known, proclaim; ख्यापयेदभयानि च Ms. 7. 201. -2 To tell, declare, relate; पर्गुणकथनैः स्वान्गुणान्छ्यापयन्तः Bh. 2. 69; Ms. 11. 99. -3 To extol, make renowned, praise.

स्थात p. p. [स्था-क्त ] 1 Known; स्थातं नभःशब्दमयेन नाम्ना R. 18. 6. -2 Named, called. -3 Told. -4 Celebrated, famous, well-known. -5 Notorious; स्थातः शको भगाङ्गो विधुरि मिलिनो माथवो गोपजातः Udb. -6 Made known, betrayed, discovered; (स्थापित p. p. Caus.) प्रमादालस्थ-जाड्यानि स्थापितानि Pt. 1. 39. -तम् 1 Communication, mention. -2 Proclamation. -Comp. -गहण a. notoriously vile, infamous.

स्यातव्य a. 1 To be styled or called. -2 To be told. -3 To be celebrated.

ख्यातिः f. [ ख्या-किन् ] 1 Renown, fame, reputation, glory, celebrity; ख्यातियुक्ती भविष्यतः Ram. 7. 66. 9; Ms.

12. 36; लोके ख्यातिमुपागतात्र सकले लोकोक्तिरेषा Pt. 1. 371. -2 A name, title, appellation. -3 Narration. -4 Praise. -5 (In phil.) Knowledge, the faculty of discriminating objects by appropriate designation; ख्याति च सत्त्वपुरुषान्यत्याधिगम्य Si. 4. 55. -6 Praise. -7 Opinion, view, assertion; आन्वीक्षिको कोशलानां विकल्पः ख्यातिवादिनाम् Bhāg. 11. 16. 24. -Comp. -कर, -जनक a. glorious. -बोधः sense of honour. -विरद्धता the state of being contradictory to general opinion.

स्यापक a. 1 Making known, declaring. -2 One who confesses. -3 Indicative.

ख्यापनम् 1 Declaring, divulging; जानता हि नरेन्द्रेण ख्यापनार्थ परस्य वे Mb. 5. 190. 22. -2 Confessing, avowing, publicly declaring; Ms. 11. 227. -3 Making renowned, celebrating.

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a. (Used only at the end of comp.) Who or what goes, going, moving, being, staying, remaining, having sexual intercourse with &c.; cf. Ms. 4. 120; Y. 3. 290; R. 3. 13. —ा: 1 A Gandharva.—2 An epithet of Ganesa.—3 A long syllable (used as an abbreviation of गुरु, in prosody).—4 Siva.—5 Viṣṇu; cf. गः प्रीतो भवः श्रीपतिरुत्तमः Enm.—गा, नाम् A song; गं वादित्रं शरणं वरम्। ibid.

गगनम् (-णम् ) (Some suppose गगण to be an incorrect form, as is observed by a writer: - फाल्गुने गगने फेने णत्विमच्छिन्ति बर्बराः ) 1 The sky, atmosphere; अवीचदेनं गगन-स्पृशा रघुः स्वरेण R. 3. 43; गगनमिव नष्टतारम् Pt. 5. 6; सोऽयं सोमः पतित गगनात् Ś. 4. (v. l.); Śi. 9. 27. -2 ( In math. ) A cypher. -3 Firmament. -4 Heaven. -Comp. -अग्रम् the highest heavens. -अङ्गा a heavenly nymph, an Apsaras. – সংবা: 1 the sun. -2 a planet. -3 a celestial being. -अम्बु n. rain-water. -उल्मुक: the planet Mars. - कुसुमम्, -पुष्पम् 'sky-flower'; i. e. any unreal thing, an impossibility; see खपुष्प. -गतिः 1 a deity. -2 a celestial being; Me. 48. -3 a planet. -चर (also गगनेचर ) a. moving in the air. (-रः) 1 a bird. -2 a planet. -3 a heavenly spirit. -4 a lunar mansion. -5 the zodiac (राशिचक). -ध्वजः 1 the sun. -2 a cloud. -रामन्यः nonsense, absurdity. -छिह्न a. reaching upto heaven; ततस्ततो गगनिल्ह अकतवः Si. 17. 39. -विहारिन a. moving or ranging in the sky; H. 1. 19; स हि गगनविहारी कल्मषध्वंसकारी Udb. (-m.) 1 a luminary. -2 the sun. -8 a celestial being. -सद a. dwelling in the air. (-m.) a celestial being; विस्मेरान्गगनसदः करोत्यमुष्मिन् Si. 4. 53.

-सिन्धुः f. an epithet of the Ganges; गगनसिन्धुफेनधवलान्त-रस्य K. -स्थ, -स्थित a. situated in the sky. -स्पर्शनः 1 air, wind. -2 N. of one of the eight Maruts.

गग्ध् 1 P. To laugh, deride.

गङ्गा । गम्-गन्; Un. 1. 120 ] 1 The river Ganges, the most sacred river in India; अधोधो गङ्गयं पद्मुपगता स्तोकमथवा Bh. 2. 10; R. 2. 26; 13.57; (mentioned in Rv. 10.75.5, along with other rivers considered sacred in India). -2 The Ganges personified as a goddess. [Ganga is the eldest daughter of Himavat. It is said that a curse of Brahmā made her come down upon earth, where she became the first wife of King Santanu. She bore him eight sons, of whom Bhīsma, the youngest, became a well-known personage, renowned for his valour and life-long celibacy. According to another account she came down on earth being propitiated by Bhagiratha; see भगीरथ and जह also; and cf. Bh. 2. 10 ]. इमं मे गङ्गे यसुने सरस्वति Mahanar. Up. 5. 4. -Comp. -अम्ब, -अम्भस् n. 1 water of the Ganges. -2 pure rain-water (such as falls in the month of आश्विन ). -अवतारः 1 the descent of the Ganges on the earth; भगीरथ इव दष्टगङ्गावतारः K. 32 (where गङ्गा also means 'descent into the Ganges' for ablution ). -2 N. of a sacred place. - अप्रम् a collection of eight verses addressed to the Ganges; गङ्गाष्ट्रकं पठित यः प्रयतः प्रभाते बाल्मीकिना विरचितं शुभदं मनुष्यः। -उद्भेदः the source of the Ganges. -क्षेत्रम् the river Ganges and the district two Koss on either of its banks. -चिल्ली Gangetic kite. -जः, -सुतः 1 N. of Bhīsma. -2 of Kārtikeya; गङ्गासुतस्त्वं