Rām. — To acquire, obtain (as fame) — To bring about, make preparations for a sacred rite; perform a rite; श्रावण्यां त्रीष्ठपयां वाऽप्युपाकृत्य यथाविधि Ms. 4.95, 5.7; Y. 1.171. — To undertake, begin, enter upon. — To learn, teach; उपाकृत्य तु वै विद्यामाचार्यभ्यो नर्षभाः Mb. 7.147.21, 24.

उपाकरणम् 1 An invitation to begin, bringing near; पवमान, प्रातरनुवाक &c. -2 A term given to certain sentences called Praisas (with which one priest calls another to perform a sacrifice). -3 Immolation, sacrifice of an animal consecrated according to rites. -4 Preparation, beginning, commencement. -5 Commencement of reading the Veda after the performance of the preparatory rite; cf. उपाकर्मन; वेदोपाकरणाख्यं कर्म करिन्ये Srāvanī-mantra.

उपाकर्मन् n. 1 Preparation, beginning, commencement; अध्याय°. -2 A ceremony performed before commencing to read the Veda after the monsoons (cf. आवणी); अध्यायानामुपाकर्म श्रावण्यां श्रवणेन वा। हस्तेनौषधिभावे वा पञ्चम्यां श्रावणस्य तु॥ Y. 1. 142; Ms. 4. 119.

उपाकृत p. p. 1 Brought near; उपाकृतं शरामानं यदस्थात्रियं देवानामप्येतु पाथः Av. 2. 34. 2. -2 Invited, called with
प्रेष sentences. -3 Killed at a sacrifice (an animal).
-4 Begun, commenced. -5 Ominous, disastrous,
calamitous. -6 Consecrated with mantras; इति बालकमादाय
सामर्थज्ञरपाकृतेः Bhag. 10. 7. 14. -7 Prepared, used for;
यश्रेषुपाकृतं विश्वं प्राहुरुत्तमसंशितम् Mb. 12. 268. 22. -तः 1 A
sacrificial animal killed during the recitation of prescribed prayers. -2 A misfortune, portent. -तम् 1 Beginning, commencement. -2 The performance of the usual rites (संस्कार) over the sacrificial animal. -3 Invitation.

उपाक्रम् 1 P. To fall upon, attack.

उपाक्षम् ind. [अङ्णोः समीपम्] Before the eyes, in the presence of.

उपाख्या 2 P. To tell, narrate, relate, give an account of (with acc.). यथासीत्तदुपाख्यास्ये प्रश्नानन्यांश्च कृत्सनदाः Bhāg. 2.9.45.

उपाख्या 1 Observing with one's own eyes; द्वितीये वानुपाख्ये P. VI. 3. 80 (उपाख्यायते प्रत्यक्षत उपलभ्यते). -2 Describing in words. -8 A secondary name, surname, epithet; कामं न्ययुक्त सगणं स बदर्युपाख्यम् Bhāg. 11. 4. 7.

उपाख्यानम्, -नकम् 1 A short tale or narrative, an episode; नाचिकेतमुपाख्यानं मृत्युत्रोक्तं सनातनम् Kath. Up. 1. 3. 16. उपाख्यानैर्विना तावद् भारतं प्रोच्यते बुधैः Mb. 1. 1. 103. -2 Repetition of a story already heard from others.

उपागम् 1 P. 1 To come, approach, go or draw near (a person or place); ताभिनों अद्य सुमना उपागिह सहसापोषं सुभगे रराणा Av. 7.48.2.—2 (a) To go to, go to the state of; पञ्चलमुपागतः or परा तृतिमुपागतः; so कोधम्, मोहम्, क्षयम् &c. (b) To undergo, suffer, endure.—3 To obtain, get;

दायादुपागतो दासः Mita.; Y. 2. 143. - To occur, fall to the lot of. -5 To come back, return; Ks.

उपागत p. p. 1 Come, approached; तपोधनं बेल्स न मामुपागतम् ई. 4. 1. v. l. -2 Occurred, happened. -3 Promised. -4 Suffering, feeling, enduring.

उपाम: 1 Approach, arrival. -2 Occurrence. -3 A promise, agreement. -4 Acceptance. -5 Suffering, feeling.

उपाग्निका A properly married wife; Mb. 13.

उपात्रम् 1 The part next to the end or top. -2 A secondary member.

उपाग्रहणम् Reading the Vedas after being initiated to them.

उपाद्या P. 1 To smell at. -2 To Kiss, apply the lips to; Mb; Rām; R.

उपाइन: A mark of sandal on the forehead. नाम्
1 A subdivision, a sub-head. Mb. 1. 100. 38 -2 Any
minor limb or member (of anything); वर्गाः...साङ्गोपाङ्गेरिहोदिताः Ak. -3 A supplement of a supplement.
-4 A supplementary work (of inferior value). -5 A
secondary portion of science; a class of writings supplementary to the Vedāngas; (these are four:—पुराणन्यायमीमांसाधमेशास्त्राणि). -6 N. of the class of sacred
writings of the Jainas. -Comp. -गीतम् A kind of song;
Raj. T. -छिलता A deity, whose वत is observed on the
fifth of bright half of Aswina month.

उपाचर 1 P. 1 To approach, युवोरुषा अनु श्रियं परिज्यनो-रुपाचरत् Rv. 1. 46. 14. -2 To attend or wait upon, serve, be attached to. -3 To be obedient or humble. -4 To treat (in medic. also); ज्वरान् &c.

उपाचरित p. p. Attached to any one's service, obedient. –तः (In gram.) That rule of Sandhi by which the sound Visarga becomes स before क् and प्.

उपाचार: 1 Position (of a word in a sentence). -2 Procedure. -3 Same as उपाचरित q. v. above.

उपाने ind. (Used only with the root क्र) Supporting; उपानेक्ट्य or कृत्वा having supported; उपानेऽन्वाजे P. I. 4. 73 Sk.

उपाञ्चनम् Anointing, plastering the ground with cow-dung, chunam &c.; Ms. 5. 105, 122, 124; (मठादेः सुधागोमयादिना संमार्जनानुलेपनम् Medhatithi).

उपातङ्क्यम् Runnet for coagulating milk; T. Br. 3. 7. 4. 2.

उपात्ययः 1 Transgression of, deviation from, established customs. -2 Disorderly conduct, rudeness.

उपादा 3 A. (p. p. उपात) 1 To receive, accept, take. -2 To acquire, obtain; भूशी पितामहोपात्ता निबन्धो द्रव्यमेव च