अलुड्य a. Moderate, content, not covetous; ेंत्वं contentment; non-covetousness.

अलूक्ष a. Soft (Ved. for अरुक्ष). अलुक्षा धर्मकामाः स्युः T. Up. 1. 11. 4.

अले, अलेले ind. Unmeaning words in the dialect of the Piśāchas chiefly introduced in plays.

अलेपक a. Stainless. -कः An epithet of the Supreme Spirit.

अलेश a. Not little, much, large, -शम् ind. Not at all.

अलेशीज a. Firm, steady.

अलोक a. 1 Not having space (Ved.). -2 That which cannot be seen, as in लोकालोक इवाचल: R. 1.68 (न लोक्यत इत्यलोक: Malli.); see लोकालोक also. -3 Having no people. -4 One who does not go to any other world after death (not having performed meritorious deeds). -5 Beyond space (लोकातीत परब्रह्म); पर्यतां सर्वलोकानामलोकं समप्यत Bhāg. 6.12.35. -कः, -कम् 1 Not the world. -2 End of, destruction of the world; absence of people; रक्ष सर्वानिमाँहोकान् नालोकं कर्तुमहींसे Rām. -3 The immaterial or spiritual world. -4 The nether world (पाताल). -5 A Ritvij or any such priest. -3 One who is not a seer or observer. -का A kind of bird. -Comp. -वतम Religious practice like ब्रह्मचर्य; चरन्त्यलोकवतमवर्ण वने Bhāg. 8.3.7. -सामान्य a. extraordinary, uncommon; पुण्रतन्तूजः Māl. 1.10.

अलोकनम् Invisibility, disappearance.

अलोकनीय a. Invisible.

अलोकित a. Unseen.

अलोक्य a. 1 Not securing the other world or heaven; unusual, unallowed; न हैवालोक्यताया आज्ञास्ति Bri. Up. 1. 3. 28; यथास्योद्विजते वाचा नालोक्यां तामुदीर्यत् Ms. 2. 161. -2 Of dark nature; राजधर्मास्तथाऽलोक्यां निक्षिपन्त्यशुभां गतिम् Ms. 12. 65. 7. °ता unfitness for heaven.

अलोपाङ्ग a. Not defective in a single limb.

अलोभ: 1 Freedom from covetousness, moderation. -2 Non-confusion; right process.

अलेभिन a. Not wanting or desiring anything.

अलोमक, -अलोमिक a. Hairless; नालोमिकाम् (उद्वहेत्) Ms. 3. 8.

अलोल a. 1 Tranquil, unagitated. -2 Firm, steady. -3 Not fickle. -4 Not thirsty, free from desire. -5 N. of a metre of 14 syllables.

अलोजु a. Indifferent to sensual objects; [°]त्वम् indifference to sensual objects; दया भूतेष्वलोजुप्त्वम् Bg. 16. 2. (v. 1. अलोज्तवम्),

अलोलुप a. 1 Free from desire; भ्रष्टा संवर्तको निहः सर्वस्यादिरलोलुपः Mb. 3. 3. 23. -2 Not greedy or covetous, apathetic, indifferent to sensual objects.

अलोहित a. Bloodless, not red; अलोहितमस्नेहम् Bri. Up. 3.8.8. – तम् Nymphæa Rubra, a red lotus.

अलोकिक a. (-की f.) 1 Not current in the world, not relating to this world, uncommon, superpatural.

-2 Unusual, rare. -3 Not current in the usual language, peculiar to the sacred writings, not used in classics, Vedic; अधिहरि हरि कि इत्यलोकिकम्. -4 Theoretical; त्वम् rare occurrence of a word; अलोकिकत्वादमरः स्वकोषे न यानि नामानि समुक्षिलेख। विलोक्य तैरप्यधुना प्रचारमयं प्रयत्नः प्रकोषेत्रमस्य Trik. 1. -Comp. -संनिक्षः proximity not common to the world (of three kinds).

अल्कः 1 A tree. -2 A member of the body.

अल्प a. [अल्-प] 1 Trifling, unimportant, insignificant (opp. महत् or गुरु); अल्पविद्यः Ms. 11. 36. -2 Small, little, minute, scanty (opp. बहु); अल्पस्य हेतोर्बहु हातुमिच्छन् R. 2. 47; 1. 2; अल्पकुचान्तरा V. 4. 49. -3 Mortal, of short existence; अथ यदल्पं तन्मत्यीम् Ch. Up. -4 Young. -5 Seldom, rare. -₹q: A class of buildings; Kāmikāgama, 45. 53-54. - ечң Very little. - ечң, -ल्पेन, -ल्पात् adv. 1 A little. -2 For a slight reason; प्रीतिरल्पन भिद्यते Ram. 4. 32. 7. -3 Easily, without much trouble or difficulty. -Comp -अच्तर (comparative) A word consisting of a smaller number of syllables (than another) अल्पाच्तरन् P. II. 2. 34. -अल्प n. very little or minute, little by little; तथाल्पाल्पो प्रहीतन्यो राष्ट्रादाज्ञाऽऽ-ब्दिकः करः Ms. 7. 129; भासम् Me. 83. –असु = $^{\circ}$ प्राण $_{ extbf{q.v.}}$ -आकाङ्कक्षिन a. desiring little, contented or satisfied with little. -आयुस् a. shortlived; Ms. 4. 157. (-य:) m. 1 a young one, cub. -2 a goat. -आरम्भः a small or gradual beginning; अल्पारम्भः क्षेमकरः. -आहार, -आहारिन a. eating little, moderate in diet, abstemious. (-T:) taking little food, moderation, abstinence in food. -इञ्छ a. moderate in wishes, seeking little. -इतर a. 1 other than small, large. -2 other than few, many; as राः कल्पनाः many or various ideas. -ईशास्य a. Named after an insignificant chief or master, or low origin. - ऊन a. slightly defective, not quite complete. -उपायः small means. -कार्यम् a small matter. -केशी 1 N. of a plant (भूतकेशी; Mar. जटामांसी, निर्गुडी). -2 the root of a sweet flag. -कीत a. bought for a small sum, cheap. -गोधूमः A kind of wheat (Mar. जोडगहू or खपत्या गह) - गन्ध a. having little scent or odour. (-न्धम) a red lotus. -चेष्टित a. inert. -च्छद, -च्छाद a. scantily clad; दूरादेव महाजनस्य विहरत्यल्पच्छदो लज्ज्या Mk. 1. 37. -ज्ञ a. knowing little, shallow, superficial. -तनु a. 1 of short stature, dwarfish, short. -2 weak, thin. -3 having small bones. (-तुः) a kind of tree. -दक्षिण a. defective in presents (as a ceremony), not liberal in sacrificial gifts; न त्वल्पदक्षिणैर्यहैर्यजेतेह कथंचन;