नयनैः पिबन्त्यः (नार्यः) Ku. 7.64. -इयः (Arith.) A given quantity or number. -इयम् A visible object; the visible world; दश्यं तमसि न पश्यित दीपेन विना सचक्षुर्पि M. 1.9. -Comp. -इतर a. invisible. -जाति (Arith.) reduction of a given quantity with fractions. -स्थापित a. placed conspicuously; दश्यस्थापितमृद्दर्भिमक्षाभाण्डमृगाजिनाम् Ks. 24.92.

दरवन a. (-री f.) [दृश् कनिप्] (At the end of comp.)
1 Seeing, perceiving. -2 (Fig.) Familiar or conversant with; as in श्रुतपारदश्वा R. 5. 24; विद्यानां पारदश्वनः 1. 23.

हुए p. p. [इश्-कर्मणि-क] 1 Seen, looked, perceived, observed, beheld; उभयोरिप दष्टोऽन्तः Bg. 2. 16. -2 Visible. observable. -8 Regarded, considered; दशो विदृत्य बहुशोऽप्यनया सतृष्णम् S. 3. 10. - 4 Occurring, found. - 5 Appearing, manifested. - 8 Known, learned, understood. -7 Determined, decided, fixed; तदहं यष्ट्रमिच्छामि शास्त्रदृष्टेन कर्मणा Rām. 1. 8. 9. -8 Valid. -9 Allotted. -10 Experienced, suffered, endured, felt. -11 Treated of; see ह्य. - प्रम् 1 Perception, observation. - 2 Danger from dacoits. -Comp. - अहड्ड a. 1 seen for the first time. -2 scarcely or hardly seen. -3 relating to the present and future life; दष्टादष्टिकियासिदिन भवेत्तादगन्यथा Raj. T. 1. 130. -अन्तः, -तम् 1 an example, illustration, parable; पूर्णश्चन्द्रोदयाकार्क्का दष्टान्तोऽत्र महार्णवः र्झः २. ३1; साध्यसाधम्योत् तद्धर्मभावो दृष्टान्त उदाहरणम् Gautamasutra. -2 (in Rhet.) a figure of speech in which an assertion or statement is illustrated by an example (distinguished from उपमा and प्रतिबस्तूपमा; see K. P. 10 and R. G. ad. loc.). -3 a Sastra or science; शोभार्थ विहितास्तन न तु द्रष्टान्तः कृताः Mb. 2. 3. 13. - 4 death (cf. दिष्टान्त). -अर्थ a. 1 having the object or meaning obvious or quite apparent. -2 practical. -3 having a clear idea about anything. अगपत्तिः (see अर्थापत्तिः). -कष्ट, -दुःख &c. a. one who has experienced or suffered misery, inured to hardships. -कूटम् a riddle, an enigma. -दोष a. 1 found fault with, considered to be faulty; S. 2. -2 vicious. -3 exposed, detected. -TE a. running from a battlefield. -प्रत्यय a. 1 having confidence manifested. -2 convinced. -रजस् f. a girl arrived at puberty.-व्यतिकर a: 1 one who has experienced a misfortune. -2 one who foresees evil.

वृष्टिः f. [हश्-भावे-किन] 1 Seeing, viewing. —2 Seeing with the mental eye. —8 Knowing, knowledge; सम्यग्दिष्टस्तस्य परं परयित यस्त्वाम् Ki. 18. 28. —4 The eye, the faculty of seeing, sight; केनेदानी दृष्टि बिलोभयामि V. 2; चलापाज्ञां दिष्टे स्पृश्ति Ś. 1. 23.; दृष्टिस्तृणीकृतजगत्त्रयसत्त्वसारा U. 6. 19; R. 2. 28; Ś. 4. 2; देव दृष्टिप्तृणीकृतजगत्त्रयसत्त्वसारा U. 6. 19; R. 2. 28; Ś. 4. 2; देव दृष्टिप्त्याद कुरु H. 1. —6 A look, glance.
—6 View, notion; सुद्रदृष्टिरेषा K. 173; एतां दृष्टिमवष्टभ्य Bg. 16. 9. —7 Consideration, regard. —8 Intellect, wisdom; सुभ्यं नमस्तेऽस्त्वविषक्तदृष्ट्ये Bhag. 10. 40. 12. —9 (In Astrol.) Aspect of the stars. —10 Light (प्रकाश). —11 A theory, dootrine, notion; याश्व काश्व कृद्ष्ट्यः (सर्वास्ता निष्कलः) Ms. 12. 95. —Comp. —कृत् n., —कृत्म a kind of lily (र्थलपद्म).

