months. - शी 1 The eleventh day of every fortnight of a lunar month, sacred to Viṣṇu; (when fasting is enjoined and is considered to be productive of great religious merit).-2 Presentations of offerings to deceased ancestors or Pitris on the eleventh day after decease. - राम् The number eleven. -Comp. -अहः 1 a collection of 11 days. -2 a sacrifice lasting for eleven days. -उत्तमः N. of Siva (the chief of the 11 Rudras). - द्वारम् the eleven holes of the body; प्रमेकादशहारम् Kath. Up. 5.1; see हा. - रहाः (pl.) the eleven Rudras; see हह.

एकाद्शक a. Consisting of 11 parts; viz. eleven sense-organs; एकादशकश्च गणः Sān. K. 24.

एकाद्शिन् a. Consisting of eleven.

एकाद्शिनी 1 Eleven repetitions of a Mantra. -2 A kind of sacrifice.

एकाष्टका f. The eighth day of माघ; तस्मान्माध्यष्टमी एकाष्टका इति SB. on MS. 6. 5. 37.

पकाष्टी A seed of the cotton tree.

प्रकिक a. Alone; सीतां सौमित्रिणा त्यक्तां सधीचीं त्रस्तुमेकि-काम् Bk. 6. 7.

एकीकृ 8 U. 1 To collect. -2 To unite, join together, combine. एकीकृतस्त्वचि निषिक्तः U.

एकी सू 1 P. 1 To become one, blend, combine, bemingled. परेव्यये सर्व एकी भवन्ति Mund. 3. 2. 7.

एकीभावः 1 Combination, association. -2 Common nature or property.

पकीय a. Belonging to, or proceeding from, one. यः A partisan, an associate.

एज्त 1 A. (epic. P.) (एजते, एजाञ्चक्रे, ऐजिष्ट, एजितुम्, एजित्त ) 1 To tremble, shake. -2 To move, stir; वृतराष्ट्रां उसमजित Mb. -3 To shine (P.) -With अप to drive away. -उद् to rise, go upwards.

एजक a. Shaking.

प्जत् a. Trembling, shaking; movable (thing); Bhāg. 7. 3. 33.

एजत्क a. Trembling. वलीपलित एजत्कः Bhag.

प्जथः m. Ved. Trembling, shaking (of the earth.) महान्वेग एजधुर्वेपधुष्टे Av. 12. 1. 18.

पजनम् Trembling, shaking.

पंजित p. p. Shaken, agitated.

एजि a. Affected by wind.

एड्र 1 A. (एडते, एडितुम्, एडित) To annoy, resist,

एड a. Deaf. -ड: A kind of sheep. -Comp. -गजः the medicinal plant Cassia Tora or Alata (उरण) used for curing ringworms (Mar. टाकळा). -मूक a. 1 deaf and dumb; cf. अनेडम्क. -2 wicked, perverse.

एडक: 1 A ram; वर्धन्ते पक्षिसंघाश्च तथा पशुगवेडकम् Mb. 3. 142. 37. -2 A wild goat. -3 A kind of medicinal plant. -का A ewe.

पड़ (डू or डो) कः, -कम् 1 A building constructed of rubbish, bones &c., or of hard substances resembling bones. -2 A tomb, a wall round bones. 'भित्तः ह्वी कुड्यमेडूकं यदन्तर्ग्यस्तकोकसम्' इत्यमरः; एडूकान् पूजियध्यन्ति वर्जीयध्यन्ति देवताः Mb. 3. 190. 65. -3 (With Buddhists) A sanctuary filled with relics.

एणः, एणकः 1 A kind of black antelope; कांश्विदेणान्स-माजन्ने शक्त्या शक्तिमतां वरः Mb. 1.69.22; तस्य स्तनप्रणिय-भिर्मुहुरेणशावैः the several kinds of deer are given in this verse:— अनुचो माणवो श्रेय एणः कृष्णमृगः स्मृतः । ६६गीर-मुखप्रोक्तः शम्बरः शोण उच्यते ॥. -2 (In Astr.) Capricorn. -Comp. -अजिनम् deer-skin. -तिलकः, -भूत् the moon; so अङ्कः, -लाञ्छनः &c. व्यरोचतेणाङ्क इवोड्डिमचेतः Bhāg. 10. 29.43. -एणाङ्क-चूडः The god Siva; एणाङ्कचूडस्य ततः प्रसादात Sāhendravilās 1.62. -ह्या a. one having eyes like those of a deer. -m. Capricorn. -नाभिः, -मदः Musk.

un 1 A female black deer. -2 A kind of poisonous insect. -Comp. -पद a. having feet like those of a deer. (-दः) a kind of snake.

एत a. (एता, एनी f. P. IV. 1.39.) Of a variegated colour; shining. -2 Come, arrived. -3 Going, flowing. -तः 1 A deer or antelope; -2 The hide of a deer. -3 A variegated colour. -ता A hind; Mb. 3.

प्नी A river, flowing stream.

पताच a. 1 Going on their way (said of the horses of gods). -2 Variegated. - । A horse of a variegated colour.

प्तरा a. Ved. Of a variegated colour, shining; येन वृक्षादेतशो ब्रह्मण्रपतिः Rv. 10. 53. 9. -शः A dappled horse (particularly the horses of the sun).

एतरास् m. 1 A Brāhmaṇa. -2 A horse. एति: f. Ved. Arrival, approach.

एतर् pron. a. (m. एषः, f. एषा, n. एतर् ) 1 This, this here, yonder (referring to what is nearest to the speaker (समीपतरवर्ति चैतरो रूपम); एते वयममी दाराः कन्येयं कुळजीवितम् K.; the Nom. forms are used like those of इदम् the sense of 'here'; एष प्रच्छामि, एष कथयामि Mu. 3. here I ask &c.; कदा गमिष्यसि—एष गच्छामि Sk.; एषोऽस्मि कामन्दकी संवृत्तः Māl. 1; एते नवीकृताः स्मः S. 5. In this sense एतद् is sometimes used to give emphasis to the personal pronouns; एषोऽहं कायंवशादायोध्यिकस्तदानीतनश्च संवृत्तः U. 1. -2 As the subject of a sentence it agrees in gender and number with the predicate without reference to the noun to which it refers; एतद् (शवला) में यनम्; but may sometimes remain in the neuter; एतद् वृत्तिः Ms. 2. 206. -3 It often refers to what