

assignation or appointment of lovers; त्वदभिसरणरभसेन वलन्ती पतति पदानि क्रियन्ति चलन्ती Git. 6.

**अभिसरी (रिः) f.** 1 Following; असुरपुरवधे गच्छन्त्याभिसरीम् Pratinā 3. 7. -2 Going out to help; गत्वा पूर्वं स्वसैन्यैरभिसरिसमये खं समानैर्विमानैः Pratinā 4. 17.

**अभिसर्तु** a. One who attacks; an assailant; शोकायाभिसर्तारम् Vaj. 30. 14.

**अभिसारः** 1 Going to meet (as a lover), appointment, assignation; रतिसुखसारे गतमभिसारे मदनमनोहरवेशम् Git. 5. -2 The place where lovers meet by appointment, rendezvous; त्वरितमुपेति न कथमभिसारम् Git. 6. -3 An attack, assault; श्वोऽभिसारः पुरस्य नः Rām. -4 War, battle. -5 A follower, companion. -6 Might, power. -7 An instrument, means; अभिसारेण सर्वेण तत्र युद्धमवर्तत Mb. 3. 15. 4. -8 A purificatory rite. -9 (°राः pl.) N. of a people. -री N. of a town. -**Comp.** **स्थानम्** a place fit for making appointments; see under अभिसारिका below.

**अभिसारणम्** Going to meet a lover &c. प्रकुपितमभिसारणेऽनुनेतुं Ki. 10. 58.

**अभिसारिका** A woman who either goes to meet her lover or keeps an appointment made by him; यत्रौषधिप्रकाशेन नक्तं दर्शितसंचराः । अनभिज्ञास्तमिच्छाणां दुर्दिनेष्वभि-  
सारिकाः Ku. 6. 43; R. 16. 12; अभिसारयते कान्तं या मन्मथशंभवा । स्वयं वाभिसरत्येषा धीरैरुक्ताऽभिसारिका S. D. 115; कान्तार्थिनी तु या याति संकेतं साभिसारिका Ak. The directions as to dress &c. to be observed by the different kinds of अभिसारिका are given in S. D. 116. The S. D. further recommends the following 8 places as eligible spots for lovers to meet:-(1) a field; (2) a garden; (3) a ruined temple; (4) the house of a female messenger; (5) forest; (6) caravansary (a place for pilgrims &c.); (7) a cemetery; and (8) the bank of a river; क्षेत्रं वाटी भद्रदेवालयो दूतीगृहं वनम् । मालयं च शंशानं च नद्यादीनां तटी तथा ॥

**अभिसारिन्** a. Going to meet, visiting; attacking, rushing out, going forth; युद्धाभिसारिणः U. 5. -**णी** 1 = अभिसारिका see above. -2 N. of a species of the त्रिष्टुप् metre in which the Pādas contain 12 instead of 11 syllables, and which is, therefore, said to approach (अभिसरति) another metre called जगती.

**अभिसृज्** 6 P. 1 To pour out or forth; एते नामभ्यसृक्षत तिरः पवित्रमाशवः Rv. 1. 135. 6. -2 To make, prepare; तस्य चित्तेयमभिसृष्टा Mv. 5. -3 To unloose, untie. -4 To give, grant; अभिसृज्य वरद्वयम् Rām. -5 To fall upon, attack.

**अभिसर्गः** Creation.

**अभिसर्जनम्** 1 A gift, donation. -2 Killing.

**अभिसेवनम्** 1 Practising, observing. -2 Cultivating. -3 Fondness of, indulgence in.

**अभिस्कन्दः** Ved. 1 An attack, assault. -2 An assailant, enemy. -**न्दम्** adv. By attacking.

**अभिस्नेहः** Attachment, affection; love, desire; यः सर्वत्रानभिस्नेहः Bg. 2. 57.

**अभिस्फुरित** a. Expanded to the full, full-grown (as a blossom).

**अभिस्त्रवन्त** a. Flowing, bestowing; शंयोरभिस्त्रवन्ताय अथर्वाय नमो नमः Mb. 13. 14. 309.

**अभिस्व** 1. P. 1 To assent or agree to, approve of. -2 To praise, invoke.

**अभिस्वर** f. (or n. according to some) [अभितः स्वः स्वरणशब्दो यस्य] Ved. 1 Invocation, calling into one's presence; अभिस्वरा निषदा गा Rv. 2. 21. 53; 3. 45. 2. -2 A song or hymn of praise.

**अभिस्वरः** Urging towards, driving onwards. -रे Very close or near.

**अभिस्वर्तु** m. Praising; invoking.

**अभिहन्** 2 P. 1 To strike, smite, beat (fig. also); thump at; अभिहन्ति हन्त कथमेष माधवम् (स्मरः) Māl. 1. 39; लोष्टैरभिघ्नन्तो नयत U. 4; कल्लोलमालाभिहतः पोतः Dk. 7. -2 To hurt, injure, kill, destroy. -3 To drive or beat off, ward off; आलोलपत्राभिहतद्विरेफम् (अरविन्दम्) R. 6. 13. -4 To strike or beat (as a drum &c.). ततः शङ्खाश्च भेर्यश्च पणवानकगोमुखाः । सहसैवाभ्यहन्यन्त Bg. 1. 13. -5 To befall, attack; affect, overpower; Dk. 6. -**Caus.** To strike &c.

**अभिहत** p. p. 1 Struck (fig. also), beaten, smitten, attacked, injured; अज्मनाभिहतः शयाम् Av. 11. 10. 22; धाराभिरातप इवाभिहतं सरोजम् M. 5. 3. Amaru. 2; struck against (as sound); Śik. 9. -2 Struck, affected, overcome; शोक°, काम°, दुःख°, क्षुत्तृषा°. -3 Obstructed. -4 (In math.) Multiplied; अन्योन्यहाराभिहतौ हरांशौ Lila.

**अभिहतिः** f. 1 Striking, beating, hurting &c. -2 (In Math.) Multiplication.

**अभिघातः** 1 Striking, (fig. also); beating, smiting, attack, injury, hurt; तटाभिघातादिव लम्पट्के Ku. 7. 49; शीतातपाभिघातान् Ms. 12. 77 attacks of heat and cold; so दुःख°, शोक° &c. -2 (In Vaiśeṣika Phil.) Striking against (such as gives rise to sounds &c.), regarded as a kind of संयोग. -3 Striking back, driving or warding off. -4 Extirpation, complete destruction or removal; दुःखत्रयाभिघाताज्जिज्ञासा तदाभिघातके हेतौ Sāñ. K. 1. -5 Abrupt or vehement articulation of words (as of Vedic texts); sudden shock. -**तम्** 1 The combination of the 4th letter of any class with the first or third letter of that class; of the second with the first; and of the third with the second letter of any class; अभिघातं स्यात्पूर्वं वेदद्वित्रयादिवर्णाश्चेत् । नववर्णानां नवतो धरणीचन्द्रद्विरामाद्याः Śabdak. -2 A harsh pronunciation caused by the neglect of Sandhi rules.

**अभिघातक** a. Striking; keeping or beating back, repelling, extirpating. -कः An enemy.