वैदेह्यामेव जायते Ms. 10. 37 (according to Kull., he was employed as a watchman on the outside of jails; and hence called आहिण्डिक).

आहितक A hireling; Kau. A. 2.1.

आहितुण्डिकः [अहितुण्डेन दीव्यति ठक्] A juggler, a snake-catcher, conjurer; अहंखल्वाहितुण्डिको जीर्णविषो नाम Mu. 2.

आहीरणिन् m. A two-headed snake.

आहु 3 U. To sacrifice, offer an oblation, worship (as fire).

आह्यः A sacrifice; तत्र नाभवदसौ महाहवे Si. 14. 44. (for other meanings see under आहे).

आहवनम् 1 A sacrifice; द्रष्टुमाहवनमञ्रजन्मनाम् Si. 14. 38. -2 An oblation.

आह्वनीय pot. p. To be offered as an oblation. —यः A consecrated fire taken from the house-holder's perpetual fire, one of the three fires (i. e. the eastern) burning at a sacrifice; गाईपत्यादाहवनीय ज्वलन्तमुद्धरेत्। पिता वा एघोऽमीनां यदक्षिणः पुत्रो गाईपत्यः पौत्र आहवनीयः Aśval.; see also अभित्रेता under अभि. अथ हैनमाहवनीयोऽत्रशास Chan. Up. 4. 13. 1.

आहवनीयक a. Fit for a burnt offering. -कः consecrated fire.

आहावः [आ-हु-आधारे घन्] 1 Fire; see under आहे also. -2 A pond, a lake (आहावस्तु निपानं स्यादुपकूपजला- शये). प्राविशनाहवप्रज्ञा आहावसुपलिप्सवः Bk. 7. 60.

आहुत p. p. Offered to the gods, sacrificed. —तम् 1 An offering made to men, hospitality.—2 The nourishment of all created beings (भूतग्रज्ञ or मनुष्यग्र), regarded as one of the five principal sacrifices of the Hindus cf. पञ्चमहायज्ञ.

आहुति: f. 1 Offering an oblation to a deity, any solemn rite accompanied with oblations; होतुराहुतिसाधनम् R. 1.82. -2 An oblation offered to a deity.

आहुर्तीक, -भू To offer, to become an oblation; Ratn.; B. R.

आहुकः N. of a prince, grand-father of Krisna. -काः N. of a people.

आहु त्यम् N. of a leguminous shrub (तगर, तरवट &c.)
आहु 1 P. 1 To bring, fetch; यदेव वने तदपश्यदाहृतम्
R. 3. 6; पुष्पं फलं चार्तवमाहरन्त्यः 14. 77, 18. 8; प्रातवाक्यम् to
bring an answer; वार्ताम् bring news. -2 To bring near,
give; चन्द्रगुप्ताय मेदिनीम् Kam. 1. 5; अयाचिताहृत Y. 1. 215.
-3 To recover, bring back. -4 To obtain, get, receive;
ब्रह्मचार्याहरेद्मेक्षम् Ms. 2. 183, 6. 27, 7. 80, 8. 151. (v. 1.)
11. 12; Y. 1. 97. -5 To have, assume; आजहृतुस्तचरणो...

11. 12; Y. 1. 97. -6 To nave, assume; जाजबुर्ताचरणा... श्रियम् Ku. 3. 33. -6 To cause, produce, lead to; बलोपचयम्

सं. इं. को ...४८

K. 105; प्रीतिम्, कोषम् &c; जनकानां कुले कीर्तिमाहरिष्यति मे सुता Rām. -7 To bring near (as wife), marry; अत आहर्तु-मिच्छामि पार्वतीमात्मजन्मने Ku. 6. 28. -8 To wear, put on (as armour &c.); स बल्कवासांसि तवाधुनाहरन् Ki. 1. 35. -9 To offer in a sacrifice; to perform (as a sacrifice); स विश्वजितमाजहे R. 4. 86, 14. 87. -10 To take away, attract (as mind). -11 To separate, remove, draw off from. -12 To seare or frighten away, drive forth. -13 To use as food or drink, eat. -14 To speak, say, name, eall. -Caus. 1 To make one fetch or bring, cause to give or pay; अल्लेण वेश्यान् रिक्तवा धर्म्यमाहारचेद बल्प्मि Ms. 10. 119. -3 To eat. -3 To bring together, collect; Pt. 3. 151. -4 To eause, produce. -5 To exact. -6 To show, exhibit.

आहर a. (at the end of comp.) Bringing, fetching taking, seizing समित्रशफलहरें: R. 1. 49. -रः 1 Taking, seizing. -2 Accomplishing, performing. -3 Offering a sacrifice. -4 Drawing in breath, inhaling. -5 The air so inhaled. -6 Inspiration, breath inspired. -Comp. -करटा, चेला, निवपा, निष्करा, वसना, वितना, सेना, compounds of the class called; मयूरव्यंसकादि.

आहरण a. Taking away, robbing; as in अमृताहरण: -णम् 1 Fetching, bringing (near); समिदाहरणाय प्रस्थिता वयम् S. 1. -2 Seizing, taking; को लम्बयेदाहरणाय हस्तम् R. 6. 75. -3 Removing, extracting, -4 Performing, accomplishing (as sacrifice); अक्षमेधस्य कौरव्य चकाराहरण मातिम् Mb. -5 A dowry or present given to a bride (at the time of her marriage.); सत्वानुरूपाहरणोक्नतश्री: R. 7. 32. -6 Causing, inducing.

आहर्त a. 1 One who takes or seizes. -2 Bringing, fetching. -3 Performing; आहर्तेषोऽश्वमेधानां आहर्ता कत्नाम् K. 5. -4 Causing, bringing on; आत्मनो वधमाहर्ता कासौ विहगतस्करः V. 5. 1. m. (-तौ) A copy-holder (in law).

आहार a. (रा or री f.) 1 Bringing near, procuring, getting; भाराहारः कार्यवसात् Sk. -2 Going to fetch; अयं गच्छति भर्ता में फलाहारो महावनम् Mb. 3. 296. 23. -र: 1 Taking, fetching, or bringing near; निर्गतस्तु प्राहीरो भक्ष्याहारभ्रचोदितः Rām. 7. 68. 2. -2 Employing, using. -3 Taking food. -4 Food; (आहरन्त रसमस्मादित्याहारः Sk.); यत्तिमकरोत् Pt.1 took his dinner; फलाहार, यत्तिः means of livelihood; भेझाहारः living on alms; यवाहार, निराहार &c. -Comp. -अर्थिन a. begging or seeking for food. -तेजस् Quick-silver. -निःसरणमार्गः the posterior part, passage of voiding excrements. -पाकः 1 cooking. -2 digestion (of food). -विरहः want of food, privation, starvation-संभवः the juice of the body, chyle, lymph.

आहारक a. Going to fetch or bring; एथानाहारको व्रजति Sk.

आहारिकम् (With the Jainas) One of the five bodies belonging to the soul; according to Colebrooke, it is 'a minute form issuing from the head of a meditative