अभिघातिन Striking, hurting. m. An enemy; assilant.

अभिहवः [ह्रे-अप्] 1 Invocation, calling. -2 Sacrificing fully or completely.

अभिहृतिः f. Calling, invocation; worshipping.

अभिहस्य a. Ved. Ridiculous.

अभिहासः Jest, joke, mirth.

अभिहित, -ित See under अभिधा.

अभिद्ध 3 P. To make an oblation, sacrifice.

अभिहवः An oblation, a sacrifice.

अभिहोमः Offering an oblation of clarified butter.

**HE 1. P. 1 To carry or bear off, snatch away, remove, take away. -2 To tear off, pull down. -3 To bring; bring near. -Caus. 1 To cause to take away. -2 To bring on the table, serve up in dishes &c. (as food). -3 To lay or put on (as a coat). -4 To attack.

अभिहरः Carrying off, removing.

अभिहरणम् 1 Bringing near, fetching; न्यादिदेश गणशोऽथ पार्श्वगान् कार्मुकाभिहरणाय मैथिलः R. 11. 43. –2 Robbing.

अभिहर्त m. 1 One who takes away, bears off, or takes by violence. -2 A ravisher, robber.

अभिहार: 1 Carrying away, robbing, stealing. -2 An attack, assault. -3 Arming oneself, taking up arms. -4 Mingling together, mixture. -5 An effort. -6 A drunkard; drinker of smoking drinks. -7 Bringing near; तस्याभिहारं दुर्थाच्च Mb. 12. 69. 37. cf. अभिहारोऽ-भियोगे च चौर्ये संनहनेऽपि च Nm.

अभिहत् a. Ved. Bending, causing crookedness, acting injuriously. -f. Fall; defeat, loss.

अभिहुति a. Offensive, injurious; acting crookedly; -ति: f. 1 Causing to fall. -2 Defeat; loss; -3 Offence, injury; शत्राजीभस्तमभिहुतरघात् Rv. 1. 166. 8; Av. 6. 3. 3.

अभिह्नर, –ह्नार a. Falling off, crooked. –रः Crookedness, sin; नाभिह्नारे पदं निद्धाति Av. 6. 76. 3.

अभी [अभि - इ] 2 P. 1 To approach, come or draw near, go up to (with acc.) अस्मानत्त्रमितोऽम्येति Bk. 7.84.; Ki. 2.54. -2 To go along or after, follow, serve. -3 (a) To go into, enter; Bk. 5.67; अवाक्नरकमम्येति Ms. 8.75. (b) To go over to, reach, arrive at; Me. 36 v. l. (e) To fall to one's share, come to; नाऽविविदिष्ठ-मम्येति सम्पद् रुरियुं नरम् Bk. 7.99. -4 To get, meet with, fall into, suffer, undergo (said of good or bad things); कार्य संसिद्धिमम्येति Pt. 1.

अभीतिः f. Ved. Approach, attack.

अभीत्वन् a. (-री f.), अभीत्वर a. Approaching, attacking, assailing.

अभ्ययः 1 Going over, approach, arrival. -2 Entering. -3 Setting (of the sun).

अभी a. Without fear; व्याघ्रानभीरिभमुखोत्पतितान् B. 9. 63; 15, 8.

अभीक a. [For ety. see अभिक] 1 Longing after, desirous, anxious. -2 Lustful, libidinous, voluptuous; मेदिस्तः सरभसेपगतानभीकान Si. 5. 64. -3 Fearless. -4 Gone to (अभिगत). -5 Dreadful. -कः 1 A lover, husband. -2 A poet. -3 A master. cf.... अथ कूरे च कामुके। भयहीने कवी पुंस्यादमीकः प्रोच्यते ततः ॥ Nm. -कम् Ved. 1 Proximity, nearness. -2 Collision; combat, encounter, opposition; प्रावन्मनं दस्यवे करभीकम् Rv. 9. 92. 5. (The form अभीके frequently occurs in the Vedas in the sense of (a) near; (b) at the same time or place, at the right time, just in time; (c) in a moment, instantaneously, or (used like a preposition with abl.), (d) from, out of; (e) on account of, with regard to; (f) from.

अभीक्ण a. [अभिगतः क्षणं पृषो°; अभीक्षणं अभिक्षणं भवति तद्धि क्षणमाभिमुख्येन स्थितं भवति Nir.] Repeated, frequent. —2 Constant, perpetual. —3 Excessive. — क्षणम् ind. 1 Frequently, repeatedly; क्षते प्रहारा निपतन्त्यभीक्षणम् Pt. 2. 186. —2 Constantly, —3 Very much, exceedingly.—4 Quickly.

अभीक्ष्णशः ind. Repeatedly; वृजिनं नार्हति प्राप्तुं पूज्यं वन्यमभीक्ष्णशः Bhag. 1. 7. 46.

अभीघात = अभिघात q. v.

अभीज्य a. [fr. यज्] To be sacrificed to; one to whom a sacrifice is offered. —ज्यः A God; नानाभिधाभीज्यगणोपपन्नः Bhāg. 2. 1. 37.

अभीत, -ित a. Not afraid, fearless. -ितः f. 1 Fearlessness. -2 Approach, attack, assault; विश्वा अभीतीरपसो युयोधि Rv. 2. 33. 3. -3 Nearness.

अभीद्ध [इन्ध-क] Inflamed, shining; ऋतं च सत्यं चाभीद्धात् तपसोऽध्यजायत Mahānār. Up. 5. 5.

अभीपत् m. [अभि-पत्-िक्तप् दीर्घः] One who goes or resorts to (अभिगमनवान् Say.), a pond or any spot in which water collects; a favour.

अभीष्सित a. Desired, wished; अभीष्सितार्थसिद्धपर्यं पूजितो यः सुरासुरै: । -तम् A wish, desire.

अभीष्सन, अभीष्सु a. Wishing for, desirous of obtaining; Mb. 3.

अभीम a. Not causing fear, not terrific. -मः N. of Viṣṇu.

अमीमान = अभिमान q. v.

अभीमोदः Joy, delight. -मुद् Ved. great joy, or a. excessively delighted.

अभीर: [अभिमुखीकृत्य ईरयित गाः, ईर्-अच्] 1 A cowherd -2 N. of a pastoral people; more usually written