consciousness, self-conceit, haughtiness. -3 (in San. Phil.) the third of the eight producers or elements of creation, i. c. the conceit or conception of individuality, one of the 25 elements; San. K. 22, 24, 25; वत् a. selfish, proud. -कारिन a. proud, self-conceited. - कार्यम that which is to be done by oneself, personal business or object. - F. a. 1 egotistic; यस्य नाहंकृतो भावः Bg. 18. 17. -2 proud, haughty, जातिरूपवयोग्वतिविद्यादिभिरहंकृतः Y. 3. 151. - कृतिः f. egotism, high opinion of oneself, pride. - जुस m. Thinking only of oneself; Ku. 15. 53. (v. l.) - पूर्व a. desirous of being first; अहंपूर्वाः पचन्ति स्म प्रसन्नाः पानभोजनम् Ram. 2. 12. 96. -पूर्विका, -प्रथमिका [अहं पूर्वोऽहं पूर्व इत्यभिधानं यत्र] 1 the running forward of soldiers with emulation; (hence) emulation, competition; जनादहंपूर्विकया यियास्रभिः Ki. 14. 32. -2 bragging, vaunting. -प्रत्यय: [अह-मित्याकारकः प्रत्ययः] self-conceit. -भद्रम् [अहमेन भद्र इति निर्णयो यत्र] self-conceit, high opinion of one's own superiority. -भावः 1 pride, egotism; अहं भावावृतो निस्त्रपः Bv. 4. 10. -2 = मित q. v. -मितः f. 1 self-love or self-illusion regarded as spiritual ignorance (in Vedānta Phil.). -2 conceit, pride, egotism. -वादिन a. speaking only of oneself, proud, haughty; मुक्तसङ्गोऽ-नहंवादी ... कर्ता सात्त्विक उच्यते Bg. 18. 26. -श्रेयस् or °सम् n. claiming superiority for oneself; अहंश्रेयसे विवदमानाः Sat. Br. -सन a. Ved. gaining for oneself. -सामः Conceit; दरिद्रो निरहंस्तम्भो मुक्तः सर्वमदैरिह । कृच्छ्रं यहच्छ्याप्रोति ति तस्य परं तपः ॥ Bhāg. 10. 10. 15.

अहं यु a. [अहं अहंकारोऽस्त्यस्य, अहं युस् P. V. 2. 140] Selfish, proud, haughty; अहंयुनाथ क्षितिपः ग्रुभंयुः Bk. 1. 20. अहंयुना घनारण्यवर्तिना जिह्मवृत्तिना Siva B. 31. 35. —यु: A warrior.

अहर a. Not taking away; so अहारिन. -र: A pure quantity.

अहरणीय, -अहार्य a. Not to be stolen, removed, or taken away; अहार्य ब्राह्मणद्रव्यं राज्ञां नित्यमिति स्थितिः Ms. 9. 189. -2 Not to be won over (by fraud), devoted, loyal; Ms. 7. 217. -3 Firm, unflinching, inexorable; निश्चया Dk. 41. विमुन्य साऽऽहारमहार्यनिश्चया Ku. 5. 8. विकम a. Bhāg. 3. 18. 21. -यै: A mountain; ता, -त्वम not being liable to be taken away, security; सर्वद्रव्येषु विद्येव द्रव्यमाहुरनुत्तमम्। अहार्यत्वात् ... H. Pr. 4.

अहल-लि a. Unploughed, unfurrowed.

अहत्य a. 1 Unploughed. -2 Not arable. -त्यः N. of a country. -त्या N. of the wife of Gautama [According to the Rāmāyana she was the first woman created by Brahmā, who gave her to Gautama. She was seduced by Indra who assumed the form of her husband and so deceived her, or, according to another version, she knew the god and was flattered by the great God's condescension. There

is another story which states that Indra secured the assistance of the moon who, assuming the form of a cock, crowed at mid-night. This roused Gautama to his morning devotions, and Indra went in and took his Gautama, when he knew of her seduction expelled her from his hermitage and cursed her to be a stone and become invisible till she should be touched by the feet of Dāśarathi Rāma which would restore her to her former shape. Rama afterwards delivered her from her wretched state and she was reconciled to her husband. Ahalyā is one of the five very chaste and pure women whose names every one is recommended to repeat in the morning; अहल्या द्रौपदी सीता तारा मन्दोदरी तथा । पञ्चकं ना स्मरेनित्यं महापातकनाशनम् ॥ Kumarila Bhatta explains the seduction of Ahalyā as Indra's (the sun's) carrying away the shades of night, Ahalyā signifying night.] For a very succinct account, see also My. 1. -2 N. of a sea. -Comp. -ईश्वरतीर्थः N. of a तीर्थ. -जारः Indra. -नन्दनः the sage Satānanda, son of Ahalyā. -हदः N. of a Tirtha near the hermitage of Gautama.

अहस्त्रिकः [अहनि लीयते, ली-ड, निपातः संज्ञायां कम् Tv.]
1 A (dead) body; अहिंकिति होवाच Bri. Up. 3. 9. 25.
-2 Ved. A talker; Sat. Br. 14.

अहिंदः a. Without oblations or sacrifices; जनो यः कश्चिदहिवर्महीयते Rv. 1.182. 3.

अहस्त a. 1 Handless. -2 One whose hand is cut.

अहह-हा [अहं जहाति, हा-क-पृषो \circ] A particle or interjection implying (a) sorrow or regret ('alas', 'ah'); अहह कष्टमपिण्डितता विधेः Bh. 2. 92, 3. 21; अहह ज्ञान-राशिनिनष्टः Mu. 2. (b) Wonder or surprise; अहह महतां निस्सीमानश्रित्रविभूतयः Bh. 2. 35, 36. cf. अहहत्यद्भृते खेदे...... Nm. (c) Pity; ध्रुवं ते जीवन्तोप्यहह मृतकामन्दमतयः Bv. 4. 39. (d) Calling; अहहारे त्वा शूद्र Ch. Up. (e) Fatigue.

अहि a. Killing; pervaded, pervading. -ाहि: [आहन्ति, आ-हन्-इण् स च डित् आंको हस्वश्व Un. 4. 137] 1 A serpent, snake; अहयः सविषाः सर्वे निर्विषा डुण्डुमाः स्मृताः Ks. 14.84.-2 The sun.-3 The planet Rahu.-4 A traveller -5 The demon Vritra; रोमहर्षणमत्युप्रं शकस्य त्वहिना यथा (युद्धमासीत्) Mb. 11. 23. 12. -6 A wicked man. -7 A cheat, rogue. -8 The Aslesa Naksatra. -9 Water. -10 Earth. -11 A milch cow. -12 Lead. -13 The navel. -14 A cloud. अहिर्वृत्रासुरे सर्पे ... च दुर्जने । Nm. -ही (du.) Heaven and earth. [cf., L. anguis, Gr. ehis]. -Comp. - 31 a. gliding away like a snake, not facing the enemy. - air, wind. - air the slough of a snake. -क्षत्र:, -क्षत्र: N. of a country in the east. -गोप a. Ved. guarded by a serpent; दासपत्नीरहिगोपा अतिष्ठन् Rv. 1. 32. 11. -न्नम् the slaying of the serpent or demon Vritra. अनु त्वाहिमें अध देव देवा Rv. 6. 18. 14. -भ्री m. killing snakes. -चक्रम् A certain Tantrie diagram, -उछत्रः 1 N. of a country, conquered by