

who assumed the form of a deer, and at last decapitated him. But Śiva is said to have afterwards restored him to life, and he thenceforward acknowledged the god's supremacy. According to another account, Śiva, when provoked, tore off a hair from his matted hair, and dashed it with great force against the ground when lo! a powerful demon started up and awaited his orders. He was told to go and destroy Dakṣa's sacrifice; whereupon the mighty demon, attended by several demigods, went to the sacrifice, routed the gods and priests, and, according to one account, beheaded Dakṣa himself; Ms. 9. 128-29.] -2 A cock. -3 Fire. -4 The bull of Śiva. -5 A lover attached to many mistresses. -6 An epithet of Śiva. -7 Mental power, ability, capacity. -8 An epithet of Viṣṇu. -9 The right side or part; वामतो जानकी यस्य दक्षभागे च लक्ष्मणः -10 Ability, power, fitness. -11 Strength of will, energy, resoluteness. -12 Strength, power. -13 Bad disposition, wickedness; मा सख्युर्दक्षे रिपोभुजिम Rv. 4. 3. 13. -क्षा 1 The earth. -2 An epithet of the Ganges. -क्षम् Strength, vigour. -Comp. -अध्वरध्वंसकः, क्रतुध्वंसिनः, -मथनः, -विध्वंसः Śiva; Hch. 3. -m. epithets of Śiva. -कन्या, -जा, तनया, -यक्षविनाशिनी 1 an epithet of Durgā. -2 a lunar mansion. -जापतिः 1 the moon -2 Śiva. -सावणः (णिः) N. of the 9th Manu; नवमो दक्षसावणिर्ननुर्वरुणसंभवः Bhāg. 8. 13. 18. -सुतः a god. (-ता) a lunar mansion. नरेन्द्रकन्यास्तमवाप्य सत्पतिं तमोतुदं दक्षसुता इवाबभुः R. 3. 33.

दक्षता Dexterity, ability.

दक्षायः 1 A vulture. -2 An epithet of Garuḍa.

दक्षिण a. [दक्ष-इन्न् Un 2. 50.] 1 Able, skilful, dexterous, competent, clever; इत्यम्बरीषं नाभागिमन्वमोदन्त दक्षिणाः Mb. 12. 29. 102. -2 Right (opp. वाम). -3 Situated on the right side. दक्षिणं परी, दक्षिणं कृ to place any one on the right side as a mark of respect; ग्रहर्क्षताराः परियन्ति दक्षिणम् Bhāg. 4. 12. 25. -4 South, southern; as in दक्षिणवायु, दक्षिणदिक्; आददे नातिशीतोष्णो नभस्वानिव दक्षिणः R. 4. 8. -5 Situated to the south. -6 Sincere, straightforward, honest, impartial. -7 Pleasing, amiable. -8 Courteous, civil. -9 Compliant, submissive. -10 Dependent. -11 Favourable; 'दक्षिणः सरलावामपरच्छन्दातुवर्तिषु' इति विश्वः; Ki. 18. 27. -णः 1 The right hand or arm. -2 A civil or courteous person, applied in poetic compositions to a lover who professes attachment to one mistress, while his heart has been entirely taken up by another. -3 An epithet of Śiva or Viṣṇu. -4 The right-hand horse of a carriage; इन्द्रस्येव दक्षिणः श्रियैषि Vāj. 9. 8. -5 The southern sacred fire. -णः, णम् 1 The right side. -2 The south; Nala. 9. 23. -3 The Deccan. -णम् The highest doctrine of the Śaktas -Comp. -अग्निः the southern fire, the sacred fire placed southwards; also called अन्वाहार्यपचन q. v. -अग्र a.

pointing to the south. -अचलः the southern mountain. i. e. Malaya. -अत्ययः a dweller in the south. -अपर a. south-western. -अभिमुख a. facing the south, directed towards the south; Ms. 4. 50. -अयनम् the sun's progress south of the equator, the half year in which the sun moves from the north to the south, the winter solstice; सर्वेऽश्वमेधैरीजानास्तेऽव्युर्दक्षिणायनम् Mb. 12. 29. 103. रात्रिः स्याद्दक्षिणायनम् Ms. 1. 67; Bhāg. 5. 21. 3. -अरण्यम् Daṇḍakāraṇya. -अर्धः 1 the right hand. -2 the right or southern side. -आचार a. 1 honest, well-behaved. -2 a worshipper of Śakti according to the right hand (or purer) ritual. -आम्नायः the southern sacred text (of the Tāntrikas). -आवर्त a. turning to the right (from the left), (a conch-shell). -आशा the south. °पतिः 1 an epithet of Yama. -2 the planet Mars. -इतर a. 1 left (as hand or foot); तमिमं कुरु दक्षिणेतरं चरणं निर्मितरागमेहि मे Ku. 4. 19. -2 northern. (-रा) the north. -ईर्मन् a. (a deer) wounded on the right side मृगयुमिव मृगोऽथ दक्षिणेर्मा. -उत्तर a. turned or lying to the south and the north. °वृत्तम् the meridian line. -कालिका f. 1 A Tāntrika Deity. -2 Durgā. -पश्चात् ind. to the south-west. -पश्चिम a. south-western. (-मा) the south-west; जम्भुर्भरतशादूल दिशं दक्षिणपश्चिमाम् Mb. 17. 1. 44. -पूर्व, -प्राच् a. south-east. -पूर्वा, -प्राची the south-eastern quarter. -भागः the southern hemisphere. -समुद्रः, -सागरः the southern ocean. -स्थः a charioteer.

दक्षिणतः ind. 1 From the right or south. -2 To the right hand. -3 To the south or southward (with gen.).

दक्षिणा ind. 1 On the right or south of. -2 In the southern direction (with abl.) -णा 1 A present or gift to Brāhmaṇas (at the completion of a religious rite, such as a sacrifice). -2 Dakṣiṇā regarded as a daughter of Prajāpati and as the wife of Sacrifice personified; पत्नी सुदक्षिणेत्यासीदध्वरस्येव दक्षिणा R. 1. 31. -3 A gift, offering or donation in general, fee, remuneration; प्राणदक्षिणा, गुरुदक्षिणा &c.; cf. also दक्षिणाशब्दश्च परिक्रयार्थं भवति ŚB. on MS. 10. 2. 38; परिक्रयार्थं हि दक्षिणाशब्दो भवति ŚB. on MS. 10. 2. 48. Etymologically दक्षिणा is so called because it imparts power or strength to the receiver; दक्षकरणी हि दक्षिणा। दक्षश्च बलम्। ŚB. on MS. 10. 3. 45; दक्षिणा नाम दक्षतेरुत्साहकर्मणः। दक्षिणा उत्साहिका इति। ŚB. on MS. 10. 3. 57. -4 A good milch-cow, prolific cow. -5 The south. -6 The southern country, the Deccan. -7 Fame. -8 A kind of heroine thus defined:- या गौरवं भयं प्रेम सद्भावं पूर्बनायके। न मुञ्चत्यन्यसक्तापि सा ज्ञेया दक्षिणा बुधैः॥ -9 Completion of any rite. -Comp. -अर्ह a. deserving or worthy of a gift. -आवर्त a. 1 curved to the right (a conch-shell &c.); Bhāg. 5. 23. 5. -2 turned towards the south. (-तैः) 1 the Deccan. -2 a conch-shell opening to the right; Divyāvadāna 56. 71. -कालः the time of receiving Dakṣiṇā. -पथः 1 the southern part of India, the south or Deccan; आस्ति दक्षिणापथं विदर्भेषु पद्मपुरं नाम नगरम् Mal. 1. -2 'the