परास् 4 P. 1 To leave, give up, quit, abandon; परा-स्तवसुधा सुधाधिवसति Ki. 5. 27. -2 To expel. -3 To reject, repudiate; इति यदुक्तं तदिप परास्तम् S. D. 1.

परासिसिषु a. Wishing to drive away; द्विषतः परासि-सिषुरेषः Ki. 12. 34.

परासः The range of anything thrown. -सम् Tin.

परासनम् Killing, slaughter.

परास्त p. p. 1 Thrown or east away. -2 Expelled, turned out. -3 Repudiated. -4 Refuted, rejected. -5 Defeated, overcome.

परासिक a. 1 Thrown away. -2 Set aside, rendered useless.

परासु a. 1 Lifeless, dead; प्राक् परासुर्द्वजात्मजः R.15.56; 9. 78. -2 One whose vital spirit is departed. -परासुता, -परासुत्वम् 1 Exhaustion, death; वजित पुरा हि परासुतां त्वद्धें Ki. 10. 50. -2 A dependent life (पराधीनप्राणत्व); लोभान्मोहश्व माथा च मानस्तम्भः परासुता Mb. 12. 158. 4.

परासंधः Arrest, imprisonment.

परास्कन्दिन m. A thief.

पराहन 2 P. 1 To strike or beat back, strike down, repulse, repel, overthrow, drive back; दैवं मत्पीरुषपराहतम् Rām. -2 To attack, assail; कटाक्षपराहतं वदनपङ्कजम् Māl.7. -3 To dash against, strike.

पराहत p. p. 1 Struck down or back. -2 Driven back, repelled, repulsed. -3 Assailed, attacked. -तम् A stroke. -तिः f. Contradiction.

परि ind. (Sometimes changed to परी, as परिवाह or परीवाह, परिहास or परीहास) 1 As a prefix to verbs and nouns derived from them, it means (a) round, round about, about; (b) in addition to, further; (c) opposite to, against; (d) much, excessively. -2 As a separable preposition it means (a) towards, in the direction of, to, opposite to (with an acc.); दृक्षं परि विद्योतते विद्युत; (b) successively, severally (with an acc.); वृक्षं वृक्षं परि सिञ्चति 'he waters tree after tree'; (c) to the share or lot of (showing भाग or participation) (with acc.); यदत्र मां परि स्यात् 'what may fall to my lot'; or लक्ष्मीहिरिं परि Sk.; (d) from, out of; (e) except, outside of, with the exception of (with abl.); परि त्रिगर्तेभ्यो वृष्टो देवः or पर्यनन्तात् त्रयस्तापाः $V_{
m op.}$; (f) after the lapse of; परि संबत्सरात्; (y) in consequence of; (h) beyond, more than; मृत्याः परि चतुर्दश Mb. 3. 1. 11 (com. अधिकचतुर्दशाः पञ्चदशेत्यर्थः ; (i) according to, in accordance with; (j) above, over. -3 As an adverbial prefix to nouns not directly connected with verbs, it means 'very', 'very much, 'excessively'; as in पर्यश्च 'bursting into tears'; so परिचतुर्दशन् , परिदौर्बल्य. - At the beginning of adverbial compounds परि means (a) without,

except, outside, with the exception of; as in परित्रिगते वृष्टो दिनः P. II. 1. 12; VI. 2. 33. (According to P. II. 1. 10 परि may be used at the end of adverbial comp. after अक्ष, रालाका, and a numeral to denote loss or defeat in a game by an unlucky or adverse cast of dice' (यूतव्यवहारे पराजये एवायं समासः) e. g. अक्षपरि, रालाका-परि, एकपरि; cf. अक्षपरि; (b) round about, all round, surrounded by; as in पर्यभि 'in the midst of flames'.—6 At the end of an adjectival comp. परि has the sense of 'exhausted by', or 'feeling repugnance for'; as in पर्यध्ययनः = परिग्लानोऽध्ययनाय.

परिकथा 1 A religious tale or narrative; Buddh. Divyāvadāna.-2 A work giving the history and adventures of a fabulous person, a work of fiction. -3 A fairy tale.

परिकन्दल a. Full of, teeming with (in comp.).

परिकम्पः 1 A great terror. -2 Violent tremour or trembling; विरमतु परिकम्पः कातरे क्षत्रियासि Mv. 2. 27.

परिकरः 1 Retinue, train, attendants, followers. -2 A multitude, collection, crowd; संध्याकृष्टाबशिष्टस्वकर-परिकरस्पृष्टहेमारपञ्किः Ratn. 3. 5. -3 A beginning, commencement; गतानामारम्भः किसलयितलीलापरिकरः Bh. 1. 6. -4 A girth, waist-band, cloth worn round the loins; अहिपरिकरभाजः Si. 4.65; परिकरं बन्ध् or क 'to gird up one's loins, to make oneself ready, prepare oneself for any action'; बध्नन् सवेगं परिकरम् K. 170; कृतपरिकरः कर्मसु जनः Sivamahimna 20; कृतपरिकरस्य भवादृशस्य त्रैलोक्यमि न क्षमं परिपन्थीभवितुम् Ve. 3; G. L. 47; बद्धो मानपरिश्रहे परिकरः सिद्धिस्तु देवे स्थिता Amaru. 97; U. 5. 12. -5 A sofa. -6 (in Rhet.) N. of a figure of speech which consists in the use of significant epithets; विशेषणैर्यत् साकृतैस्तिः परिकरस्तु सः K. P. 10; e. g. सुधांशुकिलेतोत्तंसस्तापं हरतु वः शिवः Chandr. 5. 59. -7 (In dramaturgy) Covet or indirect intimation of coming events in the plot or a drama, the germ or the बीज q. v; see S. D. 340. -8 Judgment. -9 A helper, colleague, co-worker.

परिकर्तनम् 1 Cutting, cutting off. -2 A circular incision. -3 Cutting out. -4 A shooting pain.

परिकार्तिका A. sharp shooting pain, especially in the rectum.

परिकर्त m. A priest who performs the marriage ceremony of a younger brother whose elder brother is not yet married; परिकर्ता याजकः Harita; cf. परिवेत्त.

परिकर्मन् m. A servant. -n. 1 Painting or perfuming the body, personal decoration, dressing, toilet; कृताचारपरिकर्माणम् S. 2. -2 Painting or dyeing the foot; असमाप्ते परिकर्मणि स्मृतः Ku. 4. 19. -3 Preparation. - Worship, adoration; अविक्रमस्ते परिकर्मणि स्थितः Bhāg. 2. 9. 29. -5 (In Yoga phil.) Purifying, a means of purifying the mind; मैत्र्यादिचित्तपरिकर्मविदो विधाय क्रेश्मश्रण-