-क्षम worth-seeing; V. 4. 21. -क्षेप: a glance, look. -गतम a theory, doctrine. -गुणः a mark for archers. butt, target. - गोचर a. within the range of sight, in sight, visible. (-रः) the range of sight. -दानम् appearance. -दोष: the evil influence of the human eye. -पात: 1 a look, glance; मार्ग मृगप्रोक्षिण दृष्टिपातं कुरुष R. 13. 18: Bh. 1. 11, 94; 3. 66. -2 act of seeing, function of the eye; रजःकणैबिंध्नितदृष्टिपाताः Ku. 3. 31 (Malli. interpretsunnecessarily in our opinion—पात by प्रभा). -पथ: the range of sight. - प्त a. 'kept pure by the sight' watched that no impurity is contracted; दृष्टिपूर्तं न्यसेत्पादम् Ms. 6. 46. -प्रसादः the favour of a look. -बन्धः a firefly. -मण्डलम 1 the pupil of the eye. -2 the circle of sight. -रागः the expression of the eyes; भवन्तमन्तरेण कीं हशोऽस्या दृष्टिरागः S. 2. 11-12. -वादः 1 a Buddhist canon dealing with discussion on other religious views; दृष्टिवादो द्वादशाङ्गी स्याद्रणिपिटकाह्म्या। प्रतिकर्मसूत्रपूर्वानुयोगो पूर्व गतचूलिकाः । पञ्च स्युर्देष्टिवादभेदाः पूर्वाणि चतुर्दशापि पूर्वगते । Hem -2 N. of the 12th Anga of the Jainas. -विक्षेप: a side-glance, leer, oblique look. -विद्या optics. -विश्रमः an amorous glance, a coquettish look; ई. 1. 23. - विष: a serpent. -संभेदः mutual glance; त्वयापि न निरूपिता अनयोर्दाष्ट्रसंभेदाः Mal. 7.

हाधन a. 1 Having an insight into, or familiar with anything. -2 Having the looks or thoughts directed upon anything, absorbed in the contemplation of

हशद् f. A stone; see हषद्.

हषद् f. [द अदि षुक् हस्वश्व; cf. Un. 1.128] 1 A rock, large stone, or stone in general; तत्र व्यक्तं दषदि चरणन्यास-मधेन्द्रमोलेः Me. 55; R. 4.74; Bh. 1.38. −2 A mill-stone, a flat stone for grinding condiments upon; मिला मृषाश्च-देषदरमना रहः Bhāg. 10.9.6. -Comp. -अइमन् m., -पुत्रः the upper and smaller mill-stone. -उपलः a grind-stone for grinding condiments upon. (दषदिमाषकः a tax raised from mill stones). -सारम् iron; दषत्सारस्तत्वामृतमपि भवामभीनिधिगतः Mv. 6.52.

इष्ट्रत् a. Stony, rocky. -ती 1 N. of a river flowing into the Sarasvatī and forming the eastern boundary of the Aryāvarta; cf. Ms. 2. 17. -2 An epithet of Durgā.

दृह, दृंह् 1. P. (दहीत, दंहति) 1 To be fixed or firm. -2 To grow, increase. -3 To prosper. -4 To fasten.

द् I. 4, 9 P. (दीर्यति, दूणाति, दीर्ण) 1 To burst or break asunder, split open. -2 To cause to burst, tear, divide, rend, sunder, pull to pieces. -Pass. (दीर्यते) 1 To burst, break open, be sundered; कथमें प्रलपतां वः सहस्रधा न दीर्ण। मनया जिह्नया Ve. 3. -2 To separate. -3 To be afraid, tofear. -Caus. (द-दा-रयति-ते) 1 To split, tear asunder, divide by digging. -2 To disperse, scatter. -II. 1 P. (दरति) To fear, be afraid of. (With prepositions like अव, आ, प्र, &c. the root does not change its meaning.)