Bu. Ch. 5. 30. -चारिन a. practising virtue, observing the law, virtuous, righteous; स चेत्रवयं कर्मसु धर्मचारिणां त्वमन्त-रायो भवसि R. 3. 45. (-m.) an ascetic. -चारिणी 1 a wife. -2 a chaste or virtuous wife. cf. सह°; इयं चोर्वशी यावदायुस्तव सहधर्मचारिणी भवत्विति V. 5. 19/20. -चिन्तक a. 1 studying or familiar with duty. -2 reflecting on the law. -चिन्तनम्, -चिन्ता study of virtue, consideration of moral duties, moral reflection. - ভক্তা fraudulent transgression of law or duty. —র: 1 'duly or lawfully born', a legitimate son; cf. Ms. 9. 107. -2 N. of युधिष्ठिर; Mb. 15. 10. 44. - जन्मन् m. N. of युधिष्ठिर. - जिज्ञासा inquiry into religion or the proper course of conduct; अयातो धर्मजिज्ञासा Jaimini's Sutra. -जीवन a. one who acts according to the rules of his caste or fulfils prescribed duties. (-नः) a Brāhmaṇa who maintains himself by assisting other men in the performance of their religious rites; यश्वापि धर्मसमयात्प्रच्युतो धर्मजीवनः Ms. 9. 273. - आ a. 1 knowing what is right, conversant with civil or religious law; Ms. 7. 141; 8. 179; 10. 127. -2 just, righteous, pious. -त्यागः abandoning one's religion. apostacy. -दक्षिणा a fee for instruction in the law. -दानम् a charitable gift (made without any self-interest.) पात्रे भ्यो दीयते नित्यमनपेक्ष्य प्रयोजनम् । केवलं धर्मबुद्धपा यद् धर्मदानं प्रचक्षते ।। Ms. 3. 262. -दुघा a cow milked for religious purposes only. -द्रवी N. of the Ganges. -दारा m. (pl.) a lawful wife; स्त्रीणां भर्ता धर्मदाराश्च पुँसाम् Mal. 6. 18. - द्वह a. voilating the law or right; निसर्गेण स धर्मस्य गोप्ता धर्मद्वहो वयम् Mv. 2. 7. -द्रोहिन m. a demon. -धातः an epithet of Buddha. -ध्वजः, -ध्वजिन् m. a religious hypocrite, an impostor; Bhag. 3. 32. 39. -नन्दनः an epithet of युधिष्ठिर. -नाथः a legal protector, rightful master. -नामः an epithet of Visnu. -निबन्धिन a. pious, holy. -निवेशः religious devotion. -निष्ठ a. devoted to religion or virtue; श्रीमन्तः पान्तु पृथ्वी प्रशमित-रिपवो धर्मनिष्ठाश्व भूपाः Mk. 10.61. -निष्पात्तः f. 1 discharge or fulfilment of duty. -2 moral or religious observance. -पत्नी a lawful wife; R. 2. 2, 20, 72; 8. 7; Y. 2. 128. -प्यः the way of virtue, a virtuous course of conduct. -पर a. religious-minded, pious, righteous. -परिणामः rise of righteous conduct in the heart (Jainism); cf. also एतेन भूतोन्द्रियेषु धर्मलक्षणावस्थापरिणामा व्याख्याताः Yogadarsana. -पाठकः a teacher of civil or religious law; Ms. 12. 111. -पाटः ' protector of the law', said metaphorically of (दण्ड) 'punishment or chastisement', or 'sword'. -पीडा transgressing the law, an offence against law. -पुत्रः 1 a lawful son, a son begotten from a sense of duty and not from mere lust or sensual pleasure. -2 an epithet of युधिष्ठिर. -3 any one regarded as a son for religious purposes, a spiritual son. -प्रचारः (fig.) sword. -प्रतिरूपकः a counterfeit of virtue; Ms. 11. 9. -प्रधान a. eminent in piety; धर्मप्रधानं पुरुषं तपसा हताकिल्बिषम् Ms. 4. 243. -प्रवक्त m. 1 an expounder of the law, a legal adviser. -2 a religious teacher, preacher. -प्रवचनम् 1 the science of duty; U. 5. 23. -2

