

manner of a measuring rod. -कल्पः Infliction of punishment; शुद्धचित्रश्च दण्डकल्पः Kau. A. 4. -काकः a raven. -काष्ठम् a wooden club or staff; दण्डकाष्ठमवलम्ब्य स्थितः S. 2. -ग्रहणम् assumption of the staff of an ascetic or pilgrim, becoming a mendicant. -म्र a. striking with a stick, committing an assault; Ms. 8. 386. -चक्रः a division of an army. -छदनम् a room in which utensils of various kinds are kept. -ढका a kind of drum. -दासः one who has become a slave from non-payment of a debt; Ms. 8. 415. -देवकुलम् a court of justice. -धर, -धार a. 1 carrying a staff, staff-bearer. -2 punishing, chastising; दत्ताभये त्वयि यमादपि दण्डधारे U. 2. 11. -3 exercising judicial authority. (-रः) 1 a king; श्रमनुदं मनुदण्डधरान्वयम् R. 9. 3; बलीयानबलं प्रसते दण्डधराभावे Kau. A. 1. 4. -2 N. of Yama; यमो निहन्ता... दण्डधरश्च कालः -3 a judge, supreme magistrate. -4 a mendicant carrying a staff. -5 a potter. -6 a general (of an army;) Dk. 2. -धारणम् 1 carrying a staff (as by a Brahmaachārin). -2 following the order of a mendicant. -3 infliction of punishment. -नायकः 1 a judge, a head police-officer, a magistrate. -2 the leader of an army, a general. -3 a king. °पुरुषः a policeman, constable. -निधानम् pardoning, indulgence; Mb. 12. -निपातनम् punishing, chastising. -नीतिः f. 1 administration of justice, judicature. -2 the system of civil and military administration, the science of politics, polity; Ms. 7. 43; Y. 1. 311; फलान्युपायुक्तं स दण्डनीतिः R. 18. 46; जरातुरः संप्रति दण्डनीत्या सर्वं नृपस्यानुकरोमि वृत्तम् Nāg. 4. 1. -3 an epithet of Durgā. -नेतृ m. 1 a king. -2 Yama; दृष्ट्वा रषा मम कृषन्त्यधिदण्डनेतुः Bhāg. 3. 16. 10. -3 a judge; Ms. 12. 100; Bhāg. 4. 22. 45. -पः a king. -पाशुलः a porter, door-keeper. -पाणिः 1 an epithet of Yama; करोमि चिकित्सां दण्डपाणिरिव जनतायाः Bhāg. 5. 10. 7. -2 N. of the god Śiva at Benares. -3 a policeman; इति पश्चात्प्रविष्टास्ते पुरुषा दण्डपाणयः Ks. 54. 203. -पातः 1 falling of a stick. -2 infliction of punishment. -3 dropping one line in a manuscript. -पातनम् infliction of punishment, chastisement. -पारुष्यम् 1 assault, violence. -2 hard or cruel infliction of punishment; अत ऊर्ध्वं प्रवक्ष्यामि दण्डपारुष्यनिर्णयम् Ms. 8. 278. -पालः, -पालकः 1 a head magistrate. -2 a door-keeper, porter. Kau. A. 1. 12. -3 Ns. of two kinds of fishes; L. D. B. -पाशकः, -पाशिकः 1 a head police-officer; Pt. 2; उच्यतामस्मद्रचनात्कालपाशिको दण्डपाशिकश्च Mu. 1. 20-21. -2 a hangman, an executioner. -पोणम् a strainer furnished with a handle. -प्रणामः 1 bowing by prostrating the body at full length (keeping it erect like a stick). cf. साष्टाङ्गनमस्कार. -2 falling flat or prostrate on the ground. -बालधिः an elephant. -भङ्गः non-execution of a sentence. -मूर्त् m. 1 a potter. -2 an epithet of Yama. -माण (न)वः 1 a staff-bearer -2 an ascetic bearing a staff; Rām. 2. 32. 18. -3 a chief or leader. -माथः a principal road, highway. -मुखः a leader, general of an army. -यात्रा 1 a solemn procession (particularly bridal).

-2 warlike expedition, conquest (of a region). -यामः 1 an epithet of Yama. -2 of Agastya. -3 a day. -लेशम् a small fine; Ms. 8. 51. -वधः capital punishment. -वाचिक a. actual or verbal (assault); Ms. 8. 6; cf. वाक्पारुष्यम्. -वादिन् a. reprimanding, censuring, threatening with punishment; (also -m.). -वारित a. forbidden by threat of punishment. -वासिकः a door-keeper, warder. -वासिन् m. 1 a door-keeper. -2 a magistrate. -वाहिन् m. a police-officer. -विकल्पः discretion given to an officer in awarding punishment or fine; Ms. 9. 228. -विधिः 1 rule of punishment; see दण्डोद्यमः -2 criminal law. -विष्कम्भः the post to which the string of a churning-stick is fastened. -व्यूहः a particular form of arranging troops, arranging them in long lines or columns; Ms. 7. 187. -शास्त्रम् the science of inflicting punishment, criminal law. -हस्तः 1 a door-keeper, warder, porter. -2 an epithet of Yama.

दण्डकः 1 A stick, staff &c. (such as a handle of a parasol, the beam of a plough, the staff of a banner). -2 A line, row. -3 N. of a metre; see App. I. -कः, -का, -कम् N. of a celebrated district in the Deccan situated between the rivers Narmadā and Godāvarī (it was a vast region said to be tenantless in the time of Rama); प्राप्तानि दुःखान्यपि दण्डकेषु R. 14. 25; किं नाम दण्डकेयम् U. 2; कायोध्यायाः पुनरुपगमो दण्डकायां वने वः U. 2. 13, 14, 15. -Comp. -अरण्यम् the Daṇḍaka forest in the Deccan; Mb. 3; also दण्डकावनम्.

दण्डनम् Punishing, chastising, fining.

दण्डनीय a. Punishable, deserving or liable to be fined.

दण्डायते Den. Ā. To stand erect (like a stick).

दण्डवत् a. 1 Carrying a staff. -2 Furnished with a handle. -3 Having a large army. -ind. 1 Erect or upright like a stick. -2 Falling prostrate; दण्डवत् प्रणामं कृत्वा.

दण्डादण्डि ind. 'Stick against stick', fighting with sticks and staves; cudgelling; Ms. 6. 121 Kull.

दण्डारः [दण्डमुच्छति ऋ-अण् उप० सं०] 1 A carriage. -2 A potter's wheel. -3 A raft, boat. -4 An elephant in rut. -5 A bow or any other instrument.

दण्डिकः 1 A staff-bearer, a mace-bearer. -2 A kind of fish; also दण्डिका -3 A policeman.

दण्डिका 1 A stick. -2 A row, line, series. -3 A string of pearls, a necklace. -4 A rope.

दण्डित p. p. Punished, chastised, fined &c.

दण्डिन् a. [दण्ड-अस्त्यर्थे इनि] Bearing or having a staff; न शक्या धर्मतो हन्तुं कालेनापीह दण्डिना Mb. 9. 61. 66.