

आयोगवः [अयोगव एव, स्वार्थे अण्] The son of a Sūdra by a Vaiśya wife (his business being carpentry; cf Ms. 10. 48); शूद्रादायोगवः क्षत्ता चाण्डालश्चाधमो नृणाम् । वैश्य-राजन्वविप्रास्तु जायन्ते वर्णसंकराः ॥ -**वी** A woman of this tribe.

आयोजनम् *ind.* Up to one योजन.

आयोदः Son of अयोद *i. e.* धौम्यमुनि.

आरः, -रम् [आ-ऋ-घञ्] 1 Brass; ताम्रारकोष्ठां परिखादुरा-सदाम् Bhāg. 10. 41. 20. -2 Oxide of iron. -3 An angle, corner. -4 N. of a tree (मधुराम्रफल). -**रः** 1 The planet Mars. -2 The planet Saturn. -3 Going. -4 Distance. -5 Nearness, as in आरात् q. v. -6 Extremity (प्रान्तभाग). -**रा** (आ-ऋ-अच्) 1 A shoemaker's awl. ^{मुखम्} An arrow-head shaped like an awl; आरामुखेन चर्मच्छेदनम् । Dhanur. 66. -2 A knife, probe, instrument of iron. -3 A spoke; cf. अर. -4 A goad, or whip; उद्यम्याराम-प्रकायोत्थितस्य Śi. 18. 7. -**Comp.** -**अग्र** 1 the point of an awl; आराम्रमात्रो ह्यवरोऽपि दृष्टः Śvet. 5. 8. -2 the iron thong at the end of a whip. -**आवलिः** N. of a chain of mountains, a part of the Vindhya. -**कूटः, -टम्** brass; उत्तप्तस्फुरदारकूटकपिलज्योतिर्ज्वलद्दीप्तिभिः U. 5. 14. किमारकूटाभरणेन श्रियः N.

आरकात् *ind.* Ved. Far from.

आरक्ष *a.* Preserved, defended, fit to be protected. -**क्षः, -क्षा** 1 Protection, preservation, guard; आरक्षस्य विधिं कृत्वा Mb. 5. 160. 3; आरक्षे मध्यमे स्थितान् Rām; Śānti. 3. 5; Ms. 3. 204. शतसाहस्रमारक्षं मध्यगं रक्षसां कपिः Bk. -2 The junction of the frontal sinuses of an elephant (कुम्भसन्धि). -3 The part of the forehead below this junction. -4 An army; आरक्षो मे हतस्तात Rām. 3. 31. 40. -**Comp.** -**अधिकृतः** Guard. EI., I. p. 5. f.

आरक्ष (क्षि) कः 1 A watchman, patrol, sentinel. -2 A village or police magistrate.

आरङ्गारः A bee. आरङ्गरेव मध्वरयेथे Rv. 10. 106. 10.

आरग्वधः The tree Cassia Fistula (Mar. बाहवा) largely used in medicinal recipes. -**धम्** Its fruit.

आरचित *a.* Arranged, prepared, formed &c; see रचित.

आरटः [आ-रट्-अच्] An actor.

आरट्टः 1 N. of a country to the north-east of Punjab, famous for its breed of horses; (the people of Guzarath in Ravalpindi still call their country Hairat or Airatdesa); the inhabitants of this country (pl.). -2 A horse from this country.

आरणम् Ved. 1 Depth, abyss. -2 A precipice; याभिरन्तकं जसमानमारणे Rv. 1. 112. 6. -**जाः** N. of a class of Jaina deities.

आरणिः [आ-ऋ-अनि] An eddy, whirlpool.

आरणेय *a.* (-यी *f.*) [अरणि-ठक्] Relating to or sprung from Arāṇi q. v. -**यः** N. of Śuka. -**यम्** or ^{पर्वकं}

Title of the last section of the third book of the Mahābhārata.

