

दमः [दम् भावे घञ्] 1 Taming, subduing. -2 Self-command, subduing or curbing the passions, self-restraint; Mb. 1. 100. 2; Bg. 10. 4; (निग्रहो बाह्यवृत्तीनां दम इत्यभिधीयते). -3 Drawing the mind away from evil deeds or curbing its evil propensities; (कुत्सितात्कर्मणो विप्रयत्नं चित्तनिवारणं स कीर्तितो दमः). -4 Firmness of mind, -5 Punishment, fine; चिकित्सकानां सर्वेषां मिथ्या प्रचरतां दमः Ms. 9. 284, 290; 8. 293; Y. 2. 4; Bhāg. 1. 18. 41. -6 Mire, mud. -7 Viṣṇu. -8 N. of a brother of Damayantī.

दमक a. Taming, subduing, conquering; हस्तिगोश्वेष्ट-दमकः Ms. 3. 162.

दमथः, -थुः [दम्-भावे-अथञ्] 1 Subduing or curbing the passions, self-restraint. -2 Punishment.

दमन a. (-नी f.) [दम् भावे ल्युट्] Taming, subduing, overpowering, conquering, defeating; जामदग्न्यस्य दमने नैवं निर्विक्रमहंसि U. 5. 32; Bh. 3. 89; so सर्वदमन, अरिदमन &c. -2 Tranquil, passionless, -नः 1 A charioteer; Bhāg. 4. 26. 2. -2 A warrior. -3 The *Kunda* plant. -4 An epithet of Viṣṇu. -नम् 1 Taming, subjugation, curbing, restraint. -2 Punishing, chastising, दुर्दान्तानां दमनविधयः क्षत्रियेष्वायतन्ते Mv. 3. 34. -3 Self-restraint. -4 Slaying, killing; जामदग्न्यस्य दमने न हि निर्विक्रमहंसि U. 5. 31.

दमनकः N. of a tree.

दमयन्ती 1 N. of the daughter of Bhīma, king of the Vidarbhas. [She was so called because by her matchless beauty she subdued the pride of all lovely women; cf. N. 2. 18 :—भुवनत्रयसुःस्वामसौ दमयन्ती कमनीयतामदम् । उदियाय यतस्तनुश्रिया दमयन्तीति ततोऽभिधां दधौ ॥ A golden swan first described to her the beauty and virtues of king Nala, and through him she communicated her love to Nala. Afterwards at the Svayamvara she chose Nala for her husband from out of a host of competitors among whom were the four gods Indra, Agni, Yama, and Varuṇa themselves, and the lovely pair spent some years very happily. But their happiness was not destined to last long. Kali, envious of the good fortune of Nala, entered his body, and induced him to play at dice with his brother Puṣkara. In the heat of the play the infatuated monarch staked and lost everything except himself and his wife. Nala and Damayantī were, therefore, driven out of the kingdom, 'clad in a single garment'. While wandering through the wilderness, Damayantī had to pass through several trying adventures, but her devotion to her husband remained entirely unshaken. One day while she was asleep, Nala in the frenzy of despair abandoned her, and she was obliged to go to her father's house. After some time she was united with her husband, and they passed the rest of their lives in the undisturbed enjoy-

ment of happiness. See Nala and Rītuparna also.] -2 N. of a flowering plant (Mar. मोगरी).

दमयित् a. [दम्-णिञ्-त्] 1 Taming, subduing. -2 A punisher, chastiser. -3 An epithet of Viṣṇu, or Śiva.

दमित a. 1 Tamed, calmed, tranquilized. -2 Conquered, curbed, subdued, defeated.

दमिन् a. 1 Tamed, subdued. -2 Taming, subduing, overpowering.

दम्य a. 1 To be trained or tamed; of the age of training; दम्यस्येवावर्तेतु मुहुः Bhāg. 11. 20. 21. -2 To be punished, punishable -म्यः 1 A young bullock (requiring training and experience); नार्हति तातः पुत्र-धारितायां धुरि दम्यं नियोजयितुम् V. 5; गुर्वी धुरं यो भुवनस्य पित्रा युयेण दम्यः सदृशं विभर्ति R. 6. 78; Mu. 3. 3. -2 A steer that has to be tamed.

दान्त p. p. [दम्-कर्त्तरि-क्त] 1 Tamed, subdued, overpowered, curbed, restrained, bridled; see दम्. -2 Docile, tame, mild. -3 Self-possessed, self-controlled; U. 5. -4 Subdued, conquered, vanquished; तस्मिन्दान्ते कास्तुतिस्तस्य राज्ञः U. 5. 32. -5 Resigned. -6 Liberal. -7 Dental. -8 Patient of bodily mortifications or austerities &c. -तः 1 A tamed ox. -2 A donor. -3 N. of a tree (दमनक).

दान्तिः f. [दम्-क्तिन्] 1 Self-restraint, subjection, control. -2 The patient endurance of bodily mortifications, religious austerities &c. -3 Humiliation.

दमः, -मम् Ved. 1 A house, home; दमेदमे समिधम् Vāj. 8. 24. -2 The inmates of a house. -Comp. -कर्त्तृ m. a lord, ruler. -घोषः N. of a king, father of विशुपाल. q. v.

दमु (मू) नस् m. 1 Fire; ददौ पुनस्तां दमुनस्यतस्ते (चक्रवाकाः) । तपन्ति नक्तं न च तस्य भेदाः ॥ Rām. Ch. 6. 20. -2 N. of Śukra; L. D. B.

दम्पती m. (du.) 1 The lord of the house (Agni, Indra, the Aśvins); दम्पतीव क्रतुविदा जनेषु Rv. 2. 39. 2. -2 (comp. of जाया and पति) Husband and wife; तौ दम्पती वसिष्ठस्य गुरोर्जगमतुराश्रमम् R. 1. 35; 2. 70; Ms. 3. 116.

दम्भ I. 5 P. See दम्. -II. Caus. or 10 U. (दम्भयति ते) 1 To kill, destroy, strike down. -2. (ऌ.) To collect, arrange, string.

दम्भः [दम्भ-घञ्] 1 Deceit, fraud, trickery; Ms. 4. 163. -2 Religious hypocrisy; Bg. 16. 4. -3 Arrogance, pride, ostentation. -4 Sin, wickedness. -5 The thunderbolt of Indra. -6 An epithet of Śiva. -Comp. -चयो deceit, hypocrisy.

दम्भक a. Cheating, deceiving; लोकदम्भकः Ms. 4. 195.

दम्भनम् [दम्भ-भावे ल्युट्] Cheating, deceiving, deceit.