-सप्ति a. or f. seventy-four. -समम् an unguent of four things, sandal, agallochum, saffron and musk; L. D. B. -सीमा the boundaries on all four sides. -हायन, -ण a. four years old; (the f. of this word ends in आ if it refers to an inanimate object, and in ई if it refers to an animal). -होत्रकम् the four priests taken collectively.

चतुर्थ a. (थी f.) [ चतुर्णा प्रणः डर् युक्च ] The fourth.
-थ: The fourth letter of any class. -थेम् A quarter, a fourth part. -अंश a. receiving a fourth part. (-शः) a quarter or fourth part. -आश्रमः the fourth stage of a Brāhmaṇa's religious life, Sainnyāsa. -फलम् the second inequality or equation of a planet. -भक्त a. eating the fourth meal. भाज a. receiving a fourth part of every source of income from the subjects, as a king; (this is allowed only in times of financial embarrassments, the usual share being a sixth.)

चतुर्धक a. The fourth. -कः A fever that returns or is repeated every four days, a quartan. -धिका A weight equal to four Karsas.

चतुर्थी 1 The fourth day of a lunar fortnight. -2
The dative case (in gram.). -Comp. -कर्मन् n. the
ceremonies to be performed on the fourth night of the
marriage.

चतुर्घो ibid. In four ways, fourfold.

चतुष्क a. [चतुरवयवं चत्वारोऽवयवा यस्य वा कन् ] 1 Consisting of four. —2 Increased by four; द्विकं त्रिकं चतुष्कं च पश्चकं च शतं समम् Ms. 8. 142 (i. e. 102, 103, 104, or 105, or interest at the rate of 2 to 5 percent). — कम् 1 The number 'four'. —2 A collection of four. —3 cross-way—4 A quadrangular courtyard. —6 A hall resting on (four) pillars, a hall or saloon in general; Ku. 5. 68, 7. 9. —6 A necklace of four strings. —7 A stand or a seat with four feet (Mar. चोरंग); चतुष्केमं सकेशापि...Siva. B. 22. 62. — कि 1 A large four sided pond. —2 A mosquito curtain.

चतुष्किका The number 'four'.

चतुष्ट्य a. (-यी f.) [चत्वारोऽवयवा विधा अस्य तयप्] Four-fold, consisting of four; पुराणस्य कवेस्तस्य चतुर्भुख-समीरिता। प्रवृत्तिरासीच्छव्दानां चरितार्था चतुष्ट्यी। Ku. 2.17. -यम् A group or collection of four; एकेकमप्यनर्थाय किम् यत्र चतुष्ट्यम् H. Pr. 11; Ku. 7.62; मासचतुष्ट्यस्य भोजनम् H.1. -2 A square. -3 The first, fourth, seventh, and tenth signs of the zodiac. -4 The centre of a circle.

चत्वारिशत् f. Forty.

चतुर a. [चत्-उरच्] 1 Clever, skilful, ingenious, sharp-witted; सर्वात्मना रितकथाचतुरेव दूती Mu. 3. 9; Amaru. 15. 44; मृगया जहार चतुरेव कामिनी R. 9. 69; 18. 15. -2 Quick, swift. -8 Charming, beautiful, lovely,

agreeable; न पुनरेति गतं चतुरं वयः R. 9.47; Ku. 1.47; 3.5; 5.49. — 1 A round pillow. —2 Crooked gait. —3 An elephant's stable. — 1 Cleverness, ingenuity. —2 An elephant's stable.

चतुल a. Depositing, placing.

चत्वरम् [चत्-घ्वरच् Un. 2. 121] 1 A quadrangular place or courtyard. -2 A place where many roads meet; स खलु श्रेष्टिचल्बरे निवसति Mk. 2. -3 A levelled spot of ground prepared for a sacrifice. -4 A collection of four chariots.

चत्वालः 1 A hole in the ground prepared for an oblation or for the sacrificial fire. -2 Kuśa grass. -3 Womb.

चद् 1 U. [ चदति-ते ] To ask, beg.

चिद्र: [ चद्-किरच् ] 1 The moon. -2 Camphor. -8 An elephant. -4 A snake.

चन् 1, 6. P. [ चनति ] 1 To sound. -2 To hurt, injure, kill.

चनस् n. Ved. 1 Food. -2 Delight, satisfaction, pleasure; सुते दिधव्य नश्चनः Rv. 1.3.6.

चनसित a. Ved. Delighted, satisfied, pleased.

चनस्यति Den. P. 1 To like. -2 To eat. -3 To delight in; पुरुभुजा चनस्यतम् Rv. 1.3.1.

चित्र n. Containing or granting much food; चिनष्ठं पित्रो रस्ते विभागे Rv. 5.77.4.

चन ind. Not, not also, even not; आपश्चन प्र मिनाति वर्त वाम् Rv. 2. 24. 12; (not used by itself, but found used in combination with the pronoun किम् or its derivatives, such as कद्, कथं, क, कदा, दुतः to which it imparts an indefinite sense; see under किम्). Note:—Some regard चन to be not a separate word, but a combination of च and न.

चन्द् 1 P. [ चन्दति, चन्दित ] 1 To shine. -2 To be glad or rejoiced.

चन्द् 1 The moon; L. D. B. -2 Camphor.

चन्दकः The moon. -2 A kind of fish.

चन्दनः -नम् [ चन्द ण्यन्तात् ल्यु ] Sandal, (the tree, the wood, or any unctuous preparation of the wood, held in high estimation as a perfume and refrigerant application); अनलायागुरुचन्दनैधसे R. 8. 71; मणिप्रकाराः सरसं च चन्दनं गुनौ प्रिये यान्ति जनस्य सेन्यताम् Rs. 1. 2; एवं च भाषते लोकश्चन्दनं किल शीतलम् । पुत्रगात्रस्य संस्पर्शश्चन्दनादातिरिच्यते Pt. 5. 20; विना मलयमन्यत्र चन्दनं न प्ररोहिति 1. 41. -2 Anything most excellent of its kind. -3 A kind of monkey; L. D. B. -Comp. -अचलः, -अद्रिः, -गिरिः the Malaya mountain; चन्दनादेस्तदास्कन्दत्रासश्चरयदिच्छलात् Raj. T. 4. 156. -उदकम् sandal-water; -दासः N. of a Character