 1 a contemptuous term for a Brahmaṇa, an unworthy Brāhmaṇa (cf. Mar. भहुगाँ); वस ब्रह्मचर्यं न वे सोम्यारमत्कुलीनोऽननूच्य ब्रह्मबन्धुरिव भवतीति Ch. Up. 6. 1. 1; ब्रह्मबन्धुरिति स्माहम् Bhag. 10. 81. 16; M. 4; V. 2. -2 one who is a Brahmana only by caste, a nominal Brāhmaṇa. -बिन्दु: a drop of saliva sputtered while reciting the Veda. -बीजम् 1 the mystic syllable om; मनो यच्छेज्जितश्वासो ब्रह्मबीजमिवस्मरन् Bhag. 2.1.17. -2 the mulberry tree. - बुवः, -बुवाणः one who pretends to be a Brāhmana. -भवनम् the abode of Brahman. -भागः 1 the mulberry tree. -2 the share of the chief priest; अथास्मै ब्रह्मभागं पर्याहरन्ति Sat. Br. -भावः absorption into the Supreme Spirit. -भावनम् imparting religious knowledge; छत्ता ते हृदयप्रनिथमौदर्यो ब्रह्मभावनः Bhag. 3. 24. 4. - भिद् a. dividing the one Brahma into many. - भुवनम् the world of Brahman; आ ब्रह्म-भवनालोकाः पुनरावर्तिनोऽर्जुन Bg. 8. 16. -भूत a. become one with Brahma, absorbed into the Supreme Spirit; आयुष्मन्तः सर्व एव ब्रह्मभूता हि मे मताः Mb. 1. 1. 14. -भूतिः f. twilight. -भूमिजा a kind of pepper. -भूयम् 1 identity with Brahma, absorption or dissolution into Brahma, final emancipation; स ब्रह्मभूयं गतिमागजाम R. 18. 28; ब्रह्मभूयाय कल्पते Bg. 14. 26; Ms. 1. 98. -2 Brahmanahood, the state or rank of a Brahmana. पृष्टादार्धमभूत् क्षत्रं ब्रह्मभूयं गतं क्षितौ Bhag. 9. 2. 17. -भूयस n. absorption into Brahma. - मङ्गलद्वता an epithet of Laksmi.