expounding the law. (-7:) an epithet of Buddha. -प्रेक्ष a. religious or virtuous (धर्मदृष्टि); Ram. 2. 85. 16. -बाणिजिकः, वाणिजिकः 1 one who tries to make profit out of his virtue like a merchant. -2 one who performs religious rites with a view to reward, like a merchant dealing in transactions for profit. - बाह्य: a. contrary to religion or what is right. -भागेनी 1 a lawful sister. -2 a daughter of the spiritual preceptor. -3 a spiritual sister, any one regarded as a sister or discharging the same religious duties एतिस्मिन्बिहारे मम धर्मभॅगिनी तिष्ठति Mk. 8. 46/47. -भागिनी a virtuous wife. -भाणकः a lecturer or public reader who reads and explains to audiences sacred books like the Bhārata, Bhāgavata, &c. - भिश्रकः a mendicant from virtuous motives; Ms. 11. 2. - Ho m. 1 'a preserver or defender of justice,' a king. -2 a virtuous person. - आत m. 1 a fellow religious student, a spiritual brother. -2 any one regarded as a brother from discharging the same religious duties. वानप्रस्थयतिब्रह्मचारिणां रिक्थभागिनः। क्रमेणाचार्यसच्छिष्य-धर्मश्रात्रेकतीर्थिनः ॥ Y. 2. 137. -महामात्रः a minister of religion, a minister in charge of religious affairs. - मूलम् the foundation of civil or religious law, the Vedas. -मेघः a particular Samadhi. -युगम् the Krita age; अथ धर्मयुगे तस्मिन्योगधर्ममनुष्ठिता । महीमनुचनारैका सुलभा नाम भिक्षुकी Mb. 12. 320. 7. -यूप:, -योनि: an epithet of Visnu. - रात a. 'delighting in virtue or justice' righteous, pious, just; तस्य धर्मरतेरासीद् बृद्धत्वं जरसा विना. R. 1. 23. -रत्नम् N. of a Jaina स्मृतियन्थ prepared by Jimutavāhana. -राज -m. an epithet of Yama. -राज a. धर्मशील q. v.; धर्मशाले जनकेन महात्मना (विदेहान् राक्षेतान् ) Mb. 12. 325 19. -राजः an epithet of 1 Yama. -2 Jina. -3 युधिष्ठिर. - 4 a king. - राजन m. N. of युधिष्ठिर. -राजिका a monument, a stupa (Sārnāth Inscrip. of Mahī pāla; Ind. Ant. Vol. 14, p. 140.) -रोधन a. 1 opposed to law, illegal, unlawful. -2 immoral. -लक्षणम् 1 the essential mark of law. -2 the Vedas. (-un) the Mīmāmsā philosophy. -छोपः 1 irreligion, immorality. -2 violation of duty; धर्मलोपभयादाज्ञीमृतुस्नातामिमां स्मरन् R. 1. 76. -वत्सल a. loving piety or duty. -वर्तिन a. just, virtuous. -वर्धनः an epithet of Siva. -वादः discussion about law or duty, religious controversy; अनुकल्पः परी धर्मी धर्मबादैस्तु केबलम् Mb. 12. 165. 15. -वासरः 1 the day of full moon. -2 yesterday. -वाहनः 1 an epithet of Siva. -2 a buffalo (being the vehicle of Yama). - विद a. familiar with the law (civil or religous). उत्तमः N. of Visnu. -विद्या knowledge of the law or right. -विधिः a legal precept or injunction; एष धर्मविधिः कृत्स्नश्चातुर्वर्ण्यस्य कीर्तितः Ms. 10. 131. -विश्व violation of duty, immorality. विवेचनम् 1 judicial investigation; यस्य श्रूदस्तु कुरुते राज्ञो धर्मविवेचनम् । तस्य सीदित तद्वाष्ट्रं पेंक्क गौरिच पश्यतः॥ Ms. 8. 21. -2 dissertation on duty. -बीरः (in Rhet.) the sentiment of heroism arising out of virtue or piety, the sentiment of chivalrous piety; the following instance is given in R. G.:— सपदि विलयमेतु राज्यलक्ष्मीरुपरि पतन्त्वथवा