stage of gestation. -10 The body, corporeal frame; एकान्तविध्वंसिषु मद्विधानां पिण्डेष्वनास्था खळु भौतिकेषु R. 2. 57. -11 A heap, collection, multitude. -12 The calf of the leg; Mal. 5. 16. -13 A round button. -14 Anything round, thick, gross or solid. -16 An object in general. -16 A particular part of a house. -17 (In astr.) A sine expressed in numbers. -18 The twentyfourth part of the quadrant of a circle. -19 The frontal sinus of an elephant or its projection. -20 A portico or shed in front of the door. -21 Incense, frank-incense. -22 (In arith.) Sum, total, amount. -23 (In geom.) Thickness. -24 The flower of a China rose. -ven 1 Power, strength, might. -2 Iron. -3 Fresh butter. -4 An army. -5 Water; L.D.B. -Comp. -अक्षर a. containing a conjunct consonant. -अन्वाहार्थ a. to be eaten after the funeral rice-ball has been offered to the manes; पिण्डान्वाहार्यकं श्राद्धं कुर्यान्मासानुमासिकम् Ms. 3. 122. -अन्वाहार्यकम् a meal in honour of the manes. -अभ्रम् hail. -अयसम् steel. -अलक्तकः a red dye. -अदानः, -आदाः, -आदाकः, -आदान m. a beggar. -उदक्तिया an oblation of obsequial rice-balls and water to the deceased. - उद्भरणम् participating in funeral offerings. -गोसः gum myrrh. -तेलम्, -तेलकः incense. - द a. 1 one who gives food, one who supplies with bread or with any other means of subsistence; श्वा पिण्डदस्य कुरुते गजपुङ्गवस्तु धीरं विलोकयति चादुशतैश्र भुक्ते Bh. 2. 31. -3 one who is qualified to give the funeral rice-balls to deceased ancestors; Y. 2. 132. (-दः) 1 the nearest male relation who offers the funeral rice-ball. -2 a master, patron. -दा a mother -दानम् 1 presentation of the obsequial rice-balls. -2 the funeral oblation made to deceased ancestors on the day of new-moon. -निर्वेपणम् presenting obsequial riceballs to the manes; अनयेवावृता कार्य पिण्डनिवेपणं स्तैः Ms. 3. 248, 261. -निवृत्तिः cessation of relationship (by श्राद oblation). -पदम् a particular अइभेद in Astronomy; Sabda Chi. -पातः giving alms; Mal. 1. -पातिकः one who lives on alms. -पादः, -पादः an elephant. -पितृयन्नः the oblation to deceased ancestors on the evening of new moon. - yeu: 1 the Asoka tree. -2 the China rose. -3 the pomegranate. (-पुज्यम्) 1 the blossom of the Asoka tree. -2 the flower of Chinarose. -3 a lotus. -भाज a. receiving or entitled to a share in the funeral rice-ball. -m. (pl.) the deceased ancestors or manes; अहो दुष्यन्तस्य संशयमारूढाः पिण्डभाजः \$. 6. -भृतिः f. livelihood, means of subsistence. -मूलम्, -मूलकम् a carrot. -यञ्चः the presentation of the obsequial rice-balls to the deceased ancestors; पिण्डयज्ञावृता देयं प्रेतायानं दिनत्रयम् Y. 3. 16. - लेप: fragments of the obsequial rice-balls which cling to the hand; (these are presented to the three ancestors immediately preceding the great-grand father). -लोपः 1 interruption in offering the funeral rice-balls (as the failure of issue). -2 neglect in offering the funeral rice-balls (to the deceased ancestors).

-विषम: one of the ways of embezzlement namely inconsistency in dealing with fixed items; Kau. A. 2. 8. 26. - शकरा sugar prepared from Yavanāla. -संबन्धः relationship between a living person and one deceased such as is sufficiently near to qualify the former to offer the obsequial rice-ball to the latter. -स्वेदः a hot poultice.

fuesa:, -本平 1 A lump, ball, globe. -2 A round swelling or protuberance. -3 A lump of food. -4 The calf of the leg. -5 Incense. -6 Carrot. -7 (In astr.) A sine expressed in numbers. -本: A goblin, demon.

पिण्डता Condition of a body.

पिण्डनम् Forming globes; Bhā : 3. 26. 43. -नः A mound or bank.

पिण्डलः 1 A bridge, causeway. - 2 A mound, ridge.

पिण्डसः A beggar, a mendicant living on alms.

पिण्डातः Incense.

cowherd. -3 A buffalo-herdsman. -4 The Vikankata tree. -5 An expression of censure.

पिणिड:, -णडी f. 1 A round mass, ball. -2 The nave of a wheel. -3 The calf of the leg. -1 The Aśoka tree. -5 The long gourd (अलाबु). -6 A house. -7 A species of palm. -8 A stool or seat. -9 A pedestal for the image of a deity. -Comp. -पुष्पः the Aśoka tree. -रेपः a kind of unguent. -रारः 'brave in the house', or 'a cake-hero', a braggart, cowardly boaster, poltroon, cotquean; राक्षसान् बदुयज्ञेषु पिण्डीशूरान् निरस्तवान् Bk. 5. 85; of. गेहिन्दिन्, गेहिशूर &c.

पिण्डिका 1 A round or fleshy swelling. -2 The calf of the leg &c.; विकटोद्धदिपिण्डिकम् Mb. 1. 155. 33. -3 The region of the cheeks (गण्डस्थल); भिन्नमस्तकपिण्डिकाः Mb. 7. 116. 25; see पिण्डि above.

पिण्डित a. [पिण्ड्-का] 1 Pressed or rolled into a ball or lump. -2 Thick, lumpish. -3 Heaped together, collected; एष पिण्डिताथ: M. 1 'this is the meaning on the whole'. -4 Mixed with; न समा मम नीर्थर्य शतांशेनापि पिण्डिता: Mb. 10. 12. 17. -8 Added, multiplied. -6 Counted, numbered. -त: Incense.

ancestors). -2 Having a body. -m. 1 A beggar. -2 One who offers funeral rice-balls to the manes.

পিটিছন a. 1 Having large calves. -2 Skilled in calculations. -ন: 1 A bridge, causeway, mound. -2 An astronomer, a calculator of nativities.

पिण्डीक 8 U. 1 To make into a lump, press together, unite. -2 To concentrate, -3 To identify with.