आरण्य *a.* (प्या, -पयी *f.*) [अरण्ये भवः ण्] Wild, forest-born, relating to a forest (opp. ग्राम्य); ^{पशुः} Ms. 10. 48. (आरण्यपशु is of 7 kinds: -सरीसृपो रुश्वैव महिषो वानरस्तथा । वृषतर्क्षो मृगश्चैव पशुर्वै सप्तधा मतः ॥) -**ण्यः, -ण्यम्** 1 A forest. -2 A kind of corn growing without sowing seed. -3 N. of certain signs of the zodiac (see ^{राशि} below). -4 Cow-dung (-ण्यः only). -5 N. of a Parvan in the Mahābhārata. -6 N. of a Kāṇḍa in the Rāmāyaṇa. -**Comp.** -**कुक्कुटः** a wild cock. -**गानम्** one of the four Gānas or psalm-books of the Sāmaveda. -**पर्वन्** *n.* N. of the third book of the Mahābhārata, usually called Vana-Parvan. -**पशुः** a wild beast. -**मुद्गा** a kind of bean. -**राशिः** (in the zodiac) 1 The signs Leo, Aries, and Taurus. -2 The former half of Capricorn.

आरण्यक *a.* [अरण्ये भवः बुन्] Relating to or produced in a forest, wild, forest-born (usually with the words अध्याय, मनुष्य, न्याय, पथिन्, विहार, and हस्तिन् P. IV. 2. 129 Vārt.) -**कः** A forester, an inhabitant of the woods; तपः षड्भागमक्षयं दत्त्यारण्यका हि नः Ś. 2. 14; द्वावप्यत्रारण्यकौ Ś. 5. आरण्यकोपात्तफलप्रसूतिः R. 5. 15. -**कम्** An Āraṇyaka; it is one of a class of religious and philosophical writings (connected with the Brāhmaṇas) which are either composed in forests, or must be studied there; *e. g.* ऐतरेयारण्यकम्; बृहदारण्यकम् and तैत्तिरीयारण्यकम्; अरण्येऽनूच्यमानत्वात् आरण्यकम्, Brī. Ar. Up.; (अरण्येऽध्ययनादेव आरण्यकमुदाहृतम्); वेदवादानतिक्रम्य शास्त्राण्यारण्यकानि च Mb. 12. 19. 17. -**Comp.** -**काण्डम्** the title of the third book of the Rāmāyaṇa. **गानम्** = अरण्यगानम्.

आरथः [ईषत्स्वल्पो रथः] A carriage drawn by one horse or ox.

आरनालम् Gruel made from the fermentation of boiled rice.

आरम्भ 1 **Ā.** 1 To begin, commence, undertake; अथ वा मृदु वस्तु हिंसितुं मृदुनैवारभते प्रजान्तकः R. 8. 45; आरभन्तेऽल्पमेवाज्ञाः Subhāṣ.; आरब्धा बलिविग्रहम् Bk. 5. 38. -2 To be active or energetic, be busy; अप्यनारभमाणस्य Śi. 2. 91. -3 To rely on. -4 To reach or attain to, obtain. -5 To seize, grasp. -6 To form, make; भूतैः पञ्चभिरारब्धे देहे Bhāg.

आरब्ध *p. p.* Begun, commenced; आरब्धे हि सुदुष्करेऽपि महतां मध्ये विरामः कुतः Subh. Ratn. -**ब्धम्** Beginning.

आरब्धिः *f.* Beginning, commencement.

आरभटः [आरभ्-अटि] An enterprising or courageous man. -**टः, -टी** Boldness, confidence. -**टी** 1 A branch of the dramatic art, machinery of the drama, representation of supernatural, horrible events on the stage; मायेन्द्रजालसंग्रामकोद्योद्भ्रान्तादिचेष्टितैः । संयुक्ता वधबन्धाद्यै-रुद्धतारभटी मता ॥ (said to be of four kinds, see S. D. 420 *et. seq.*). -2 A kind of literary style (वृत्ति). -3 A particular style of dancing.