

शुष्यत् Bhāg. 10. 29. 29. -2 (As a prefix to verbs) It expresses (a) determination; अवय, अवसो; (b) diffusion, pervasion; अवकृ, -कीर्ण; (c) disrespect; अवज्ञा, अवमन्; (d) littleness; व्रीहोनवहन्ति; (e) support, resting upon; अवलम्ब; (f.) purification, अवदात; (g) depreciation, discomfiture; अवहन्ति शत्रून् (पराभवति); (h) commanding; अवकल्प; (i) depression, bending down; अवतृ, अवगाह (j) knowledge; अवगम्, अवइ. -3 As the first member of Tat. compounds it means अवकुष्ट; अवकोकिल: = अवकुष्ट: कोकिलया Sk.

**अवतरम्** ind. Farther away; अव सवेदघशंसोऽवतरमव शुद्रमिव सवेत् Rv. 1. 129. 6.

**अवंशः** A bad family, wrong family; पतितो राजा Chān. 81. -**शम्** That which has no pillars or support, the ether; अवंशे द्यामस्तभायद् Rv. 2. 15. 2.

**अवकट** a. [अव-स्वार्थे-कटच् अवाकुटारच् P. V. 2. 30] 1 Downwards; backwards. -2 Opposite, contrary. -**टम्** Contrariety, opposition.

**अवकटिका** Dissimulation.

**अवकरः** [कृ-अप्] Dust, sweepings; अवकरनिकरं विकिरती Bh. 2. 124.

**अवकर्ण** 10 P. To hear; सहावकर्ण्य निरियाय संसदः Śi. 15. 67.

**अवकर्णनम्** Hearing; K. 108.

**अवकर्षणम्** Drawing with strength, removing a thing from one place to another.

**अवकलित** a. 1 Seen, observed. -2 Known. -3 Taken, received. -4 Wicked, perverse.

**अवका** A grassy plant (शैवाल) growing in marshy land. -**Comp.** -**अद** a. eating moss. -**उल्व** a. covered or surrounded with अवका plants.

**अवकाश** 1, 4. A. To be visible, to be manifest. -**Caus.** To cause to look at.

**अवकाशः** 1 Occasion, opportunity; ताते चापद्वितीये वहति रणधुरां को भयस्यावकाशः Ve. 3. 7; उत्तरावकाशमपाहरन्त्या K. 204, 265; साहायदानावकाशः DK. 96; M. 3. 13; M. 2; oft. used with लम् in the sense of 'to get an opportunity or scope for action'; लब्धावकाशोऽविभ्यन्मां तत्र दग्धो मनोभवः Ks. 1. 41. -2 (a) Place, space, room; अवकाशं किलोदन्वानामायाभ्यर्थितो ददौ R. 4. 58; अन्यमवकाशमवगाहे V. 4; Ms 3. 207; यथावकाशं नी to take to its proper place, R. 6. 14; अस्माकमस्ति न कथंविदिहावकाशः Pt. 4. 8; अवकाशो विविकोऽयं महानद्योः समागमे Rām.; सदोषावकाश इव ते वाक्यशेषः V. 3 your unfinished sentence shows that there is room to find fault. (b) Footing, admission, scope, access, entrance; (छाया) शुद्धे तु दर्पणतले सुलभावकाशा Ś. 7. 32; oft. used in these senses with लम्; लब्धावकाशा मे प्रार्थना, लब्धावकाशो मे मनोरथः Ś. 1;

शोकावेगदूषिते मे मनसि विवेक एव नावकाशं लभते [Prab.; also with कृ or दा 'to make room for', 'admit', 'give way to'; असौ हि दत्त्वा तिमिरावकाशम् Mk. 3. 6; तस्मादियो विपुलमतिभिर्नावकाशोऽधमानाम् Pt. 1. 366; शयने दत्तोऽवकाशः Amaru. 21; अदत्तावकाशो मत्सरस्य K. 45 not swayed by malice; Ms. 9. 271; Y. 2. 276; ददौ च निजचित्तेऽपि सोवकाशं मनोयुवः Ks. 20. 71; K. 132, 141, 207; Ratn. 2. 13; अवकाशं रुध् to obstruct, hinder or impede; नयनसलिलोत्पीडरुद्धावकाशम् (निद्राम्) Me. 92. -3 Interval, intermediate space or time. -4 An aperture, opening. -5 A glance cast on anything. -6 N. of certain verses during the recitation of which the eyes must be fixed upon certain objects.

**अवकाशवत्** a. Spacious.

**अवकाश्य** a. Admitted in the recitation of the Avakāśa verses.

**अवकीर्ण, -र्णिन्** See under अवकृ.

**अवकीलकः** A peg or plug set inside; क्षुत्पिपासावकीलकम् Mbh. 14. 45. 3.

**अवकुञ्चनम्** 1 Bending, curving, contraction. -2 A kind of disease.

**अवकुटार** a. [अव-स्वार्थे अतिशये वा कुटारच्] Very deep, downwards, backwards. -**रम्** Deformity. See अवकट.

**अवकुट्टित** a. 1 Vexed, inflamed. -2 Cut off.

**अवकुण्ठनम्** 1 Investing, surrounding. -2 Attracting, engaging.

**अवकुण्ठित** a. 1 Invested, surrounded. -2 Attracted.

**अवकुत्स्** 10 U. To blame, revile, condemn.

**अवकुत्सित** p. p. Blamed, reviled &c. -**तम्** Blame, censure.

**अवकूल** To singe, to burn; Suśr.

**अवकृत** a. Directed downwards (as a root).

**अवकृत्** 6 P. To cut off or away. -**Caus.** To cause to cut off.

**अवकर्तः** A part cut off, a strip; वस्त्रावकर्तनं संवीता Nala. 10. 22.

**अवकर्तनम्** 1 Cutting off, excision; वस्त्रार्थस्यावकर्तनम् Nala. 10. 16. -2 Battle field; एकमुक्त्वा तु गांधारी कुरूणामवकर्तनम्। अपश्यत्तत्र तिष्ठन्ती सर्व दिव्येन चक्षुषा Mb. 11. 16. 1.

**अवकर्तिन्** a. Cutting off or out; चर्मयशश्चर्मावकर्तिनः (अन्नमादत्ते) Ms. 4. 218.

**अवकृष्** 1 P. 1 To draw off or away, to pull off, drag down or pull down. -2 To extract, take out.

**अवकर्षणम्** 1 Taking or pulling out, extraction. -2 Expulsion.

**अवकृष्ट** p. p. 1 Drawn away or down, pulled down. -2 Removed. -3 Expelled, turned out or away.